

# **Operation and Maintenance Manual**



**SY26U Excavator** 



# SANY

# **SY26U Excavator**

# **Operation and Maintenance Manual**





#### **WARNING!**

Read and understand all safety precautions and instructions in this manual and on the machine labels before operating or maintaining it. Failure to follow safety messages could result in death or serious injury. Keep this manual with the machine for future reference.

This manual and its contents prepared by SANY Technical Publications, while deemed to be accurate, is based upon technical information provided and for equipment designed, manufactured, and tested by:

SANY Group Shanghai SANY Heavy Machinery Limited 318A, Lianggang Avenue, Lingang Industrial Park, Fengxian District, Shanghai, P.R. of China 201413

It is the responsibility of the owner, user, properly trained operator, and lessor to be knowledgeable of, and comply with, all industry standards, government regulations, workplace rules, and other directives that may govern and/or apply to this equipment as well as its environment/conditions of use.

SANY 318 Cooper Circle Peachtree City, Georgia 30269 www.sanyamerica.com Phone: 470-552-SANY (7269) Fax: 770-632-7820



#### **WARNING!**

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING**

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.



#### **WARNING!**

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING**

The battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain chemical lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

© 2019 by SANY. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, used, distributed, or disclosed except for normal operation and maintenance of the machine as described herein. All information included within this publication was accurate at the time of publication. Product improvements, revisions, etc., may result in differences between the machine and what is presented here. For more information, contact SANY.

Introduction

# **Table of Contents**

About This Manual	1-2
Documentation Package	
Operation and Maintenance Manual	
Parts Manual	
Maintenance Log	
Organization of This Manual	
Table of Contents	
Introduction	
Safety	
Machine Controls	
Machine Operation	1-4
Maintenance	
Specifications	
Optional Equipment	
Machine Applications	1-5
Machine Directions	1-5
Serial Number Location	1-6
Product Identification Plate	1-6
Frame Serial Number	1-6
Swing Motor Identification Plate	1-7
Engine Identification Plate	
Hydraulic Pump Identification Plate	
Travel Motor Identification Plate	
SANY Contact Information	
Record of Serial Number and Dealer Information	
Correction Request Form	
Glossary of Acronyms	.1-11
Safety	
General Safety	2-3
Hazard Alerts in This Manual	
Machine Decals	
Operator Safety Information	
Mount and Dismount the Machine	
Machine Safety	
Authorized Use of This Machine	
Unauthorized Use of This Machine	

Unauthorized Machine Modifications	
Fire Safety	
Electrical Fires	
Fire Extinguisher (if equipped)	
In Case of Fire	
Crushing Hazard	
Diesel Engine Exhaust	
Maintenance Safety	
Lockout/Tagout Procedure	
Cleaning the Machine	
Fluid Systems	
Adding Fluids to the Machine	
Refueling	2-9
High-Pressure Fluid Lines	
Accumulator	
Electrical System	
Battery Safety	
Disconnect the Battery	
Job Safety	
Hearing Protection	
Travel and Operation Precautions	
Inclined Areas	
Snow or Frozen Surfaces	
Avoid Backover Accidents	
Dust and Chemical Hazards	
Environmental Precautions	
Precautions in High-Voltage Areas	
Machine Controls	
Machine Overview	
Monitor	
Daily Maintenance Information Screen	3-4
Maintenance Information Screen	
Home Screen	
Function List Screen	
System Information Screen	
Main Menu Screen	
Operation Information Screen	
Switch Signals Screen	
Joystick Screen	
Machine Configuration Screen	
Failure Information Screen	
Global Positioning System (GPS) Information Screen	
Language Selection Screen	
Maintain Table Screen	
Operating Mode Screen	

Custom Unlacked Corean	2 40
System Unlocked Screen	
Quick Coupler Control Screen	
Date and Time Setup Screen	
Controls	
Hydraulic Lockout Control Lever	
Joystick Controls	
Joystick SAE Mode	
Left Joystick – SAE Mode	
Right Joystick – SAE Mode	
Joystick BHL Mode	
Left Joystick – BHL Mode	
Right Joystick – BHL Mode	
Pattern Change (SAE/BHL) Valve	
Return Flow Selector Valve	
Directional Arrows	
Travel Control Levers/Pedals	
Boom Swing Control Pedal	
Dozer Blade Control Lever	.3-25
Switches	.3-26
Left Joystick Buttons	.3-27
Right Joystick Horn Button	.3-27
Right Joystick Switch	.3-27
Throttle Control Lever	.3-28
Key Switch	
Travel Alarm Switch	.3-29
Work Light Switch	
Emergency Stop Switch	
Battery Disconnect Switch	
Power Outlet (12V)	
Hood, Door, and Access Panel	
Engine Hood	
Opening the Engine Hood	
Closing the Engine Hood	
Right Front Access Door	.3-34
Unlocking/Opening the Right Front Access Door	
Closing/Locking the Right Front Access Door	
Fuse Access Door	
Opening/Closing the Fuse Access Door	
Hydraulic Access Panel	
ruses	.3-30
Maskins On section	
Machine Operation	
Work Area	
General Job Safety	
Operator Responsibilities	4-4
Prestart Checks and Adjustments	
Fluid Level Checks	
Engine Coolant Level Check	4-6

Engine Oil Level Check	
Fuel Level Check	
Add Fuel	
Fuel Tank Filler Cover	
Check and Drain the Fuel/Water Separator	
Hydraulic Oil Level Check	
Mirror Adjustment	
Electrical Components Check	
Horn Function Check	
Seat and Seat Belt	
Seat Belt	
Buckle the Seat Belt	
Unbuckle the Seat Belt	
Starting the Engine	
Idling the Engine	
Cold Weather Engine Starting	
Warm-up Operation	
New Machine Break-In	
Engine Shutdown	
Inspection after Engine Shutdown	
Directional Arrows	
Moving the machine	
Travel Controls	
Forward Travel	
Reverse Travel	
Right Turn	
Left Turn	
Spot Rotation	
Stopping the Machine	.4-24
Work Equipment Control and Operation	
Arm Control – SAE Mode	
Arm Control – BHL Mode	
Boom Control – SAE Mode	
Boom Control – BHL Mode	
Swing Control.	
Bucket Control	
Boom Swing Control Pedal	
Dozer Blade Control Lever	
Restricted Operation	
Never Operate with Bucket Force	
Never Use Swing Force	
Never Use Traveling Force	
Never Operate Using Machine Weight	
Do Not Operate a Cylinder to the Stroke End	
Avoid Dozer Blade Impact	
Avoid Shifting Travel Directions Suddenly	
Support the Dozer Blade	
Excavating Hard Ground	
Travel	
General Travel Instructions	
Traveling at High Speed	.4-33

Operating in Water	
Traveling on an Incline	
Precautions When Traveling on an Incline	
Engine Stalls on an Incline	
Operation on Soft Ground	
Removing a Stuck Machine	
Towing the Machine	
Towing Point for a Light Load	
Recommended Operations	
Trenching Work	
Boom Swing Feature	
Vehicle Loading	4-41
Leveling Operation	4-41
Operating Precautions	
Park the Machine	
Parking the Machine on a Grade	
Cold Weather Operation	
Operation in Cold Weather	
Engine Coolant in Cold Weather	
Battery in Cold Weather	
After Daily Operation	
Machine Storage in Cold Weather	
After Cold Season	
Long-Term Storage	
Before Long-Term Storage	
During Storage	
Removing from Storage	
Starting the Engine After Long-Term Storage	
Transportation Method	
Loading and Unloading	
Loading the Machine	
Securing the Machine	
Unloading the Machine	
Lifting the Machine	
Litting the Machine	4-54
Maintenance	
Maintenance Information	
Checks Before Maintenance or Repairs	
Checks After Maintenance or Repairs	
Hour Meter Reading	
Genuine SANY Parts	
SANY-Approved Lubricants	
Windshield Washer Fluid	
Oil and Filter Inspection	
Collect Oil Sample	
Fuel Strainer	
Preventing Contamination	
Installation of Hydraulic Hoses	5-5

Securing Access Covers and Compartment Doors	5-6
Cleaning the Machine	
Weld, Drill, Cut, or Grind on the Machine	
Inspection and Maintenance in Adverse Environments	
Mud, Rain, or Snow Conditions	
Near Ocean (Salt Air) Environments	
Dusty Environments	
Cold Environments	
Other Weather Environments	5-7
Check the Maintenance Log	5-7
Daily Inspection and Maintenance	
Recommended Lubricants, Fuels, and Coolant	5-9
Fluid Capacities	
Hydraulic Oil Description	
Maintenance Schedule	
When Required	
Daily or Every 8 Hours	
After the First 50 Hours	
Weekly or Every 50 Hours	
Every 100 Hours	
After the First 150 Hours	
After the First 250 Hours	.5-12
Every 250 Hours	.5-12
Every 3 Months or 500 Hours	
Every 6 Months or 1000 Hours	
Annually or Every 2000 Hours	
Hydraulic Breaker Maintenance Interval	
Lubrication and Maintenance Charts	.5-15
Maintenance Procedures	.5-17
Engine	.5-17
Engine Inspection	.5-17
Pre-Start Inspection	.5-18
Check the Engine Oil Level	.5-18
Change the Engine Oil and Filter	.5-18
Collect Engine Oil Sample	.5-19
Check and Adjust the Fan Belt Tension	.5-20
Replace the Fan Belt	.5-21
Check the Alternator	.5-21
Check the Starter	.5-21
Check and Replace the Air Filters	.5-22
Check	.5-22
Replace	.5-23
Engine Cooling System	.5-24
Check the Engine Coolant Level	.5-24
Change the Engine Coolant	.5-24
Inspect the Engine Coolant Pump	
Inspect and Clean the Cooling Package	.5-26
Fuel System	.5-27
Bleed the Fuel System	.5-27
Drain the Fuel Tank	
Replace the Secondary Fuel Filter	.5-28

Drain and Clean the Primary Fuel Filter/Water Separator	5-29
Battery	
Check the Battery	
Remove the Battery	5-31
Hydraulic System	5-32
Check the Accumulator Function	5-32
Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure	5-32
Check the Hydraulic Oil Level	5-32
Add Hydraulic Oil	
Replace the Hydraulic Tank Breather Filter Element	5-34
Replace the Hydraulic Oil Pilot Filter	5-35
Replace the Hydraulic Oil Return Filter	5-36
Clean and Replace the Hydraulic Oil Suction Strainer	5-37
Change the Hydraulic Oil	5-39
Collect Hydraulic Oil Sample	5-40
Check the Hydraulic Hoses, Lines, and Connectors	5-40
Swing Drive	
Check the Swing Drive Gearbox Mounting Fasteners	5-41
Track Assembly	
Check the Track Tension	5-41
Adjust the Track Tension	5-42
Increase the Track Tension	5-42
Decrease the Track Tension	5-43
Check and Add Final Drive Oil	5-44
Change the Final Drive Oil	5-45
Collect Final Drive Oil Sample	
Check the Final Drive Motor Mounting Fasteners	5-46
Lubrication	5-47
Lubrication Points	
Arm Cylinder Rod End Pin	5-48
Boom-Arm Connecting Pin	5-48
Arm Cylinder Base End Pin	
Boom Cylinder Rod End Pin	
Boom Cylinder Base End Pin	5-49
Boom Pin	5-50
Swing Bearing	
Swing Gear	
Boom Swing Cylinder Base End Pin	
Dozer Blade Cylinder End and Blade Linkage Pins	
Bucket Linkage Pins	
Bucket Cylinder Rod End Pin	
Bucket Cylinder Base End Pin	
Boom Swing Cylinder Rod End Pin	
Boom Swing Pin	
Bucket	
Replace the Bucket Teeth	
Replace the Bucket	5-54

# **Table of Contents**

Machine Dimensions       6-2         Working Range       6-3         Technical Specifications       6-5         Lift Chart: Blade Down       6-6         Lift Chart: Blade Up       6-7
Optional Equipment
Optional Equipment Selection
Removal and Installation Precautions
Equipment Operation Precautions7-3
Install Optional Equipment
Remove Optional Equipment



# Introduction

About This Manual	1-2
Documentation Package	
Operation and Maintenance Manual	
Parts Manual	
Maintenance Log	
Organization of This Manual	1-4
Table of Contents	1-4
Introduction	1-4
Safety	1-4
Machine Controls	1-4
Machine Operation	1-4
Maintenance	1-4
Specifications	1-4
Optional Equipment	1-4
Machine Applications	
Machine Directions	1-5
Serial Number Location	1-6
Product Identification Plate	1-6
Frame Serial Number	1-6
Swing Motor Identification Plate	1-7
Engine Identification Plate	1-7
Hydraulic Pump Identification Plate	1-8
Travel Motor Identification Plate	1-8
SANY Contact Information	1-9
Record of Serial Number and Dealer Information	1-9
Correction Request Form	1-10
Glossary of Acronyms	1-11

#### **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

This manual provides operation and maintenance information for the SY26U excavator.

A copy of this manual must be stored in the machine or be accessible to the operator at all times. If the machine is sold, a copy of this manual must be provided to the new owner.

A copy of the operation and maintenance manual should be made available to maintenance personnel when servicing the machine.



#### **WARNING!**

Unsafe operation and maintenance of this machine could result in death or serious injury. This machine must be operated and maintained by trained and experienced personnel. Do not operate or work on this machine without first reading and understanding this Operation and Maintenance Manual supplied with the machine.

It is important to read and understand this manual before beginning any operation or service. All personnel involved with this machine should read this manual periodically to remain knowledgeable on its operation and service.

Items addressed in this manual are designed to help the operator or service personnel:

- Understand the controls and operation of the machine.
- Point out possible hazardous situations when operating or maintaining the machine.
- Increase machine efficiency during operation.
- Prolong the service life of the machine.
- Reduce maintenance costs.

Continuing improvements in the design of this machine can lead to changes which may not be covered in this manual. Contact a SANY dealer for the latest available information on the machine or to answer any questions regarding information in this manual.

## **DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE**

This documentation applies only to this machine and should not be used with any other machine. The documentation for this machine includes the following items:

# **Operation and Maintenance Manual**

A copy of the operation and maintenance manual should remain in the machine at all times.

A copy of the operation and maintenance manual should be made available to maintenance personnel when servicing the machine.

#### **Parts Manual**

The parts manual consists of parts lists and matching drawings used for ordering parts as needed. The parts manual must be made available to all service personnel.

# **Maintenance Log**

The maintenance log lists regularly scheduled maintenance that should be performed by the operator or service personnel. All maintenance performed on the machine must be recorded in the maintenance log.

# **ORGANIZATION OF THIS MANUAL**

#### **Table of Contents**

This section provides a list of the general topics in each chapter, along with their page numbers.

#### Introduction

This section provides an overview of this manual, serial number information, and SANY contact information.

# **Safety**

This section provides general and product-specific safety information for this machine. It explains the hazard alerts used throughout the manual.

#### **Machine Controls**

This section provides an overview of all controls and operating systems.

# **Machine Operation**

This section provides detailed prestart checks, operating procedures, end-of-day checks, and storage information.

#### **Maintenance**

This section provides routine maintenance procedures and fluid specifications.

# **Specifications**

This section provides general dimensions and weight of the machine, and systems/components performance information.

# **Optional Equipment**

This section provides information on the optional equipment that can be used with this machine.

# **MACHINE APPLICATIONS**

The SANY excavators are designed for the following operations:

- Digging
- Leveling
- Loading
- Demolishing

#### **Machine Directions**

In this manual, the front, back, left, and right directions indicate the moving direction when viewed from the operator seat (see Fig. 1-1).

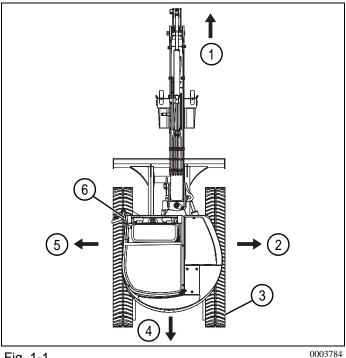


Fig. 1-1

- 4) Back
- 1) Front 2) Right
- 5) Left
- 3) Sprocket
- 6) Operator Seat

# **SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION**

Product identification plates are located in various places on the excavator. These list model and serial numbers that will be needed by a SANY dealer when ordering replacement parts or providing assistance for your machine.

#### **Product Identification Plate**

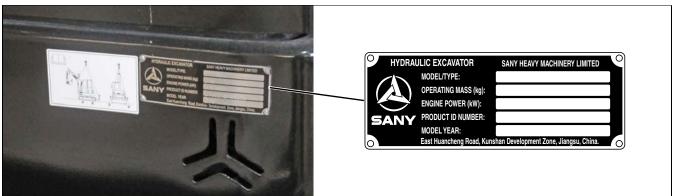


Fig. 1-2 0003142

The identification plate is on the lower front of the canopy.

#### **Frame Serial Number**

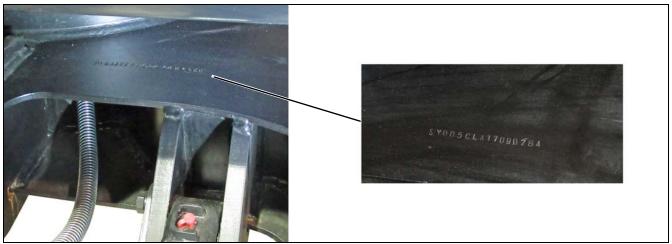


Fig. 1-3 0003170

The frame serial number is stamped on the front part of the travel carriage frame.

# **Swing Motor Identification Plate**

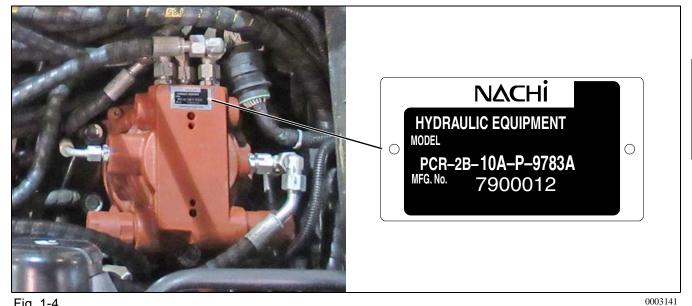
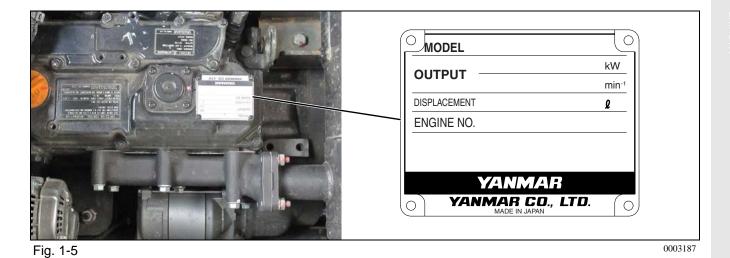


Fig. 1-4

The swing motor identification plate is on top of the swing motor.

# **Engine Identification Plate**



The engine identification plate is on the top of the engine.

# **Hydraulic Pump Identification Plate**



Fig. 1-6 0003185

The hydraulic pump identification plate is on the bottom of the hydraulic pump.

## **Travel Motor Identification Plate**

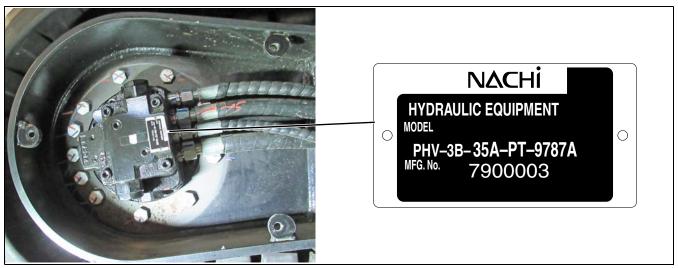


Fig. 1-7 0003186

An identification plate is on each travel motor. Remove the cover plates to access the travel motors.

# **SANY CONTACT INFORMATION**

SANY
318 Cooper Circle
Peachtree City, GA 30269
www.sanyamerica.com

Phone: 470-552-SANY (7269)

Fax: 770-632-7820

# RECORD OF SERIAL NUMBER AND DEALER INFORMATION

Use this table to record the produc	t information related to this machine.
Machine Serial No.	
Engine Serial No.	
Right Travel Motor Serial No.	
Left Travel Motor Serial No.	
Swing Motor Serial No.	
Hydraulic Pump Serial No.	
Dealer Name:	
Address:	
Phone Numbers:	

# **CORRECTION REQUEST FORM**

If you find a problem with this manual, make a copy of this page, complete the information, and send it to SANY.

Correction Request Form
Date of This Notification
Your Name
Company Name
Department
Street Address
City, State, and ZIP/Postal Code
Phone
E-mail
Machine Model and Serial No.
Description of Problem (wrong information, unclear or erroneous procedure, etc.)
Corrective Action Taken (if any)

## **GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS**

ANSI – American National Standards Institute

BHL - Backhoe Loader

DEF – Diesel Exhaust Fluid

DPF - Diesel Particulate Filter

ECM - Engine Control Module

GPS – Global Positioning System

HEST – High Exhaust System Temperatures

ISO – International Organization for Standardization

LCD – Liquid Crystal Display

OEM – Original Equipment Manufacturer

OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE – Personal Protective Equipment

PQR – Procedure Qualification Report

ROPS – Rollover Protective Structure

SAE – Society of Automotive Engineers

SCA – Supplemental Coolant Additive

SDS – Safety Data Sheet

VDC - Volts Direct Current

WPS – Weld Procedure Specification

**This Page Intentionally Left Blank** 

# SANY

# **Safety**

General Safety	2-3
Hazard Alerts in This Manual	2-3
Machine Decals	2-3
Operator Safety Information	2-4
Mount and Dismount the Machine	2-5
Machine Safety	2-5
Authorized Use of This Machine	2-5
Unauthorized Use of This Machine	2-5
Unauthorized Machine Modifications	
Fire Safety	2-6
Electrical Fires	
Fire Extinguisher (if equipped)	
In Case of Fire	
Crushing Hazard	2-7
Diesel Engine Exhaust	
Maintenance Safety	
Lockout/Tagout Procedure	2-8
Cleaning the Machine	
Fluid Systems	
Adding Fluids to the Machine	
Refueling	
High-Pressure Fluid Lines	
Accumulator	
Electrical System	
Battery Safety	
Disconnect the Battery	
Job Safety	
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	
Hearing Protection	
Travel and Operation Precautions	
Inclined Areas	
Snow or Frozen Surfaces	
22 22	·-

Avoid Backover Accidents	2-13
Dust and Chemical Hazards	2-13
Environmental Precautions	.2-13
Precautions in High-Voltage Areas	.2-14

## **GENERAL SAFETY**

This section provides detailed information on basic safety precautions and preventive measures that should be followed during the operation and maintenance of this machine.

#### **Hazard Alerts in This Manual**

Hazard alerts in this manual are used to alert operators, job supervisors, maintenance staff, and job-site workers to hazardous operating practices and maintenance procedures. Hazard alerts are used throughout this manual. Each hazard alert contains a hazard alert symbol and a signal word to identify the hazard's degree of consequence if the message is ignored.

The following American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and International Organization for Standardization (ISO) signal words are used to warn of a potentially hazardous situation that may lead to damage, personal injury, or even death. In this manual and on the machine decals, signal words, or illustrations are used to express the potential level of hazard.



#### DANGER!

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



#### **WARNING!**

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



#### **CAUTION!**

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in injury.

#### NOTICE!

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.



This symbol is used within a graphic to alert the user not to do something.

#### **Machine Decals**

All safety and warning decals must be in place, undamaged, and visible. Become familiar with the location and content of all decals on the machine. Walk around the machine and review each of them. Decals provide important instructions and warnings and must be read and understood prior to any operational or maintenance function.

Contact a SANY dealer for replacement decals if needed.

**NOTE:** When replacing decals, make sure they are placed in the proper locations. Contact a SANY dealer if you have any questions about their meaning and placement.

# **OPERATOR SAFETY INFORMATION**

It is impossible to compile a list of safety precautions that covers every situation. However, there are basic principles that must be followed when operating this machine:

- Only qualified personnel who have been specifically trained on this machine are permitted to operate and/ or work on this machine.
- The seat belt must be worn by the operator at all times.
- Operator aids such as warning lights, horns, or buzzers, along with displays on the monitors, are designed to alert the operator to potential problems. Sole reliance on these operator aids in place of good operating practices can lead to an accident. Inspect the operator aids of this machine daily and make sure each operator aid is in normal working condition. Any faults found shall be reported to a SANY dealer. Stop all work immediately if any operator aid is not working properly.
- All accident prevention guidelines, operating instructions, etc., are based on the intended usage of the machine.
- Read and understand this manual and any accompanying manuals before operating this machine.
- This manual must be readily available to the operator at all times and must remain on the machine while it is in use.
- Make sure all personnel in the working area around the machine are thoroughly familiar with the safe operating practices stated in this manual.
- Review the local, state, and federal regulations and standards regarding this machine and its operation.
   Work practice requirements may vary among government regulations, industry standards, and employer policies. A thorough knowledge of all such relevant work rules is required before operating this machine or performing maintenance on it.
- Check the maintenance log before the start of each workday shift. Make sure routine maintenance has been performed as stated in this manual. Do not operate a damaged or improperly maintained machine.
- Only the operator should be on the machine while it is in operation.
- Be sure all underground utilities have been marked before excavating.

#### Mount and Dismount the Machine

Mounting or dismounting the machine presents hazards. Observe the following:

- Always make sure the machine is at a complete stop before entering or exiting the machine. Never jump on or off the machine.
- Never exit or enter the machine by any means other than the provided grab handles and steps.
- Always face the machine as you mount and dismount.



Fig. 2-1

0003054

- Always maintain three-point contact (both feet and one hand, or one foot and both hands) with the grab handles, steps, and deck for proper support.
- Wear shoes with slip-resistant soles.
- Do not walk on any surface of the machine if its slip-resistant material is missing or excessively worn. Do
  not step on surfaces of the machine that are not approved for walking or working. Keep all walking and
  working surfaces of the machine clean, dry, and slip-resistant.
- Always keep grab handles, steps, and walkway areas clean and clear of mud, oil, grease, or similar debris. If these areas are damaged, have them repaired or replaced immediately.

# **MACHINE SAFETY**

#### **Authorized Use of This Machine**

This multipurpose construction machine is used primarily for digging or loading earth and stones. It can also be used for grading, slope-trimming, lifting, breaking, demolishing, and trenching. It can perform the functions of bulldozer, loader, and crane. SANY assumes no responsibility for any consequence caused by use outside this specified range.

# **UNAUTHORIZED USE OF THIS MACHINE**

Unauthorized uses include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Transporting people on the machine or in the canopy.
- Overloading the machine beyond its capacity.

#### **Unauthorized Machine Modifications**

Do not perform any unauthorized machine modifications.

#### **Fire Safety**

Fuel, oil, and some engine coolants are flammable. Observe the following:

- Keep open flames, airborne sparks, and burning embers away from the machine.
- Shut down the engine and do not smoke when refueling or servicing the machine.
- Add oil, fuel, or engine coolant in a well-ventilated area.
- Clean up any spilled fluids immediately.
- Check the machine daily for debris buildup.

#### **Electrical Fires**

Short circuits, damaged wiring, or overcharging batteries can cause fires. Observe the following:

- Check the wiring on the machine for damage when doing a prestart check. Contact a SANY dealer to repair or replace any damaged wiring.
- Make sure the battery is operating in its recommended range.
- Never install aftermarket electrical equipment without approval from a SANY dealer.

# Fire Extinguisher (if equipped)

Keep a fire extinguisher on the machine if equipped.

Read the instructions on the fire extinguisher carefully and know how to use it in an emergency.

Inspect the condition of the fire extinguisher daily. If damaged, replace the extinguisher immediately.

Make sure the fire extinguisher is within the listed inspection period. Replace the fire extinguisher immediately if it has reached its expiration date.

The fire extinguisher must be at least a 2.5 lb. Class ABC rated fire extinguisher (National Fire Protection Association [NFPA] 10 Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers).

#### In Case of Fire

If a fire occurs on the machine:

- 1. Immediately press the emergency stop located on the lower left of the seat to shut down the machine. Never continue operating the machine.
- 2. Get clear of the machine and immediately call for help. Always have a list of emergency phone numbers available.
- 3. Exit the area and remain clear of the machine until the fire response team gives permission to come near the machine.
- 4. If using a fire extinguisher, always aim the extinguisher nozzle at the base of the fire.

# **Crushing Hazard**

Keep your body inside the canopy during operation or travel.

Keep all guards in place on the machine.

Block off the area where the machine is being operated and keep all unnecessary personnel out of the work area.

# **Diesel Engine Exhaust**



#### **WARNING!**

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING**

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.



#### WARNING!

Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, use an exhaust pipe extension to vent the exhaust to the outdoors. If an exhaust pipe extension is not available, open doors and use fans to supply fresh air into the area.

# **MAINTENANCE SAFETY**

SANY cannot foresee every circumstance that might involve a hazard in operation or maintenance. Therefore, the hazard alerts in this manual and on the machine may not include all possible safety precautions.

Make sure all procedures and actions can be safely performed without damaging the machine or causing injury. When unsure about the safety of some procedures, contact a SANY dealer.

Before carrying out any repair, read all the safety messages on the machine associated with the procedure.

Wear and use the proper personal protective equipment (PPE), including (but not limited to) safety shoes, a hard hat, gloves, and goggles.

When carrying out any operation with two or more workers, always agree on the operating procedure before starting.

Perform the lockout/tagout procedure in accordance with company policy.

Always inform fellow workers before starting any step of the operation.

Keep all tools in good condition, know how to use them, and use the correct ones. Thoroughly check all tools before starting any procedure.

Park the machine on a hard, level surface, lower the work equipment, and block the tracks to prevent the machine from moving before performing any maintenance or repairs.

Before disconnecting or removing components of the hydraulic system, relieve the system pressure to prevent fluids from spraying. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.

The engine coolant and oil in the machine may be hot even after the engine is stopped. Wait for the engine coolant and oil systems to cool before working on them.

When checking the machine with the engine running (i.e., measuring oil pressure, revolving speed, or temperature), take extreme care to avoid rotating or moving parts.

Turn the battery disconnect switch off unless it is needed for the procedure.

When removing hoses or lines, close all openings using caps and plugs. If any fuel or oil fluids leak, clean them up immediately.

When installing high-pressure hoses, make sure they are not twisted. Damaged hoses are dangerous and should be replaced. Take extreme caution when installing hoses for high-pressure circuits. Make sure fittings are correctly installed and tightened.

When assembling or installing parts, always tighten them to the specified torques. When installing protective parts (such as guards) or parts that vibrate or rotate at high speed, make sure they are installed correctly.

# **Lockout/Tagout Procedure**

Perform the lockout/tagout procedure on the machine in accordance with company policy.

# **Cleaning the Machine**

Always use hot water and mild, nonflammable, grease-cutting soaps or cleaning agents to clean the machine. Never use flammable or caustic cleaning agents.

Never use high-pressure steam cleaners to clean the machine.

Always lubricate the machine thoroughly after cleaning it to remove any water or soap residue.

Keep the canopy, mirrors, and lights clean.

# Fluid Systems

#### Adding Fluids to the Machine

When adding fluids to the machine, be aware that fluid systems may be under pressure and hot.

#### Refueling

When adding fuel, shut down the machine before removing the fuel tank cap.

Fuel spills present a hazard if not cleaned up immediately.

Refuel only in a well-ventilated area. Never smoke or allow open flames nearby while refueling the machine.

Never mix gasoline with diesel fuel. Gasoline is extremely flammable and could cause an explosion.

Always allow room for the fuel to expand when filling the fuel tank.

#### High-Pressure Fluid Lines



#### **WARNING!**

- Never perform repairs to items while any system is under pressure.
- Never use your hands to check or feel for leaks. Always wear safety glasses and leather gloves, and use a piece of wood or cardboard to check for leaks.
- If high-pressure fluids penetrate skin or get into eyes, seek medical attention immediately.

Failure to follow these warning can result in death or serious injury.

Check for cracks in the lines or hoses, and for swelling in the hoses.

**NOTE:** If there is any leakage from a line or hose, the surrounding area may be wet.

Replace lines and hoses immediately if swelling, cracking, or leaks are found, or if a failure occurs.

#### Accumulator

Located behind the left rear access door, this machine is equipped with an accumulator charged with high-pressure nitrogen gas. Do not disassemble the accumulator.

Never expose the accumulator to temperatures above 140°F (60°C) or open flames.

Never weld on the accumulator.

Never strike the accumulator.

If the accumulator needs maintenance, contact a SANY dealer.

# **Electrical System**

Always clean the electrical system using only SANY-approved electrical cleaners.

Never use caustic soaps, high-pressure water, or steam cleaners to clean the electrical system. These could damage the system or cause intermittent system failures.

#### **Battery Safety**

When working with batteries, always work in a well-ventilated area. Batteries present a hazard, especially when they have been in use for a long period of time. The following are some basic precautions for working around batteries.

- Always wear personal protective equipment (PPE).
- Battery gases are extremely explosive. Smoking, sparks, or open flames could cause an explosion. When opening a battery compartment, always allow ample time for battery gases to escape.
- If the battery is corroded, clean it with a mixture of warm water and baking soda.
- If battery acid gets on the skin or in the eyes, flush the area immediately with fresh water and seek medical attention.

Check the battery's condition only with proper test equipment.

#### Disconnect the Battery

When disconnecting the battery, always disconnect the negative (-) cable first, then disconnect the positive (+) cable.

#### **JOB SAFETY**

It is the owner's/operator's responsibility to replace any safety decals that are damaged or missing from the machine.

Never leave the machine running while it is unattended. Always park the machine in a safe, level area, lower any work equipment to the ground, lock the controls, and secure the machine to prevent tampering by unauthorized personnel. Shut down the engine before exiting the machine.

Before starting any work operations, travel, or maintenance procedures, make sure all personnel are a safe distance from all points of the machine. Never allow anyone to stand near the machine while it is in operation or under maintenance or repair.

It is the responsibility of the operator's employer to conduct periodic safety training and familiarize all personnel with emergency procedures.

If pedestrians are in the area, sound the horn and proceed slowly.

When working with another person on a job site, make sure that all personnel involved understand all industry-standard hand signals that are to be used.

The operator shall respond to operating signals from the proper signal person only, but shall obey a stop signal at any time from anyone.

The operator must always be able to see the work location. If this is not possible, then a signalman must be used. If visibility becomes blocked for any reason, stop operation immediately.

If the machine is equipped with operator aids, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires this equipment to be used when operating the machine.

# **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Before using personal protective equipment (PPE), make sure it is in good working condition.

# **Hearing Protection**

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear suitable hearing protection to protect against loud noises.

# **Travel and Operation Precautions**

Confirm the relative positions of the undercarriage and operator before operating the machine.

Traveling with the machine may present hazards. When traveling with the machine, always travel in a safe, controlled manner, and remain alert at all times. Be sure the areas around the machine are clearly visible.

When traveling over rough ground, travel at a low speed and steer carefully. Whenever possible, avoid traveling over obstacles or raised areas could result in loss of control or damage to the machine. When traveling over raised areas, always travel at a low speed.

During travel, always maintain a safe distance from people and surrounding objects. Always check to make sure areas such as bridges and roadways will support the weight of the machine before attempting to cross.

Before traveling in public areas, always gain approval from local authorities and follow their instructions.

Raise work equipment 8 in.-12 in. (20 cm-30 cm) above the ground when traveling.

When traveling or operating in shallow water, be aware of its depth and current.

#### Inclined Areas

Traveling on an incline can be dangerous. In order to prevent tipping, loss of control, or a rollover, it is important to follow these rules.

- Always check the firmness of the inclined surface before attempting to travel on it.
- Always travel straight up or straight down an incline.
- Avoid turning on an incline.
- Avoid sudden stops.

#### Snow or Frozen Surfaces

Be careful when traveling or operating the machine on frozen or snow-covered surfaces. The ability to maneuver the machine is seriously affected. The machine may not respond as expected when turning. Other precautions are:

- Avoid any rapid movement, acceleration, or quick stopping. Always be aware of the increased stopping distance required on these surfaces.
- Avoid deep snow or frozen bodies of water.
- Even a slight incline may cause the machine to slip. Be extra careful when working on an inclined surface covered with snow or ice.
- When traveling or moving the machine on a snow-covered incline, allow the machine to come to a stop slowly.

#### **Avoid Backover Accidents**

Keep the mirrors and lights clean and in good condition.

Before moving the machine, make sure all bystanders are clear of the intended path.

Before moving the machine, warn others with the horn.

Use a signalman if the view is obstructed when backing up. Keep the signalman in view at all times.

#### **Dust and Chemical Hazards**

Hazardous dust or chemicals present a serious danger when they are released or mishandled. All workers involved should use approved personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow all environmental safety regulations.

Consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for guidelines on personal protective equipment (PPE), proper handling and cleanup, and correct reporting agencies if needed.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Oils and coolants poured onto the ground, into bodies of water, into storm drains, or tossed into trash cans (even in a sealed container) can contaminate and pollute the soil, groundwater, streams, and rivers.

Recycling used oil, coolants, and filters helps conserve natural resources and is good for the environment.

Obey all regulations when disposing of harmful items such as oil, fuel, filters, batteries, hydraulic oil, and used parts.

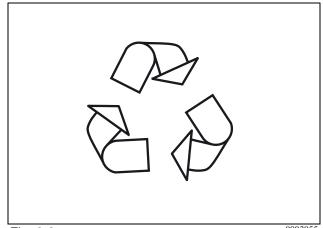


Fig. 2-2 0003055

#### **Precautions in High-Voltage Areas**



#### **WARNING!**

Overhead power lines carry high-voltage electricity that can discharge to the ground through the machine, even without direct contact with the machine's structure. Avoid direct contact with high-voltage power lines while operating. High-voltage contact could result in equipment damage, death, or serious injury.

Stay clear of overhead power lines; they are an electrical hazard. Assume all overhead power lines are energized and not insulated.

Be sure all underground utilities have been marked before excavating.

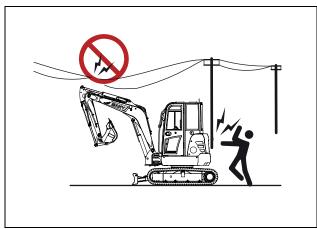


Fig. 2-3

0003056

# SANY

# **Machine Controls**

Machine Overview	
Monitor	
Daily Maintenance Information Screen	
Maintenance Information Screen	
Home Screen	
Function List Screen	
System Information Screen	
Main Menu Screen	
Operation Information Screen	
Switch Signals Screen	
Joystick Screen	
Machine Configuration Screen	
Failure Information Screen	
Global Positioning System (GPS) Information Screen	
Language Selection Screen	
Maintain Table Screen	
Operating Mode Screen	
Flow Rate Information Screen	
Flow Rate Setting Screen	
System Unlocked Screen	3-16
Reserved Function	
Quick Coupler Control Screen	
Date and Time Setup Screen	
Controls	
Hydraulic Lockout Control Lever	
Joystick Controls	
Joystick SAE Mode	
Left Joystick – SAE Mode	
Right Joystick – SAE Mode	
Joystick BHL Mode	
Left Joystick – BHL Mode	
Right Joystick – BHL Mode	

#### **SY26U Excavator OMM**

Pattern Change (SAE/BHL) Valve	3-22
Return Flow Selector Valve	
Directional Arrows	3-23
Travel Control Levers/Pedals	
Boom Swing Control Pedal	
Dozer Blade Control Lever	
Switches	
Left Joystick Buttons	
Right Joystick Horn Button	
Right Joystick Switch	
Throttle Control Lever	
Key Switch	
Travel Alarm Switch	3-29
Work Light Switch	3-29
Emergency Stop Switch	
Battery Disconnect Switch	
Power Outlet (12V)	
Hood, Door, and Access Panel	
Engine Hood	
Opening the Engine Hood	3-33
Closing the Engine Hood	3-33
Right Front Access Door	3-34
Unlocking/Opening the Right Front Access Door	3-34
Closing/Locking the Right Front Access Door	3-34
Fuse Access Door	3-34
Opening/Closing the Fuse Access Door	3-34
Hydraulic Access Panel	3-35
Evene	2 20

#### **MACHINE OVERVIEW**

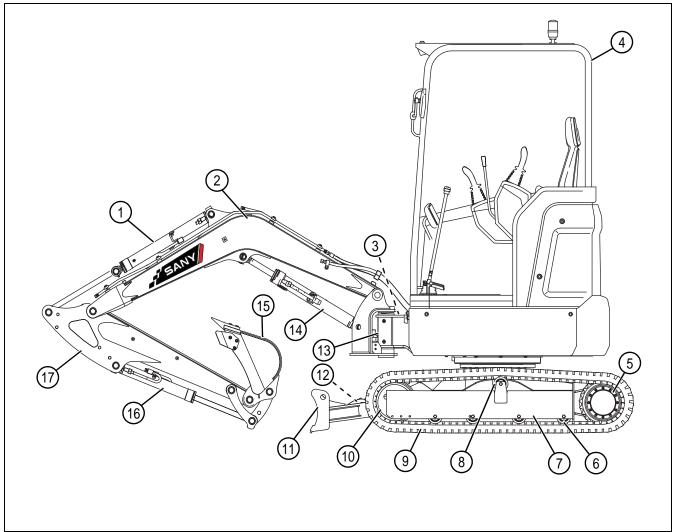


Fig. 3-1 0003168

- 1) Arm cylinder
- 2) Boom
- 3) Boom swing cylinder
- 4) Canopy
- 5) Drive sprocket
- 6) Track roller
- 7) Track frame
- 8) Carrier roller
- 9) Track

- 10) Idler
- 11) Dozer blade
- 12) Blade cylinder
- 13) Boom pivot
- 14) Boom cylinder
- 15) Bucket
- 16) Bucket cylinder
- 17) Arm

#### **MONITOR**

The monitor (1) displays machine operating information and provides access to change system parameters.

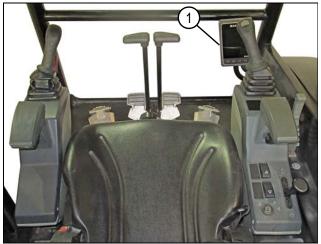


Fig. 3-2 0003237

## **Daily Maintenance Information Screen**

When the key switch is turned to ON, the monitor displays the Daily Maintenance Information screen.

**NOTE:** The daily maintenance information screen is displayed once a day at the first the key switch is turned to ON.

The checklist steps 1–7 should be completed before starting the machine. See "Prestart Checks and Adjustments" on page 4-5.

Start the machine and idle until operating temperature is reached. See "Starting the Engine" on page 4-15.

Press the button below the check mark icon (1) to confirm all checks and procedures have been completed. The display will change to the home screen.



Fig. 3-3

#### **Maintenance Information Screen**

The Maintenance Information screen will display instead of the Daily Maintenance Information screen at each maintenance interval.

- Press the button below the pause icon (1) to pause or continue the display of maintenance information screens.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (2) to confirm the completion of the maintenance work displayed on the screen. When prompted to reset the maintenance icon on the home screen, enter the password "53188" to clear the maintenance prompt.
- Press the button below the return icon (3) to return to the previous screen.

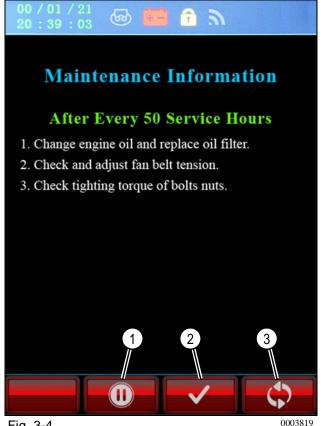
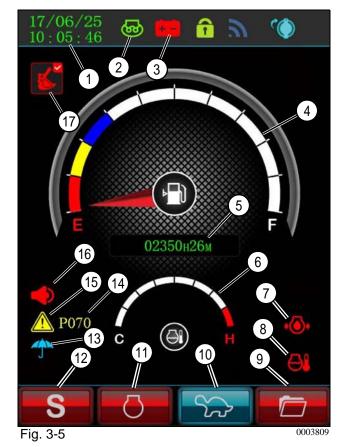


Fig. 3-4



#### **Home Screen**

The home screen displays machine operating information and provides access to change system parameters.

Item	Home Screen Display	Function	Description
1	Time and date	Displays the current time and date.	Date (YY/MM/DD) and time (HH/MM/SS)
2	Preheat icon	Indicates the engine is in preheat mode.	
3	Battery charge icon	When illuminated, indicates the battery is discharging.	
4	Fuel level gauge	Displays the fuel level.	0–100%
5	Operating hours	Displays the total number of machine operating hours.	
6	Engine coolant temperature gauge	Displays the engine coolant temperature.	122°F–230°F (50°C–110°C)
7	Engine oil pressure alarm	When the oil pressure is low, the icon appears as a warning.	
8	Coolant temperature alarm	When the coolant temperature is high, the icon appears as a warning.	
9	Main menu (folder) Icon	Press the button below the icon to access the main menu screen.	Enter main menu.
10	High/Low travel speed icon	Press the button below the icon to select high/low travel speed.	Switch between slow travel/ fast travel
11	Auto idle icon	Not equipped	
12	Working mode icon	Display current working mode; Equipped with Standard (S) working mode only.	
13	Maintenance prompt icon	This blue icon appears if any scheduled maintenance is due.	See "Maintenance Information Screen" on page 3-5.
14	Failure code	Failure code appears when an abnormality is detected.	See "Failure Information Screen" on page 3-12.
15	Failure Information icon	Indicates that a failure has occurred.	See "Failure Information Screen" on page 3-12.
16	Severe failure alarm icon	Indicates a severe failure has occurred.	
17	Operating mode icon	Indicates the selected work tool or equivalent one-way or two-way flow operating mode.	

# **Function List Screen**

The Function List screen is accessed by pressing the button under the folder icon on the home screen. See "Home Screen" on page 3-5.

The Function List screen displays informational operational screens:

Main Menu – Machine operational information and controls.

NOTE: The Main Menu screen is accessed with a password. See "System Information Screen" on page 3-8.

- Operating Mode Designation of work equipment and corresponding hydraulic flow control.
- Quick Coupler Control Not equipped.
- Time calibration Correct the year, month, day, time, and time zone.
- System unlocked Factory and service only.

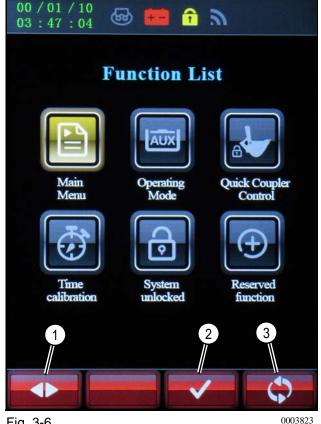


Fig. 3-6

Reserved function – Not used at this time; reserved for future function.

**NOTE:** Access to some screens require a password.

- Press the button below the left/right arrow icon (1) to scroll to and illuminate the selected icon.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (2) to confirm the selected icon.
- Press the button below the return icon (3) to return to the previous screen.

#### **System Information Screen**

Access to the Main Menu screen requires entering the password "31868":

- Press the button below the up/down arrow icon (1) to scroll to the desired number.
- Press the button below the left/right arrow icon (2) to move to the next number position.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (3) to confirm the selected icon.
- Press the button below the return icon (4) to return to the previous screen.



Fig. 3-7

SANY

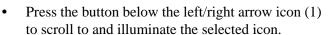
Main Menu

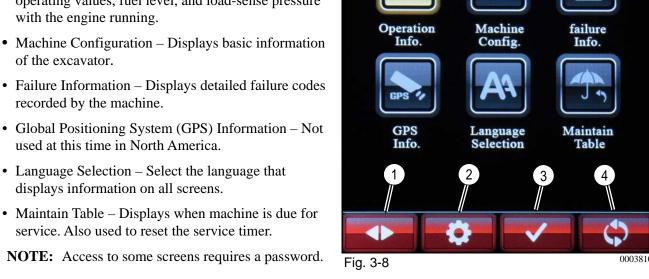
Main Menu Screen

The Main Menu screen displays the main signals to and from the system controller, including real-time running information, machine configuration, detailed failure information, available languages, and maintenance information:

- Operation Information Displays real-time engine operating values, fuel level, and load-sense pressure
- Machine Configuration Displays basic information
- Failure Information Displays detailed failure codes
- Language Selection Select the language that displays information on all screens.
- service. Also used to reset the service timer.

**NOTE:** Access to some screens requires a password.





03:48:47

• Press the button below the gear icon (2) to display the System Setup screen, which is password protected for use by SANY only.

**NOTE:** The gear icon selection is password protected for most of the Main Menu screen selections.

- Press the button below the check mark icon (3) to access the selected icon screen for the active machine display.
- Press the button below the return icon (4) to return to the previous screen.

#### **Operation Information Screen**

The Operation Information screen displays real-time engine operating values, fuel level, and LS pressure with the engine running:

- Press the button below the up/down arrow icon (1) to scroll to the next pages.
- Press the button below the return icon (2) to return to the Main Menu screen.

#### **Switch Signals Screen**

The Switch Signals screen enables the operator to monitor the input and output of switch functions:

- Press the button below the up/down arrow icon (1) to scroll to the next pages.
- Press the button below the return icon (2) to return to the Main Menu screen.

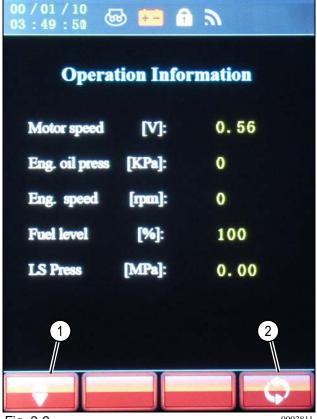


Fig. 3-9



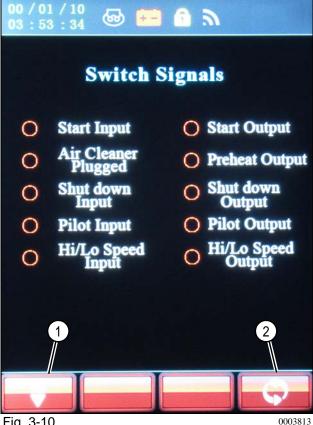


Fig. 3-10

SANY

**Joystick Screen** 

The Joystick screen (1) displays real-time joystick valve information:

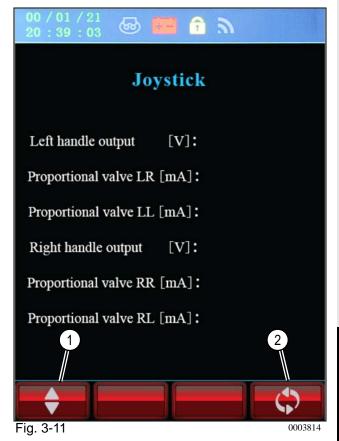
- Press the button below the up/down arrow icon (1) to scroll to the next pages.
- Press the button below the return icon (2) to return to the Main Menu screen.



The Machine Configuration screen is accessed from the Main Menu screen.

The Machine Configuration screen displays machine information such as model number, serial number, and control system information:

Press the button below the return icon (1) to return to the previous screen.



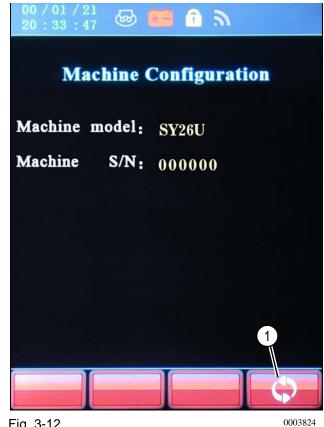


Fig. 3-12

#### **Failure Information Screen**

When a failure occurs, the failure will change color to blue and the failure code will be displayed on the home screen.

The Failure Information screen displays failure codes recorded by the machine:

Press the button below the return icon (1) to return to the previous screen.

NOTE: SPN and FMI codes are engine internal diagnostic failure codes.

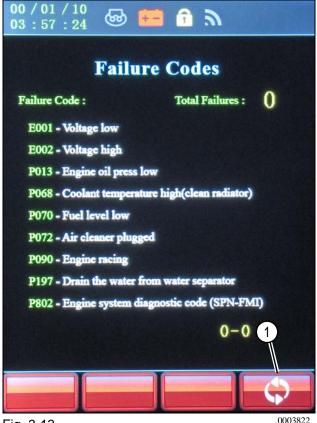


Fig. 3-13

#### **Global Positioning System (GPS) Information** Screen

**NOTE:** The GPS Information screen display is not used at this time in North America.

Press the button below the return icon (1) to return to the previous screen.

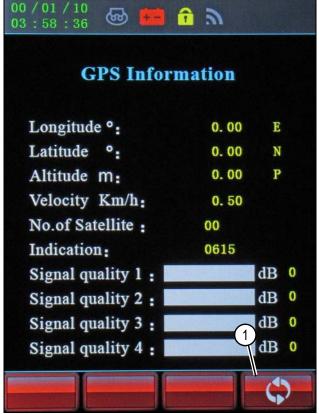


Fig. 3-14 0003821

#### **Language Selection Screen**

The Language Selection screen is accessed through the Main Menu screen.

The Language Selection screen allows the selection of the language that will display information on all screens.

To change the language setting:

- Press the button below the up/down arrow icon (1) to select the desired language.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (2) to confirm the selected language.
- Press the button below the return icon (3) to return to the previous screen.

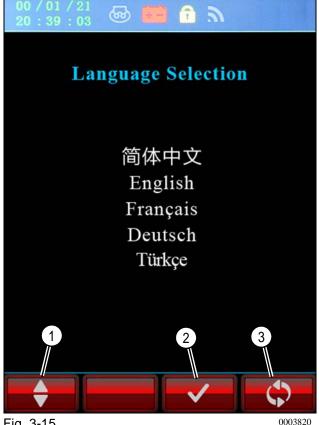


Fig. 3-15

#### **Maintain Table Screen**

Used to reset maintenance intervals after service has been completed.

#### **Operating Mode Screen**

The Operating Mode screen is used to select a work tool or the equivalent 1-way or 2-way flow required.

The Operating Mode screen displays the common bucket (1) as the default work tool. The auxiliary ports are used for hydraulic work tools. Select the proper work tool icon prior to operating that implement:

- Common bucket (default) (1)
- Breaker (2)
- Clamshell bucket (3)
- Tilt bucket (4)
- Auger (5)
- Rotary grapple (6)
- Grapple (7)
- Brush cutter (8)

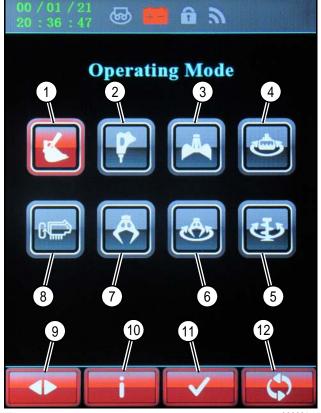


Fig. 3-16

0003816

**NOTE:** Check the hydraulic work tool operator manual for hydraulic flow rate information.

- Press the button below the left/right arrow icon (9) to scroll to and illuminate the selected work tool icon.
- Press the button below the information icon (10) to access the Flow Rate Information screen. Flow rate for that hydraulic work tool can be adjusted on this page. See "Flow Rate Information Screen" on page 3-15.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (11) to confirm the selected work tool.
- Press the button below the return icon (12) to return to the previous screen.

#### Flow Rate Information Screen

#### NOTICE!

Check the work tool operator manual for hydraulic flow rate information and follow all optional equipment information and safety precautions.

The Flow Rate information screen displays the flow rate, from 0% to 100%, of the hydraulic work tool selected in the Operating Mode screen:

- RL [right joystick, left button] and RR [right joystick, right button] (1) are for setting the right joystick high-pressure, high-flow circuit.
- LL [left joystick, left button] and LR [left joystick, right button] (2) are for setting the left joystick low-pressure, low-flow circuit.
- Press the button below the up/down arrow icon (3) to select the hydraulic flow rate to adjust.

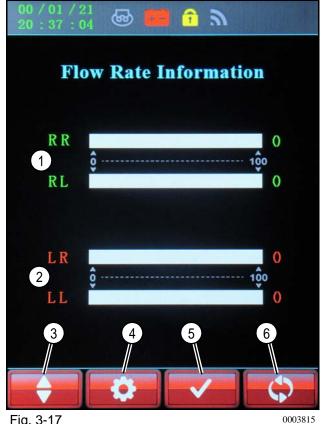


Fig. 3-17

- Press the button below the gear icon (4) to access the Flow Rate Setting screen.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (5) to display a service screen that is password protected.
- Press the button below the return icon (6) to return to the previous screen.

#### Flow Rate Setting Screen

The Flow Rate Setting screen displays the flow rate information of the operating mode of the hydraulic work tool selected in the Flow Rate Information screen.

#### **NOTE:**

- Check the work tool operator manual for hydraulic flow rate information.
- When the bar graph (1) has been set to the highest level, the flow rate is at its maximum (100).
- When the bar graph has been set to its lowest level (no bar is visible), the flow is blocked and no hydraulic oil will flow.

Flow rate of the selected function in the Flow Rate Information screen can be adjusted in the bar graphic in the Flow Rate Setting screen:

• Press the button below the plus icon (2) to increase the length of the bar graph, which will increase the flow rate.

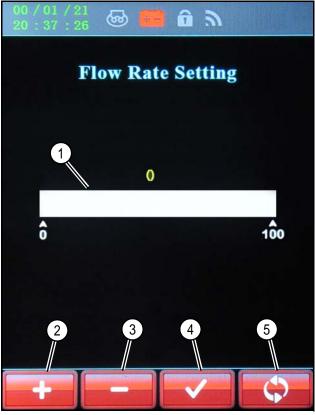


Fig. 3-18

- Press the button below the minus icon (3) to decrease the length of the bar graph, which will lower the flow
- Press the button below the check mark icon (4) to confirm the flow rate adjustment.
- Press the button below the return icon (5) to return to the previous screen.

#### **System Unlocked Screen**

Factory and service only.

#### **Reserved Function**

Not used at this time; reserved for future function.

# **Quick Coupler Control Screen**

Not used at this time; reserved for future function.



#### Fig. 3-19

#### **Date and Time Setup Screen**

The Date and Time Setup screen is accessed by selecting the Time Calibration icon on the Function List screen.

The Date and Time Setup screen allows changes to the date, time, and time zone:

- Press the button below the up/down icon (1) to increase the value of the selected position.
- Press the button below the left/right icon (2) to select the position for adjustment.
- Press the button below the check mark icon (3) to confirm the time adjustment.
- Press the button below the return icon (4) to return to the previous screen.

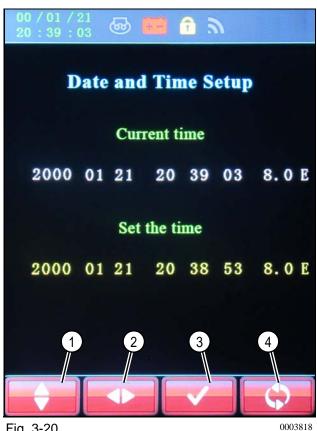


Fig. 3-20

## **CONTROLS**

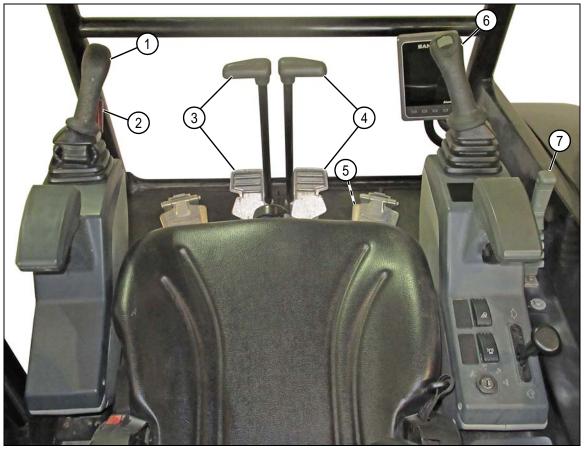


Fig. 3-21

- 1) Left joystick (page 3-20)
- 2) Hydraulic lockout control lever (page 3-19)
- 3) Left travel control lever/pedal (page 3-24)
- 4) Right travel control lever/pedal (page 3-24)
- 5) Boom swing control pedal (page 3-24)
- 6) Right joystick (page 3-20)
- 7) Dozer blade control lever (page 3-25)

#### **Hydraulic Lockout Control Lever**



#### **WARNING!**

Always place the hydraulic lockout control lever in the locked (closed) position before leaving the seat. Failure to follow this warning and unintended movement of the joysticks or travel control levers/pedals could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

If any part of the machine moves when the hydraulic lockout control lever is in the locked (closed) position, shut down the engine immediately. Contact a SANY dealer to solve this problem.

The hydraulic lockout control lever (1) disables or enables the controls for work equipment, swing, travel, and attachments (if equipped) to prevent accidental movement:

• Pull the hydraulic lockout control lever to the locked (closed) (2) position to disable all hydraulic controls.



Fig. 3-22

0003154

• Push the hydraulic lockout control lever to the unlocked (open) (3) position to enable machine operation.



Fig. 3-23

0003155

#### **Joystick Controls**



#### **WARNING!**

Prevent unexpected movement of the machine. Know the positions and functions of the joysticks before operation. Failure to follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTE:** There are two operating modes available for the joystick controls, the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) mode and the backhoe loader (BHL) mode. The swing and bucket functions are the same for SAE and BHL modes.

#### **Joystick SAE Mode**

#### Left Joystick - SAE Mode

The SAE mode uses the left joystick to control the arm and upper structure:

- Swing the upper structure to the left (1)
- Arm out (2)
- Swing the upper structure to the right (3)
- Arm in (4)
- Neutral (N)

Fig. 3-24

#### Right Joystick - SAE Mode

The SAE mode uses the right joystick to control the boom and bucket:

- Bucket curl (1)
- Boom down (2)
- Bucket uncurl (3)
- Boom up (4)
- Neutral (N)

**NOTE:** The joystick controls return to the neutral position automatically when released. The functions of the machine will stop.

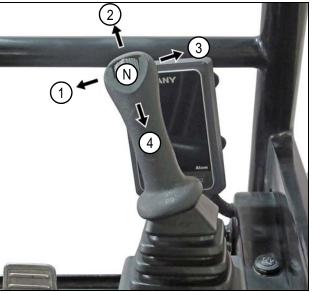


Fig. 3-25

000315

**NOTE:** In longitudinal excavation, rotate the undercarriage so the travel motors are behind the upper structure to maximize the stability and lift capacity of the machine.

#### **Joystick BHL Mode**

#### Left Joystick - BHL Mode

The BHL mode uses the left joystick to control the boom and upper structure:

- Swing the upper structure to the left (1)
- Boom down (2)
- Swing the upper structure to the right (3)
- Boom up (4)
- Neutral (N)

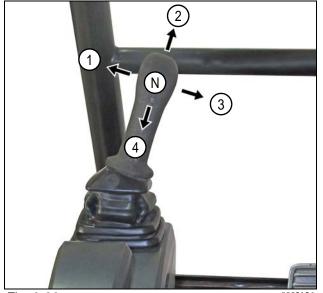


Fig. 3-26

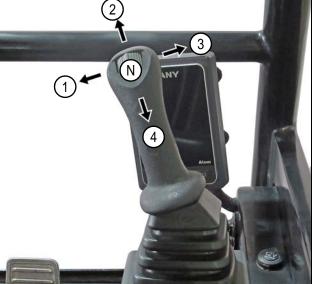
#### Right Joystick - BHL Mode

The BHL mode uses the right joystick to control the arm and bucket:

- Bucket curl (1)
- Arm out (2)
- Bucket uncurl (3)
- Arm in (4)
- Neutral (N)

**NOTE:** The joystick controls return to the neutral position automatically when released, and the functions of the machine will stop.

**NOTE:** In longitudinal excavation, rotate the undercarriage so the travel motors are behind the upper structure to maximize the stability and lift capacity of the machine.



<sub>e</sub> Fig. 3-27

#### Pattern Change (SAE/BHL) Valve

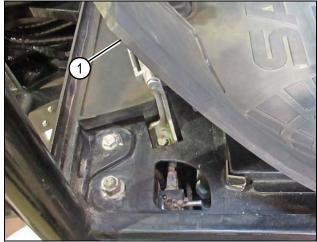
#### NOTICE!

Shut the engine down before adjusting the pattern change (SAE/BHL) valve. Failure to do so can damage the machine, personal property, and the environment, or cause the machine to operate improperly.

The pattern change (SAE/BHL) valve changes control of the boom and arm from one joystick to the other.

To change the operation mode, perform the following steps:

- 1. Shut the engine down.
- 2. Lift up the left forward corner of the floor mat (1) (as shown) to access the pattern change (SAE/BHL) valve.



- Fig. 3-28
- 3. Loosen the fastener (3) until it is free of the threaded hole.
- 4. Rotate the bar (4) to position 1 for BHL mode or position 2 for SAE mode as shown.
- 5. Tighten the fastener into the threaded hole (2).
- 6. Lower the floor mat.

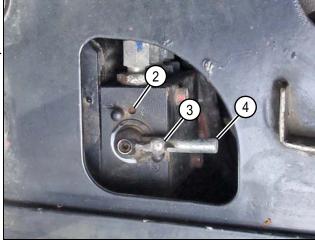


Fig. 3-29

#### **Return Flow Selector Valve**

The return flow selector valve (1) has a one-way (3) and a two-way (2) position for operating optional equipment. It is located behind the engine hood.

A variety of optional one-way and two-way flow equipment is available for use on this machine. A hydraulic breaker is an example of one-way flow equipment; a tilt bucket is an example of two-way flow equipment.

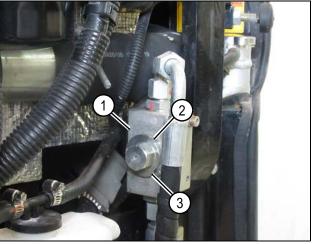


Fig. 3-30

3-30 0003203

#### **Directional Arrows**

The directional arrow (1) on each of the track frames indicates forward movement of the machine. Check these arrows before using the travel control levers/pedals. The track drive sprocket is at the rear of the track frame.

If the track frame is facing backward, the travel direction will be opposite the maneuvering direction of the travel control lever/pedal. The machine will move forward when you pull the control levers backward and backward when you push them forward. Left and right control directions are also reversed when the track frame faces backward.

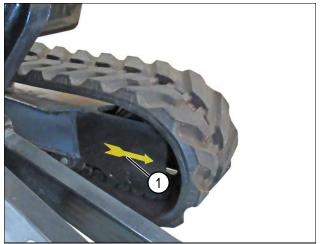


Fig. 3-31

0003794

#### **Travel Control Levers/Pedals**



#### **WARNING!**

- Take extra care when using the travel control pedals to steer the machine.
- Never place your feet on the travel control pedals, unless you are driving or steering the machine, which could cause unexpected movement.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTE:** The track frame is facing the front if the dozer blade is forward or the drive sprocket is to the rear. See "Directional Arrows" on page 3-23.

The travel control levers (3) or pedals (4) are used to change the machine's traveling direction:

- Forward travel: Push the travel control levers or pedals forward (1).
- Backward travel: Pull the travel control levers/ pedals backward (2).
- Neutral position (N): The machine stops.

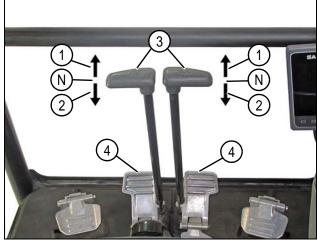


Fig. 3-32

0003158

#### **Boom Swing Control Pedal**



#### **WARNING!**

Do not place your foot on the boom swing control pedal except when using it for boom swing operation. Failure to follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

Lift the right footrest (1) up to access the boom swing control pedal (2). Press the right side of the pedal to swing the boom right, and press the left side of the pedal to swing the boom left.



Fig. 3-33

0003159

Close the boom swing control pedal footrest (1) when boom swing operation is not used.



#### **Dozer Blade Control Lever**

The dozer blade control lever (1) is located on the right side of the operator seat:

- Push the lever forward (2) to lower the dozer blade.
- Pull the lever back (3) to raise the dozer blade.

NOTE: The dozer blade control lever will return to the neutral position when released.



## **SWITCHES**

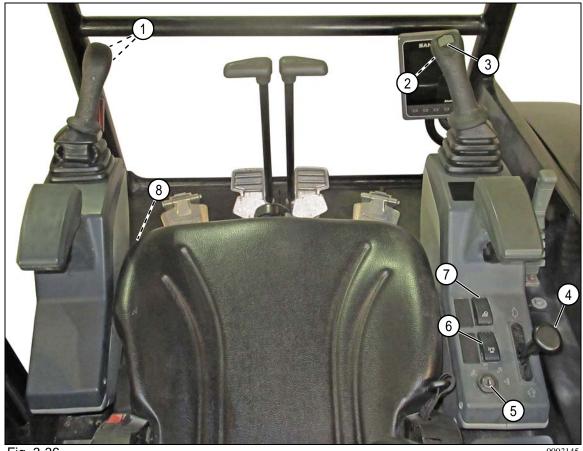


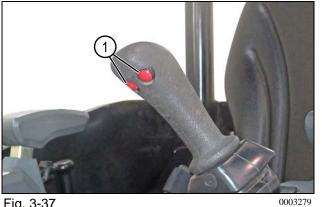
Fig. 3-36

- 1) Left joystick buttons (page 3-27)
- 2) Right joystick horn button (page 3-27)
- 3) Right joystick switch (page 3-27)
- 4) Throttle control lever (page 3-28)

- 5) Key switch (page 3-28)
- 6) Travel alarm switch (page 3-29)
- 7) Work light switch (page 3-29)
- 8) Emergency stop switch (page 3-30)

#### **Left Joystick Buttons**

The two buttons (1) on the bottom of the left joystick are currently not used.



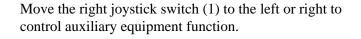
#### Fig. 3-37

#### **Right Joystick Horn Button**

The horn button (1) is on the bottom of the right joystick. Press and hold the button to sound the horn.



#### Fig. 3-38



**Right Joystick Switch** 



Fig. 3-39

#### **Throttle Control Lever**

The throttle control lever (1) is used to adjust engine speed and output power:

- Pull the throttle control lever back (3) to increase engine speed (high idle).
- Push the throttle control lever forward (2) to decrease engine speed (low idle).



Fig. 3-40

0003146

#### **Key Switch**

The key switch (1) is used to start or stop the engine and has four positions:

- **OFF:** When the key switch is turned to OFF, the engine is shut down, power to the electrical system is shut off, and the key can be removed or inserted.
- **ON:** When the key switch is turned to ON, the electrical system is energized.
- START: When the key switch is turned to START, the starter motor will crank the engine. Release the key after the engine has started and the key switch will return to ON, allowing the engine to run and maintain power to the electrical systems.



Fig. 3-41

000314

• **HEAT:** Turn the key switch to HEAT and release, the key switch returns to OFF. The preheat cycle begins if the ambient temperature is below a preset value. When the preheat cycle begins, a preheat icon is illuminated on the home screen. When the preheat cycle is complete, the preheat icon is not illuminated.

## **Travel Alarm Switch**

The travel alarm switch (1) is used to turn an audible alarm and beacon light on and off.



Fig. 3-42

3-42

#### **Work Light Switch**

The work light switch (1) is used to turn the work lights on and off.



Fig. 3-43

0003147

There are three work lights:

• One work light (2) is mounted on the boom.



Fig. 3-44

0003148

• Two work lights (3 and 4) are mounted on the top of the canopy.



#### **Emergency Stop Switch**

If the engine cannot be stopped normally, or if it is necessary to stop the engine in an emergency, push the emergency stop switch (1) to stop engine operation.

Turn the switch as indicated to reset it.

**NOTE:** The emergency stop switch should not be used during normal machine operation.



Fig. 3-46 0003152

#### **Battery Disconnect Switch**

#### NOTICE!

- Never turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF while the engine is running. This can damage the electrical system or cause the machine to operate improperly.
- After machine shutdown, wait at least 1 minute for the engine control module (ECM) to complete its shutdown before turning the battery disconnect switch to OFF.

Failure to follow this notice could cause damage to the machine or cause it to operate improperly.

The battery disconnect switch (1) is located in the right front access compartment. Turn the switch to OFF to isolate the battery from the electrical system when securing the machine for the day, or as needed for maintenance.



Fig. 3-47

0003167

#### **Power Outlet (12V)**

The power outlet (12V) (1) supplies 12V from the battery that can be used to power various external devices.



Fig. 3-48

0003150

## **HOOD, DOOR, AND ACCESS PANEL**

The following can be locked using the machine key to prevent unauthorized access:

• Engine hood (1)



• Right access door (2)



Fig. 3-50

0003164

The following access panel cannot be locked:

• Fuse access door (non-locking) (3)



Fig. 3-51

000316

• Hydraulic access panel (4)



#### Fig. 3-52

#### .

## **Engine Hood**

#### **Opening the Engine Hood**

- 1. Insert the key into the lock (1) and turn the key counterclockwise to unlock the hood (3).
- 2. Lift the latch (2), and pull the engine hood open.
- 3. Position support rod in the support bracket slot to prevent the engine hood from closing unexpectedly.



Fig. 3-53

3-53 0003162

#### **Closing the Engine Hood**

- 1. Pull the support rod (2) out of the slot in the support bracket (1).
- 2. Close the engine hood and make sure it is firmly seated in the latch (3).
- 3. Insert the key into the lock, turn it clockwise to lock, and remove the key.



Fig. 3-54

0003163

#### **Right Front Access Door**

# Unlocking/Opening the Right Front Access Door

1. Insert the key into the right front access door lock (1).

**NOTE:** Insert the key all the way into the lock. The key may break if turned before it is fully inserted.

2. Turn the key clockwise to unlock the right front access door.

Lift the right front access door until the support arm holds the door open in one of two positions.



Fig. 3-55

0003164

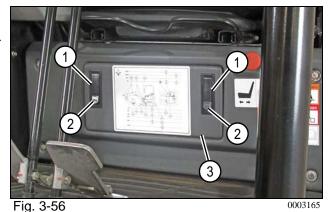
#### **Closing/Locking the Right Front Access Door**

- 1. Lift the access door support arm up slightly from the support position, close the access door, and insert the key.
- 2. Turn the key counterclockwise to lock. Remove the key.

#### **Fuse Access Door**

#### **Opening/Closing the Fuse Access Door**

- 1. Release the latches (2) by pressing at the bottom of each latch, and remove the fuse access door (3).
- 2. To install the fuse access door, place the door into the opening and press the latch arms (1) until they engage the latches to secure it closed.



## **Hydraulic Access Panel**

Remove the canopy floor mat (1) to access the hydraulic access panel.



Fig. 3-57

0003190

Lift the hydraulic access panel (2) up and remove it to access machine hydraulic components.



Fig. 3-58

0003216

## **FUSES**

#### NOTICE!

- A fuse should be replaced if it is blown, corroded, or becomes loose in the fuse block.
- Before replacing a fuse, make sure the key switch is in the OFF position and the batteries are disconnected.
- Always replace a fuse with one of the same capacity. Never replace a fuse with one of a higher capacity which could cause damage to the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly.

If an electrical component fails, check the fuse first. See "Fuse Access Door" on page 3-34 for fuse panel access.

Fuse	Amperage	Circuit
F1	25A	Starting
F2	10A	Battery charging
F3	15A	Horn and accessory light
F4	25A	Work light
F5	15A	Washer, wiper, and radio
F6	5A	Air conditioning (if equipped)
F7	10A	Global Positioning System (GPS)
F8	20A	Fan (if equipped)
F9	10A	Power outlet (12V)
F10	10A	Air conditioning compressor (if equipped)
F11	25A	Monitor controller
F12	25A	Fuel pump
F13	20A	Spare
F14	15A	Spare
Relay	Amperage	Circuit
K3	12V/35A	Starting
K5	12V/35A	Horn
K6	12V/35A	Work lights
K7	12V/35A	Cold weather starting
K8	12V/35A	Monitor power down
K9	12V/35A	Spare
K12	12V/35A	Fan
K13	12V/35A	Air conditioning compressor (if equipped)



Fig. 3-59 0002998

# SANY

# **Machine Operation**

Work Area	4-4
General Job Safety	4-4
Operator Responsibilities	4-4
Prestart Checks and Adjustments	4-5
Fluid Level Checks	
Engine Coolant Level Check	4-6
Engine Oil Level Check	4-7
Fuel Level Check	4-8
Add Fuel	4-8
Fuel Tank Filler Cover	4-9
Check and Drain the Fuel/Water Separator	4-9
Hydraulic Oil Level Check	4-10
Mirror Adjustment	4-10
Electrical Components Check	4-11
Horn Function Check	4-11
Seat and Seat Belt	4-12
Seat Belt	4-14
Buckle the Seat Belt	4-14
Unbuckle the Seat Belt	4-14
Starting the Engine	4-15
Idling the Engine	4-16
Cold Weather Engine Starting	4-17
Warm-up Operation	4-18
New Machine Break-In	4-19
Engine Shutdown	4-20
Inspection after Engine Shutdown	4-21
Directional Arrows	4-21
Moving the machine	4-22
Travel Controls	4-23
Forward Travel	4-23
Reverse Travel	4-23
Right Turn	4-23

Left Turn	4-23
Spot Rotation	
Stopping the Machine	
Work Equipment Control and Operation	
Arm Control – SAE Mode	
Arm Control – BHL Mode	
Boom Control – SAE Mode	
Boom Control – BHL Mode	
Swing Control	
Bucket Control	_
Boom Swing Control Pedal	
Dozer Blade Control Lever	
Restricted Operation	
Never Operate with Bucket Force	
Never Use Swing Force	
Never Use Traveling Force	
Never Operate Using Machine Weight	
Do Not Operate a Cylinder to the Stroke End	
Avoid Dozer Blade Impact	
Avoid Shifting Travel Directions Suddenly	
Support the Dozer Blade	
Excavating Hard Ground	
Travel	
General Travel Instructions	
Traveling at High Speed	
Operating in Water	
Traveling on an Incline	
Precautions When Traveling on an Incline	
Engine Stalls on an Incline	
Operation on Soft Ground	
Removing a Stuck Machine	
Towing the Machine	
Towing Point for a Light Load	
Recommended Operations	
Trenching Work	
Boom Swing Feature	
Vehicle Loading	
Leveling Operation	
Operating Precautions	
Park the Machine	
Parking the Machine on a Grade	
Cold Weather Operation	
Operation in Cold Weather	
Engine Coolant in Cold Weather	
Battery in Cold Weather	
After Daily Operation	
Machine Storage in Cold Weather	
After Cold Season	
Long-Term Storage	
Before Long-Term Storage	
During Storage	4-46

Removing from Storage	.4-47
Starting the Engine After Long-Term Storage	.4-47
Transportation Information	.4-48
Transportation Method	.4-48
Loading and Unloading	.4-48
Loading the Machine	.4-49
Securing the Machine	.4-52
Unloading the Machine	.4-53
Lifting the Machine	.4-54

## **WORK AREA**

The work area is where the actual job is performed. Within the work area are hazard areas. Hazard areas immediately surround the machine where personnel may be at risk due to the machine's operation and movement.

All personnel within the work area must wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

The machine operator is responsible for the safety of all personnel within the hazard area.

#### **GENERAL JOB SAFETY**

See "Job Safety" on page 2-11 for additional information.

## **Operator Responsibilities**

The machine operator must perform the following:

- Reject the job site if there are doubts regarding safety.
- Become familiar with the work area and surroundings before beginning work.
- Read and completely understand the instructions in this manual prior to operation.
- Know and obey all operating procedures, applicable laws, and regulations.
- Know and follow the requirements for safe operation.
- Know and use the required safety precautions and protective devices.
- Know and use the correct hand signals that will be used between the machine operator and a signalman.
- Stop machine operations immediately if any defects endangering safety are found.
- Maintain complete control over the machine at all times.
- Before leaving the canopy, make sure that all control devices are set to the neutral or low idle position, and that the engine is shut down.
- Give warning signals when necessary.

## PRESTART CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

Complete the following checks and adjustments before starting the engine each day:

- Check the maintenance log to verify that all required maintenance checks have been performed before operating the machine.
- Check the machine for loose hardware, fluid leaks, and any other signs of damage. Make repairs as necessary.
- Inspect the engine compartment for combustible debris that may come in contact with hot engine components. Clear all debris from the engine and engine compartment.
- Check the undercarriage (tracks, drive sprockets, rollers, and guards) for damage, wear, loose fasteners, and roller oil leaks. Make repairs as necessary.
- Check the bucket or optional equipment for damage. Clean and check the mirrors and side mirrors for damage. Repair if necessary. Adjust the mirrors so the area behind the machine is visible from the operator seat.
- Check the seat belt and buckle for damage or wear. Replace them if necessary.
- Check the monitor in the canopy. Repair or replace any malfunctioning parts and components.

#### **FLUID LEVEL CHECKS**

Complete the following procedures in this section before starting the engine.

#### **Engine Coolant Level Check**



#### **WARNING!**

- Engine coolant is toxic. Avoid inhaling or ingesting engine coolant. If eyes or skin are contaminated by coolant, wash the affected area with plenty of water and seek medical treatment immediately.
- Engine coolant may be under pressure when the engine is hot. Avoid contact with hot engine coolant. Allow the engine to cool before removing the radiator cap.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Park the machine for maintenance. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the engine hood and make sure the engine coolant level in the over flow tank (1) is between the FULL and LOW marks. If the engine coolant level is low, add engine coolant through the fill opening of the over flow tank until the engine coolant is at the FULL mark.
- 3. Install the fill cap after refilling.

#### NOTICE!

- If the over flow tank is empty, there may be an engine coolant leak.
- Inspect for engine coolant leaks and repair if found. If a leak is not found, check for an internal leak.

Contact a SANY dealer for additional information.

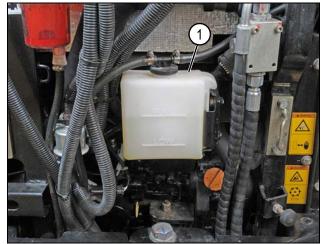


Fig. 4-1 0003224

## **Engine Oil Level Check**



#### **WARNING!**

Hot engine oil and components may cause burns or other serious injury. Allow the engine to cool before performing engine maintenance.

#### Failure to follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Park the machine for maintenance. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the engine hood.
- 3. Remove the dipstick (1) and wipe the engine oil off with a clean cloth.
- 4. Fully insert the dipstick into the dipstick opening, then remove it and note the oil position on the dipstick.



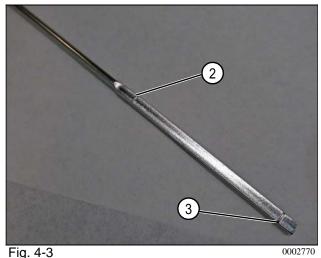
Fig. 4-2

## 0003219

#### NOTICE!

Do not add oil past the upper mark on the dipstick, as this may result in engine damage.

5. The engine oil level must be maintained between the upper mark (2) and lower mark (3) of the dipstick. Add clean engine oil until the oil level is at the upper mark of the dipstick.



6. Add engine oil through the fill port (4) as necessary. Always use SANY-recommended engine oil.

**NOTE:** If the engine oil level is above the upper mark on the dipstick, drain the excess engine oil. See "Change the Engine Oil and Filter" on page 5-18.

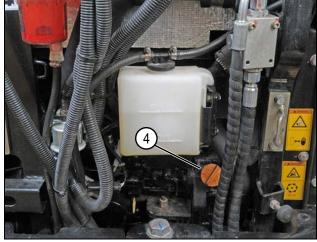


Fig. 4-4 000322

#### **Fuel Level Check**

- 1. Turn the key switch to ON to activate the monitor. See "Starting the Engine" on page 4-15. Check the fuel level on the monitor.
- 2. Turn the key switch to OFF.

#### Add Fuel



#### **WARNING!**

- Fuel or fuel vapors that come into contact with hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire.
- Never service the fuel system near an open flame or while smoking.
- Clean up spilled fuel immediately.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

Contaminated fuel can cause engine damage or improper machine operation. Fill the fuel tank with clean diesel fuel.

- 1. Remove the fuel filler cover. See "Fuel Tank Filler Cover" on page 4-9.
- 2. Fill the machine with clean diesel fuel as necessary.

**NOTE:** Never overfill the fuel tank. Stop fueling if the fuel spills over the fuel fill strainer. Make sure the fuel gun nozzle does not damage the fuel fill strainer.

3. Install the fuel fill cap after refueling.

#### **Fuel Tank Filler Cover**

#### NOTICE!

Make sure the O-ring in the filler cover is clean. If the O-ring is contaminated by dirt or debris, the O-ring will be damaged, preventing the filler cover from sealing properly.

To remove filler cover (1), turn counterclockwise.

To replace filler cover, place the cap on the filler neck and Fig. 4-5

turn clockwise.

## **Check and Drain the Fuel/Water Separator**



#### **WARNING!**

- Fuel or fuel vapors that come into contact with hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire.
- Never service the fuel system near an open flame or while smoking.
- Clean up spilled fuel immediately.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of contaminated fuel or water in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could damage the environment.

A fuel/water separator separates water and sediment from diesel fuel. Complete the following steps to drain water and sediment from the fuel/water separator:

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the engine hood.
- 3. Route the drain hose (2) into a suitable container. Open the drain valve (1) and drain the water and sediment.
- 4. When only clean fuel flows through the drain valve, close and hand-tighten the valve.
- 5. Start the engine and check for leaks.

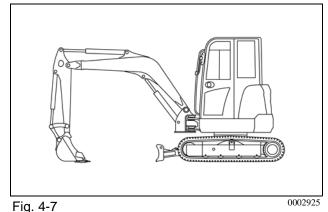


Fig. 4-6

4-9

## **Hydraulic Oil Level Check**

- 1. Position the work equipment as shown on the hydraulic tank decal.
- 2. Park the machine for maintenance. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.



- 3. The hydraulic oil level sight gauge can be seen through the opening (1) in the right side access panel.
- 4. Check the hydraulic oil level in the hydraulic tank through the sight gauge (2). The hydraulic oil level should be between the H (4) and L (3) marks.
- 5. If the level is below the L mark, add hydraulic oil. See "Add Hydraulic Oil" on page 5-33.



#### Fig. 4-8

## **MIRROR ADJUSTMENT**

- 1. Loosen fasteners (1) that secure the mirror (2) to the arm and rail.
- 2. Adjust the mirror for the best visibility to the rear of the machine and tighten the fasteners.



0003251 Fig. 4-9

## **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS CHECK**

#### NOTICE!

If fuses fail frequently, the wiring harness must be inspected for broken or damaged wire insulation or a component placing a high electrical load on the system. Contact a SANY dealer for additional information.

Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly.

Check the fuse panel for blown fuses, fuses of incorrect capacity, open or short circuits, and loose connections. Replace blown fuses and fuses of incorrect capacity, and tighten loose connections as necessary.

Make sure the battery cables and wires are clean and in good condition when inspecting the battery, starting motor, and alternator.

Clear the area around the battery of combustible materials. For more information about troubleshooting faults in the electrical system, contact a SANY dealer.

#### **Horn Function Check**

- 1. Turn the key switch to the ON position. See "Starting the Engine" on page 4-15.
- 2. The horn sounds when the horn button (1) is pressed. If the horn does not sound, check the horn fuse. See "Fuses" on page 3-36.



Fig. 4-10 0003151

## **SEAT AND SEAT BELT**

This machine has an operator seat with seat position, seat weight suspension, and seat backrest adjustments.

- Seat Forward/Backward Adjustment When seated, lift the position adjustment lever (2) on the front of the seat. Slide the seat forward or backward to the desired position and release the lever to lock the seat in place.
- Seat Headrest Adjustment The headrest (1) can be moved up or down to be positioned with the operator's head.



Seat Weight Suspension Adjustment – Turn the weight suspension adjustment knob (3) below the

An indicator arrow (4) will move to show the weight setting.

front edge of the seat, to adjust the seat suspension.

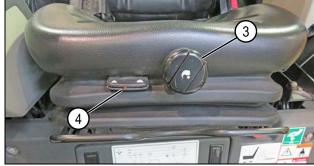


Fig. 4-12 000383

• Seat Backrest Angle Adjustment – Lift the backrest angle adjustment lever (5) on the left side under the backrest and move the backrest forward or backward to the desired position. Release the lever. The backrest will lock in the desired position.



Fig. 4-13 0003835

#### **Seat Belt**



#### **WARNING!**

- Inspect the seat belt. Replace the seat belt Immediately if the webbing is frayed or cut, if the buckle is damaged or malfunctions, or if the mounting hardware is loose. Replace according to seat belt manufacturer's instructions.
- Always keep the seat belt fastened during machine operation. Never twist the seat belt when fastening it.
- Keep belt slack to no more than 1 in. (25 mm). Belt slack beyond this amount could significantly reduce your protection in an accident.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### **Buckle the Seat Belt**



#### WARNING!

Keep seat belt slack to no more than 1 in. (25 mm). Belt slack beyond this amount could significantly reduce your protection in an accident. Failure to follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTE:** A recoil assembly (1) is attached to the seat belt. It removes slack from the seat belt and locks to restrain the operator. It also retracts the seat belt when not in use.

Grasp the latch plate (2) to pull the seat belt out of the recoil assembly, and insert the latch plate into the buckle (3) until it locks into place. Pull on the latch-plate end of the seat belt to make sure the seat belt is securely fastened.

#### **Unbuckle the Seat Belt**

Press the red button (4) on the buckle to release the latch plate.



Fig. 4-14 0003833

#### STARTING THE ENGINE



#### **WARNING!**

- Before starting the engine or leaving the operator seat, make sure the hydraulic lockout control lever is in the locked (closed) position. If the hydraulic system is not locked, unintentional machine operation may occur.
- Confirm that the surrounding area is clear of personnel and obstructions, and sound the horn before starting the engine.
- Always start the engine from the operator seat. Never start the engine by shorting the starter solenoid or starter relay.
- Never use ether starting fluid to start the engine. Ether is highly flammable and can cause a fire or an explosion.
- Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide. Carbon monoxide is an invisible and odorless gas, and is toxic. Provide adequate ventilation when starting the engine in a confined space.

#### Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Turn the battery disconnect switch to ON. See "Battery Disconnect Switch" on page 3-31.
- 2. When in the operator seat, buckle the seat belt. See "Buckle the Seat Belt" on page 4-14.
- 3. Check that the emergency stop switch is in the RUN position. See "Emergency Stop Switch" on page 3-30.
- 4. Pull the hydraulic lockout control lever (1) back and make sure it is in the locked (closed) position. If it is in the unlocked (open) position, the engine will not start. See "Hydraulic Lockout Control Lever" on page 3-19.
- 5. Make sure the control levers and pedals are in the neutral position, move freely, and return to the neutral position when released.

#### Fig. 4-15

#### NOTICE!

Starting with the throttle control lever positioned to the rear (high Idle) will accelerate the engine and could damage it.

**SANY** 

- 6. Push the throttle control lever (2) to the forward (low idle) position.
- 7. Turn the key switch (3) to ON (do not start the engine) and check the following items on the monitor display:
  - Engine coolant temperature
  - Fuel level
  - Fault codes

**NOTE:** If all gauge readings are normal and no fault codes are present, the display will return to the home screen within 2 seconds after the key switch is turned to ON.



Fig. 4-16

0003147

**NOTE:** Sound the horn to warn personnel that the machine is being started. See "Horn Function Check" on page 4-11.

#### NOTICE!

Never crank the engine for more than 15 seconds, as it could damage the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly. If the engine fails to start after 15 seconds, stop and allow the starter motor to cool for at least 2 minutes before attempting another start.

8. To start the engine, turn the key switch to START. When the engine starts, release the key; it will return to ON.

## **Idling the Engine**

Idling the engine for long periods wastes fuel and causes carbon formation, oil dilution, formation of lacquer or gummy deposits on the valves, pistons, and rings, and rapid accumulation of sludge in the engine.

Allow the engine to idle until the engine coolant temperature reaches 140°F (60°C) before beginning operations.

## **Cold Weather Engine Starting**



#### **WARNING!**

- Before starting the engine or leaving the operator seat, make sure the hydraulic lockout control lever is in the locked (closed) position. If the hydraulic system is not locked, unintentional machine operation may occur.
- Confirm that the surrounding area is clear of personnel and obstructions, and sound the horn before starting the engine.
- Always start the engine from the operator seat. Never start the engine by shorting the starter solenoid or starter relay.
- Never use ether starting fluid to start the engine. Ether is highly flammable and can cause a fire or an explosion.
- Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide. Carbon monoxide is an invisible and odorless gas, and is toxic. Provide adequate ventilation when starting the engine in a confined space.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

Never crank the engine for more than 15 seconds as it could cause damage to the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly. If the engine fails to start after 15 seconds, stop and allow the starter motor to cool for at least 2 minutes before attempting another start.

Start the engine with the following procedures in cold temperatures:

- Check the fluid levels before starting the engine. Drain the water and sediment from the fuel/water separator once a week. See "Check and Drain the Fuel/Water Separator" on page 4-9.
- Turn the key switch to the HEAT position and release. The key switch returns to OFF. The preheat cycle begins if the air temperature is less than 37°F (3°C). When the preheat cycle begins, a preheat icon is illuminated on the home screen. When the preheat cycle is complete, the preheat icon will turn off.
- Turn the key switch to START, the starter motor will crank the engine. Release the key after the engine has started and the key switch will return to ON.
- After the engine starts, check the monitor display for faults or errors.
- Allow the engine to idle until the engine coolant temperature reaches 140°F (60°C) and the hydraulic oil to reach a temperatures above 104°F (40°C) before using the machine. Operate all the functions with no load for 5 to 10 minutes.

**NOTE:** If the engine fails to start after preheating, wait at least 5 seconds before repeating the process.

#### NOTICE!

When the temperature is below 32°F (0°C), and mud is built up on the tracks, swing the upper structure 90° and raise the machine so that one track is off the ground. Rotate the track forward and backward to remove mud from the drive sprockets, track rollers, and carrier rollers.

#### **Warm-up Operation**



#### **WARNING!**

- In case of emergency, irregular engine operation, or other faults, turn the key switch to OFF or press the emergency stop switch to stop the engine.
- Do not operate the machine immediately after starting the engine. Insufficient warm-up of the machine and hydraulic oil may cause slow control response or abrupt movement during operation, resulting in serious accidents. Warm-up is especially necessary in cold areas.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

Perform the following warm-up items:

- 1. After starting the engine, adjust the throttle control lever so the engine runs unloaded at about 1400 rpm for 5 minutes.
- 2. Adjust the throttle control lever so the engine runs at 1600 rpm, then slowly operate the bucket for 5 minutes.
- 3. Adjust the throttle control lever so the engine runs at a high rpm, then operate the boom, arm, and bucket for 5 to 10 minutes.

Repeat all movements several times and stop the warm-up process. Check the gauges and indicators for normal operating readings after the warm-up process.

#### **New Machine Break-In**

#### NOTICE!

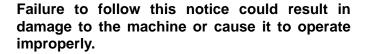
The machine has been thoroughly tested and adjusted before shipment. However, initial operation of the machine under severe conditions can adversely affect the performance of the new machine or shorten the machine life. SANY recommends a break-in period of 100 service hours for a new machine. Properly breaking-in a new machine is crucial for long service life by allowing time for internal engine parts to break-in. Make sure the machine is in normal working condition before proceeding with the break-in.

- 1. Start the engine and run at low idle until it reaches proper operating temperatures. Do not move the controls.
- 2. Avoid operating the machine under heavy loads or at high speeds during the break-in period. Operate as much as possible in the 1/2 to 3/4 throttle or load range. Do not operate this machine with a full load during the break-in period.
- 3. Avoid sudden starts, movements, or stops.
- 4. Monitor the instruments frequently especially the engine oil pressure and engine coolant temperature. Shut down the machine at the first indication of an abnormal reading.
- 5. Avoid running the engine at high idle for long periods of time.
- 6. Manage engine power to allow acceleration to governed speed when conditions require more power. Do not over-rev the engine.
- 7. Always allow the engine to cool before shutting it off.
- 8. After shutting off the engine, check the engine fluid levels.

## **ENGINE SHUTDOWN**

#### NOTICE!

- Stopping the engine before it cools can accelerate engine component wear. Never abruptly shut down the engine except in an emergency.
- · Never stop the engine suddenly when it is overheated. Run the engine at low idle to allow it to cool down gradually before shutting it down.



- 1. Park the machine on a firm, level surface.
- 2. Lower the bucket or optional equipment to the ground.
- 3. Push the throttle control lever (1) forward (low idle) and allow the engine to idle for 5 minutes to cool down.
- 4. Turn the key switch (2) to OFF and remove the key. Pull the hydraulic lockout control lever (3) back to the locked (closed) position.





Fig. 4-18

## **Inspection after Engine Shutdown**

- 1. After shutting down the engine, conduct a walk-around inspection. Check the work equipment, the exterior of the machine, and the undercarriage.
- 2. Check the engine coolant, engine oil, and hydraulic oil levels. See "Fluid Level Checks" on page 4-6.
- 3. Fill the fuel tank with diesel fuel. See "Add Fuel" on page 4-8.
- 4. Clear the engine compartment of combustible debris.
- 5. Clean mud from the tracks and undercarriage. See "Operation on Soft Ground" on page 4-38.

#### **DIRECTIONAL ARROWS**

The directional arrow (1) on each of the track frames indicates forward movement of the machine. Check these arrows before using the travel control levers/pedals. The track drive sprocket is at the rear of the track frame.

If the track frame is facing backward, the travel direction will be opposite the maneuvering direction of the travel control lever/pedal. The machine will move forward when you pull the control levers backward and backward when you push them forward. Left and right control directions are also reversed when the track frame faces backward.

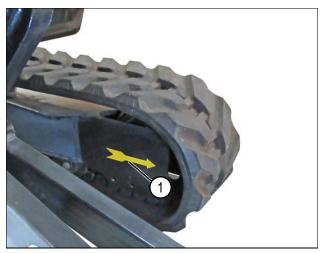


Fig. 4-19 0003794

## **MOVING THE MACHINE**



#### **WARNING!**

- Check the surroundings and sound the horn before moving the machine.
- Personnel are not allowed to approach the machine without operator approval.
- The rear of the machine is a blind area. Use the mirrors and be extremely careful when backing the machine. Use a signalman as needed.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

- The idlers are in the front of the track frame, and the drive sprockets are at the rear of the track frame for forward movement. If the drive sprockets are at the front of the machine, the travel controls will operate in reverse. Check the position of the drive sprockets before traveling.
- Stop the machine for 5 minutes after every 20 minutes of traveling. Prolonged traveling may strain the travel motors.

**NOTE:** Check the directional arrows of the track frame before operating the travel control levers/pedals. See "Directional Arrows" on page 4-21.

Pull the throttle control lever (1) to the rear (high idle).



Fig. 4-20 0003147

### **Travel Controls**

#### **Forward Travel**

Push both travel control levers forward or press the top of both foot pedals equally to move the machine forward.

#### **Reverse Travel**

Pull both travel control levers backward or press the bottom of both foot pedals equally to move the machine in reverse.

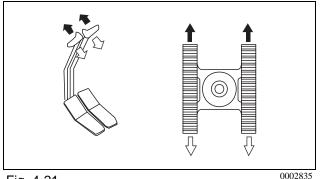


Fig. 4-21

## **Right Turn**

Push the left travel control lever (1) forward or press the top of the left pedal and leave the right travel control lever in the neutral position to turn the machine to the right.

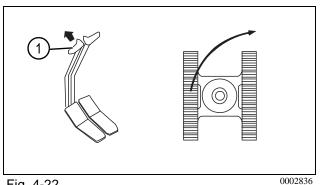


Fig. 4-22

#### **Left Turn**

Push the right travel control lever (1) forward or press the top of the right pedal and leave the left travel control lever in the neutral position to turn the machine to the left.

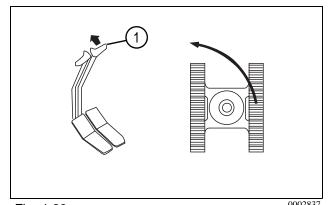


Fig. 4-23

## **Spot Rotation**

Simultaneously push one travel control lever forward and pull the other travel control lever backward to rotate the machine without traveling.

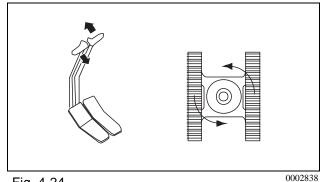
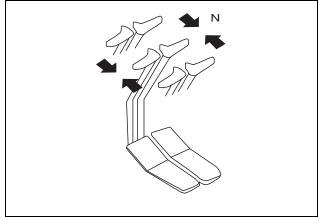


Fig. 4-24

## **Stopping the Machine**

Slowly move the travel control levers/pedals to the neutral (N) position. The travel brake will stop the machine automatically.

NOTE: Do not stop the machine suddenly, except in an emergency.



0002839 Fig. 4-25

## **WORK EQUIPMENT CONTROL AND OPERATION**

#### NOTE:

- The joysticks will return to the neutral position when released and the work equipment holds its position.
- There are two operating modes available for the joystick controls, the society of automotive engineers (SAE) mode and the backhoe loader (BHL) mode. The swing and bucket functions are the same for SAE and BHL modes.

#### **Arm Control - SAE Mode**

To extend the arm, push the left joystick.

To retract the arm, pull the left joystick.

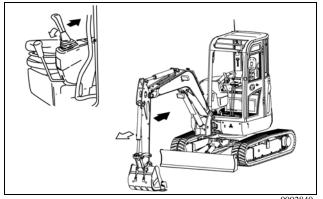


Fig. 4-26

#### **Arm Control – BHL Mode**

To extend the arm, push the right joystick.

To retract the arm, pull the right joystick.

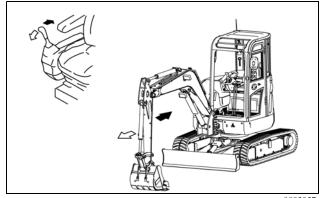


Fig. 4-27

0003057

#### **Boom Control - SAE Mode**

To raise the boom, pull the right joystick.

To lower the boom, push the right joystick.

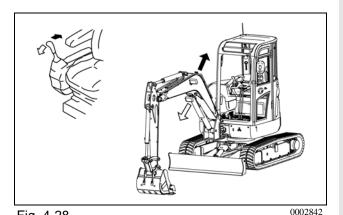


Fig. 4-28

## **Boom Control - BHL Mode**

To raise the boom, pull the left joystick.

To lower the boom, push the left joystick.

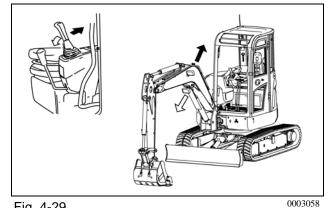
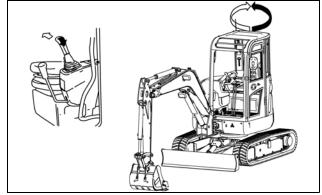


Fig. 4-29

## **Swing Control**

To swing the upper structure to the right, move the left joystick to the right.

To swing the upper structure to the left, move the left joystick to the left.

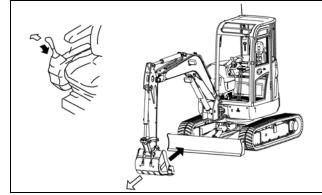


0002841 Fig. 4-30

## **Bucket Control**

To uncurl the bucket, move the right joystick to the right.

To curl the bucket, move the right joystick to the left.



0002843 Fig. 4-31

## **Boom Swing Control Pedal**

The boom swing control pedal is mounted on the canopy floor to the right of the travel controls. The boom swing control pedal swings the boom to the right or left. Press the right side of the pedal to swing the boom right, and press the left side of the pedal to swing the boom left.

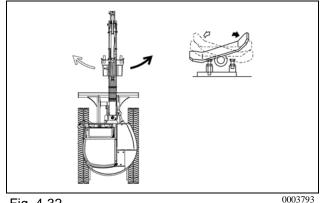


Fig. 4-32

## **Dozer Blade Control Lever**

To raise to the dozer blade, pull the dozer blade control lever (1).

To lower the dozer blade, push the dozer blade control lever (1).

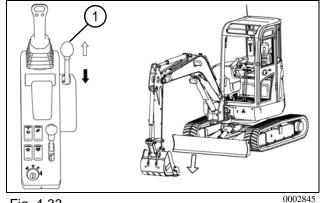


Fig. 4-33

## **RESTRICTED OPERATION**



#### **CAUTION!**

- Use caution when operating work equipment while the machine is traveling.
- Moving any control lever will increase the engine speed.
- When the machine is traveling, keep the bucket 8 in.-12 in. (20 cm-30 cm) above the ground.

Failure to follow these precautions could result in injury.

## **Never Operate with Bucket Force**

Never use the force of the bucket for excavating, digging, breaking, or pile-driving operations. Such operations may considerably reduce the service life of the machine.

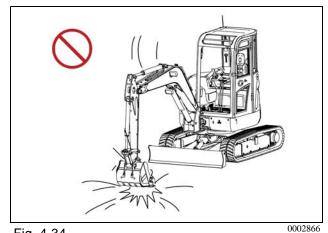


Fig. 4-34

To avoid cylinder damage, do not use the bucket to strike or compact the ground.

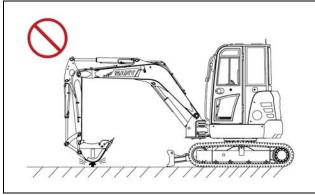


Fig. 4-35

## **Never Use Swing Force**

Never use swing force to compact the ground or to break objects. Such operation is very dangerous and may reduce the service life of the machine.



Fig. 4-36 0002846

# **Never Use Traveling Force**

Never use the machine's traveling force to cut the bucket into the ground to excavate. Such an operation may damage the machine or the work equipment.

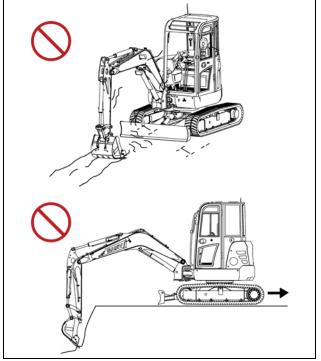


Fig. 4-37

## **Never Operate Using Machine Weight**

Never raise the rear or front of the machine to use the machine's weight to excavate. Operating while using the machine's weight may damage the machine.

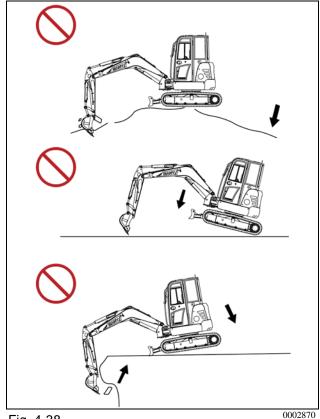


Fig. 4-38

## Do Not Operate a Cylinder to the Stroke End

Avoid operating the machine with any cylinder fully retracted or extended.

**NOTE:** If the cylinder piston reaches the end of its stroke, continued use of the work equipment could damage the cylinder.

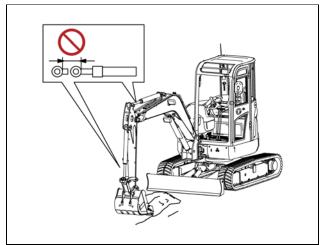


Fig. 4-39 0002848

## **Avoid Dozer Blade Impact**

Do not strike rocks or other hard objects with the dozer blade. This can shorten the service life of the dozer blade or the hydraulic cylinder.

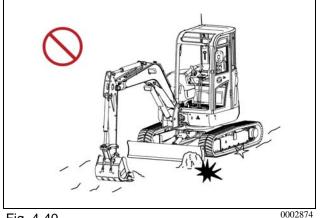


Fig. 4-40

## **Avoid Shifting Travel Directions Suddenly**

- Never jerk the control levers. Jerking the control levers can cause travel motor strain and shorten the service life.
- Avoid moving the control levers quickly from forward travel to reverse travel.
- Never quickly move the control levers from high speed to neutral.

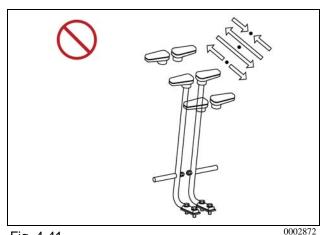


Fig. 4-41

## Support the Dozer Blade

When the dozer blade is used as a stabilizer, never use one end of the blade to support the machine.

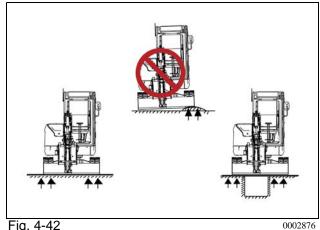


Fig. 4-42

## **Excavating Hard Ground**

Use alternate work equipment to break up hard ground before excavation to prevent machine damage.

## **TRAVEL**

#### **General Travel Instructions**



#### **CAUTION!**

Appoint a signalman when driving or operating the machine in confined areas. Use standard hand signals before starting the machine.

#### Failure to follow this caution could result in injury.

- The machine's travel direction is controlled by the travel control levers/pedals and dictated by the location of the travel motors relative to the canopy.
- When the travel motors (1) are positioned behind the canopy, press the top of the travel control pedals or push the travel control levers to move the machine forward.
- Select a flat travel surface and travel in a straight line. If possible, turn the machine slowly and gradually.

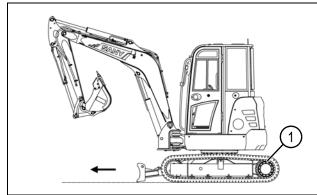


Fig. 4-43

• Never let the machine make contact with power lines or bridges (2).

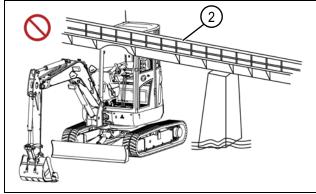


Fig. 4-44

0002884

- Do not drive or swing the machine on broken stones, rugged surfaces, steel bars, or scrap iron. This could cause personal injury or track damage.
- Do not perform operations where the rubber tracks may skid. This can cause early track wear.
- Slow the machine when traveling on uneven ground. A lower speed reduces the possibility of machine damage.

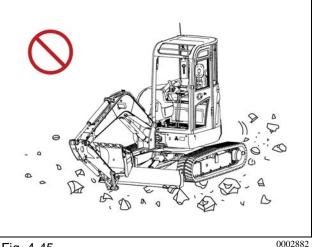


Fig. 4-45

- Do not operate the machine on a surface covered by small stones that could cause track skidding or damage.
- Avoid premature track wear or damage. Do not operate the machine on new asphalt or other hot surfaces.
- Do not allow fuels, oils, salt, or chemical solvents to make contact with the tracks. These substances will erode the track links and cause rusting and peeling. Wash these substances off the tracks immediately with clean water.
- Avoid operation of the machine in a marine environment. Salt in seawater can damage the tracks. Rinse the tracks if they were exposed to salt or salt Fig. 4-46 water.

**Traveling at High Speed** 



When traveling at high speeds, position the idlers to the front of the canopy.

#### **Operating in Water**

#### NOTICE!

- Operate the machine slowly when traveling through water. Check the depth of the water with the bucket. Do not operate the machine in a marine environment. Salt in seawater can damage the tracks.
- When driving the machine out of water on a grade steeper than 15°, the rear of the upper structure may be submerged in water. The radiator fan may sustain water damage that can result in damage to the machine or cause the equipment to operate improperly.
- Do not drive the machine into water where the depth is above the center of the final drive sprocket (1).
- Grease the parts that have been submerged until the old grease has been displaced from the bearing (especially from the bucket pin).
- Make sure that the job site surface is hard enough for the machine.

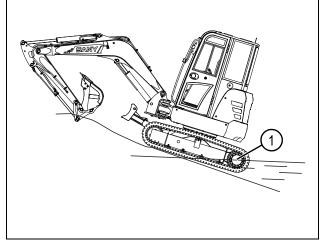


Fig. 4-47 0002886

- Continuously monitor the condition of the machine when operating in water. Move the machine to a different location if necessary.
- Make sure that the swing bearing, swing drive gear, and swivel do not become submerged in water.
  - **NOTE:** If the swing bearing, swing drive gear, or swivel have been submerged in water, they must be cleaned. Lubricate the swing drive gear and swing bearing.

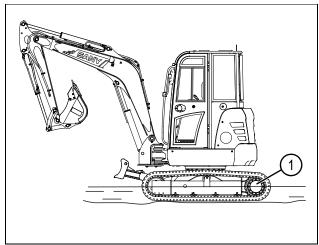


Fig. 4-48

# Traveling on an Incline

### **Precautions When Traveling on an Incline**



### **WARNING!**

- Operating the machine on an incline may cause the machine to become unstable.
- Use caution when operating the machine on inclines, and use a lower engine speed.
- Operate the machine slowly and monitor machine movement.
- Do not travel on an incline with the bucket loaded or with a lifted load.
- Do not swing a loaded bucket toward the downhill direction.
- Build a platform on an incline so the machine can be operated on a level surface.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

The engine may be damaged if the machine is operated on an incline of more than 25°.

Tipping over may result if the machine is on uneven ground or on a slope. To avoid such accidents, follow these instructions when the machine is operated on uneven ground or on a slope:

- Keep the engine running at low idle.
- Choose low-speed travel mode.
- Operate slowly and observe the motion of the machine.
- Do not attempt to travel on a slope with the bucket loaded or with a load lifted.
- Never attempt to travel up or down a grade greater than 30°. Never attempt to cross a slope with a grade greater than 15°.
- Always keep the seat belt fastened.
- Keep the bucket pointed toward the traveling direction and 8 in.-12 in. (20 cm-30 cm) off the ground. Travel at low speed.
- Do not attempt to change direction on a slope or the machine may slip and tip over. Only change direction on an even and solid surface.
- If the engine stalls on a slope, lower the bucket to the ground immediately, neutralize all control levers, and restart the engine.

- Before traveling up a steep slope, allow the machine to warm up sufficiently so it can perform properly.
- Avoid crossing inclines as much as possible. Slipping or rolling over may occur.
- Do not swing (1) the upper structure on a slope.
- Do not swing the upper structure to the downhill direction; the machine may tip over. If such an operation is necessary, swing the upper structure and the boom with great care.
- Do not swing a loaded bucket to the downhill direction. Build a platform (2) on an incline so the machine can be operated on a level surface.

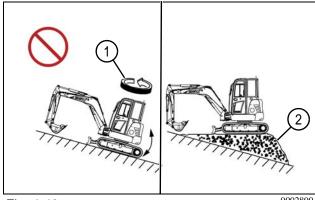


Fig. 4-49

When traveling down a grade greater than 15°, the work equipment should be positioned in front of the canopy with the final drive sprockets (3) in the uphill direction. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90° and  $110^{\circ}$  (4) and the bucket 8 in.–12 in. (20 cm-30 cm) (5) above the ground.

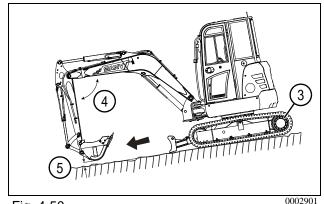


Fig. 4-50

When traveling up a grade greater than 15°, the work equipment should be positioned in front of the canopy with the final drive sprockets (6) in the downhill direction. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90° and 110°, (7) and the bucket 8 in.–12 in. (20 cm–30 cm) (8) above the ground.

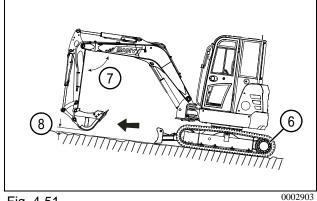


Fig. 4-51

**NOTE:** The tracks may slip when the machine is traveling uphill. Use the arm to help the machine travel uphill as necessary.

- To maintain machine balance on an incline, extend the boom and arm uphill and keep the bucket 8 in.—12 in. (20 cm—30 cm) (9) off the ground. Travel at low speed.
- When traveling uphill, keep the tracks in the forward direction.

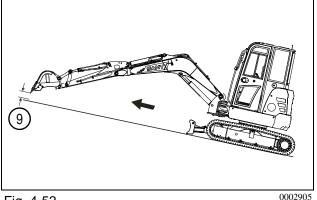
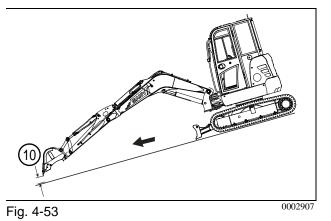


Fig. 4-52

• When traveling downhill, keep the bucket in the traveling direction and 8 in.—12 in. (20 cm—30 cm) (10) above the ground. Lower the bucket immediately if the machine slips or loses balance.



# **Engine Stalls on an Incline**

If the engine stalls when the machine is on an incline, lower the bucket to the ground immediately, move all control levers to the neutral position, and restart the engine.

When the engine stalls on an incline, do not use the left joystick to swing the machine. The upper structure will swing due to its weight.

Before traveling up a steep incline, allow the machine to warm up sufficiently to perform properly.

# **Operation on Soft Ground**

### NOTICE!

- Wide tracks are intended for operation on soft ground.
- Inspect the tracks on a regular basis.

Choose the proper tracks when operating the machine on soft ground. Soft ground may cave in and cause the machine to roll over. Place steel plates on soft ground to support the machine.

The machine may get stuck in mud when operating on soft ground. To remove mud buildup from the tracks, use the following steps:

- Swing the upper structure sideways, lower the bucket to the ground, and lift one track off the ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90° and 110° (1) with the bottom of the bucket on the ground.
- Remove mud buildup by rotating the lifted track back and forth. Lower the track onto the ground and drive the machine to solid ground at low speed.

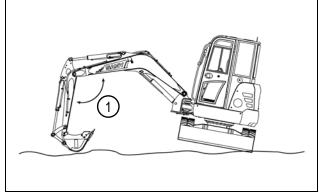


Fig. 4-54

- Pull the machine to solid ground using the boom, arm, and bucket.
- If the engine is still running when the machine is stuck, tow the machine with proper towing slings.

### Removing a Stuck Machine

Be careful when operating on soft terrain to avoid becoming stuck. If your machine becomes stuck in soft ground, perform the following procedures to free the machine:

- 1. Swing the upper structure 90°, lower the bucket to the ground, and lift the track on one side off the ground.
- 2. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90° and 110° and place the bottom of the bucket on the ground.

**NOTE:** Never dig the bucket tips into the earth when the bucket is in the reversed position.

3. Place blocks under the track frame to support the machine.

### **Towing the Machine**



### **WARNING!**

- Make sure the wire ropes used for towing the machine are strong enough.
- Never use a broken chain, worn wire rope, or a bent tow hook to tow the machine.
- Never jerk the wire rope.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

If the machine is stuck in mud or soft terrain and is unable to get out under its own power, use wire rope(s) (2) attached to the frame towing hole (1) to assist in its removal.

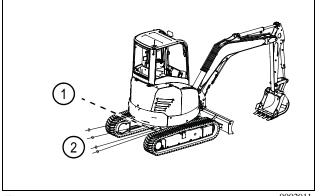


Fig. 4-55

0002911

### **Towing Point for a Light Load**

#### NOTICE!

- Make sure the wire ropes used for towing the machine are strong enough.
- A shackle must be used.
- Keep the wire ropes horizontal and parallel to the tracks.

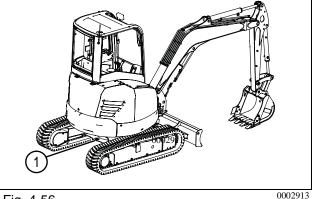


Fig. 4-56

Drive the machine at low speed.

The machine is equipped with a light-load towing point (1) on the frame that can be used to tow a light load.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATIONS**

#### NOTICE!

- Avoid sudden stops when lowering the boom. Hydraulic shock can damage the hydraulic system.
- Avoid extending the arm cylinder while in full travel. This can damage the hydraulic cylinder.
- Do not allow the bucket to come in contact with the tracks when excavating at an angle.
- Do not allow the boom or arm hydraulic cylinder's hoses to come into contact with the ground.

Operate the machine using the following applications. The scope of application can also be expanded by using various optional attachments.

# **Trenching Work**

When performing trenching work, install a bucket that matches the width of the trench and keep the tracks parallel with the trench.

When excavating a trench, always start from the sides. Then remove the earth in the middle.

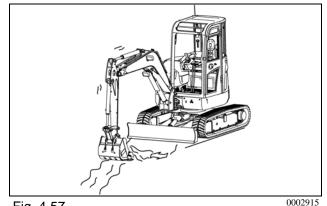


Fig. 4-57

# **Boom Swing Feature**

The boom swing feature allows this excavator to perform trench work close to a wall.

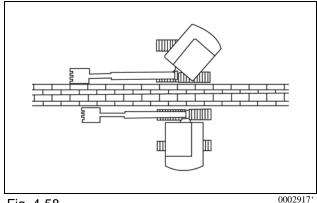


Fig. 4-58

# **Vehicle Loading**

To increase efficiency, load the dump truck from behind instead of from the side.

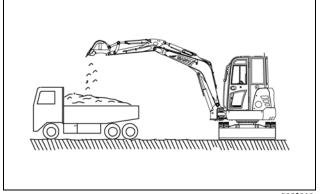


Fig. 4-59 0002919

# **Leveling Operation**

- 1. Choose the light-load mode when performing a leveling operation. Roll the bucket out and hold it slightly ahead of the arm.
- Raise the boom slowly and retract the arm at the same time. Once the arm passes the vertical position, lower the boom slowly and keep the bucket moving parallel to the ground.

**NOTE:** Do not drag or push the bucket on the ground while the machine is traveling.

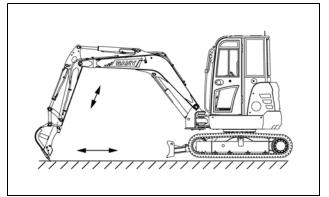
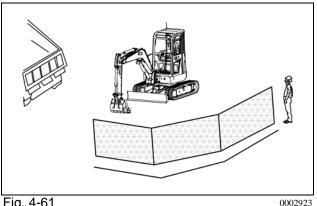


Fig. 4-60 0002921

# **Operating Precautions**

#### WARNING!

- Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and clothing during operation.
- Clear all personnel and obstacles around the machine and the work area. Inspect the surroundings machine and its durina operation. Be careful not to allow the upper structure to hit any objects when operating the machine in narrow or confined spaces.



- Fig. 4-61
- When loading a dump truck, do not swing the bucket over the truck cab or any people on the job site.
- · Operate the machine on a hard and level surface. When working in a ditch or on a road shoulder, keep the tracks perpendicular to the work face and the travel motors at the rear of the machine. Placing the machine in this position helps facilitate escape if a collapse occurs.
- When working under a cliff or high embankment, make sure the work area is secure.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

- Do not allow the arm to interfere with the tracks during operation.
- Do not use the swinging force of the machine to move rocks or break walls.
- Adjust the length and depth of the cut so the bucket is full after each cycle.
- To improve efficiency, a full bucket is more important than loading speed.
- Do not use the side of the bucket to level materials or strike objects.

Failure to follow these notices could result in damage to the machine or cause it to operate improperly.

# PARK THE MACHINE

- Move the machine to a solid, level surface.
- Lower the bucket and dozer blade to the ground.
- 3. Push the throttle control lever forward (low idle). Run the engine at idle for 5 minutes to cool it down.
- 4. Move the hydraulic lockout control lever to the locked (closed) position.
- 5. Turn the key switch to OFF and remove the key.
- Turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF.

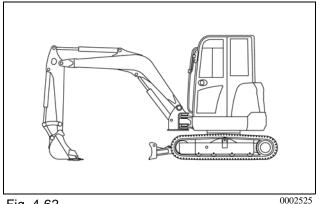


Fig. 4-62

# Parking the Machine on a Grade



### **CAUTION!**

Avoid parking the machine on a grade when possible. Machine rollover can cause injury.

If it is necessary to park the machine on a grade:

- 1. Firmly set the bucket teeth and dozer blade into the ground.
- 2. Move the hydraulic lockout control lever to the locked (closed) position.
- 3. Turn the key switch to OFF and remove the key.
- Turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF.
- 5. Securely chock the tracks.

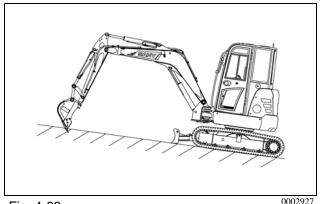


Fig. 4-63

### **COLD WEATHER OPERATION**

# **Operation in Cold Weather**

When operating the machine in low temperatures, the engine may be difficult to start, the fuel line may freeze, and oil may become more viscous. Select fuels and lubricants according to the air temperature.

### **Engine Coolant in Cold Weather**

See "Recommended Lubricants, Fuels, and Coolant" on page 5-9.

### **Battery in Cold Weather**



#### **WARNING!**

Before proceeding with any battery maintenance procedure, observe the following precautions:

- The top of the battery must be kept clean to prevent plugging of the battery vents. Regularly
  wash the top of the battery to prevent the battery vents from plugging.
- Battery gases are explosive Never smoke around batteries or expose them to sparks or open flames. Work in a well-ventilated area.
- Wear personal protective equipment (PPE) when working with batteries.
- Battery acid can cause burns or injury. If battery acid makes contact with your skin or eyes, flush the area immediately with fresh water and seek medical attention.

Failure to follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

In cold climates, battery efficiency will decline. Electrolyte can freeze if the battery charge is low. Keep the battery charged near 100% and keep the battery in a warm area if possible.

# **After Daily Operation**



#### WARNING!

Rotating tracks are dangerous. Stay away from rotating tracks. Failure to follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

### NOTICE!

Fill the fuel tank to its maximum level after operation to prevent moisture in the fuel tank from condensing at low temperatures, which could result in fuel-line freeze.

Mud and water accumulation on the undercarriage can affect normal operation of the machine. After operating the machine in mud or water, make sure to perform the following actions after daily operation:

- Remove mud and water from the machine. Mud, dirt, and water can damage the seals. See "Operation on Soft Ground" on page 4-38.
- Park the machine on a firm, dry surface.
- If possible, park the machine on boards, which can prevent the tracks from sinking into soft ground. Normal operation can fail if the machine becomes stuck.
- Open the drain valve of the fuel/water separator to drain any water in the fuel system. See "Check and Drain the Fuel/Water Separator" on page 4-9.

# **Machine Storage in Cold Weather**

- 1. Clean the machine.
- 2. Check the engine coolant and engine oil levels, and check for leaks. The machine is normally filled to withstand a minimum low temperature of -40°F (-40°C). Change the fuel, hydraulic oil, and gear oil with new fluids that meet the air temperature requirements as necessary.
- 3. Check the machine for leaks. Check all cylinder rods for scratches and corrosion. Apply grease to exposed cylinder rods.
- 4. Remove and charge the battery. When the battery is fully charged, store it indoors.
- 5. Install the battery and start and run the machine on a monthly basis.
- 6. Clean the battery terminals as necessary. Apply a coat of dielectric grease to the terminals. Check the specific gravity of the electrolyte and add distilled water or electrolyte if necessary.

### After Cold Season

- Replace the fuel and engine oil with fuel and oil of the specified viscosity.
- If permanent ethylene glycol coolant was not used and ethanol coolant is used as an alternative, or if no coolant was used, drain and flush the cooling system completely, and add new ethylene glycol coolant to the cooling system.

# **Long-Term Storage**

### **Before Long-Term Storage**

#### NOTICE!

### Extend the bucket and arm and lower the boom to prevent the cylinder rods from rusting.

Perform the following procedures before storing the machine:

- Clean and wash all components and park the machine indoors. If indoor storage is not possible, park the machine on a firm, level surface. Cover the machine if possible.
- 2. Extend the bucket, arm, and boom.
- 3. Support the dozer blade on a block.
- 4. Fill the fuel tank, apply lubricant, and change the engine oil before storage.
- 5. Apply a thin coat of grease to any exposed surfaces of the hydraulic cylinder rods.

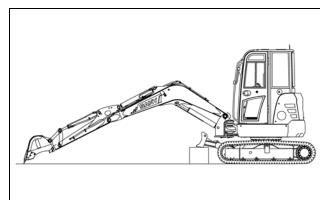


Fig. 4-64

- 64 0002929
- 6. Disconnect the negative battery cable or remove the battery and store it.
- 7. If the ambient temperature is expected to drop below 32°F (0°C), check the engine coolant mixture ratios and add concentrated engine coolant to the cooling system if necessary.
- 8. Place the hydraulic lockout control lever in the locked (closed) position.
- 9. Close and lock the engine hood and right access door.

### **During Storage**



### **WARNING!**

During indoor storage, if an anti-rusting operation is performed, open the windows and doors to provide proper ventilation and avoid gas poisoning.

During the storage period, operate the machine on a monthly basis to prevent rust and seizing of moving parts and to lubricate the seals. Charge the battery at this time.

# **Removing from Storage**

### NOTICE!

If no monthly rust-proofing maintenance was performed, contact a SANY dealer before using the machine.

Follow the procedures below before using a machine that has been stored for a prolonged period of time:

- Clean the grease from the cylinder piston rods.
- Add oil or apply lubricant to all parts or components.

### **Starting the Engine After Long-Term Storage**

- 1. Turn the key switch (1) to ON.
- 2. Pull the throttle control lever (2) backward (high idle) and pause for 3 seconds.
- 3. Push the throttle control lever forward (low idle) and start the engine. For additional starting information, see "Starting the Engine" on page 4-15.



Fig. **4-65** 0003147

## TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

# **Transportation Method**

Applicable laws and regulations must be observed when transporting the machine.

- When transporting the machine with a trailer, confirm the length, width, height, and weight capacity of the trailer before loading.
- Investigate road conditions in advance (for example, dimension restrictions, weight restrictions, and traffic regulations).
- The machine may need to be disassembled to meet the local dimension and/or weight limits.

**NOTE:** The machine's shipping weight and dimensions may vary, depending on its tracks and work equipment.

# **Loading and Unloading**



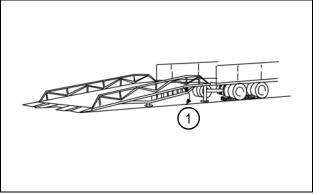
### **WARNING!**

- To prevent the machine from tipping over, select a firm and level location that is a safe distance from any road or structure.
- Make sure the trailer is properly chocked to prevent any movement.
- Use an access ramp with enough length, strength, and width to properly support the machine. The ramp grade should not exceed 15°.
- Drive slowly at the junction of the ramp and the trailer. The machine may shift suddenly due to a change in its center of gravity.
- Use a signalman to alert the operator to any potential hazards.

### Failure to follow these precautions could result in death or injury.

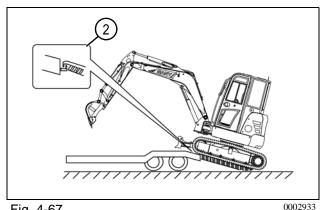
- Push the throttle control lever forward (low idle). Operating the engine at high idle could result in sudden, unexpected movement.
- Use level, solid ground and keep the machine a safe distance away from roads during loading and unloading operations.

- Make sure the loading ramps have adequate width, length, thickness, and strength. The maximum angle of the ramps is  $15^{\circ}$  (1).
- Never change direction on the access ramp. If repositioning the machine is necessary, back up, reorient the machine, and drive up or down the ramps.



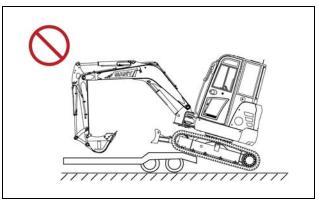
0002935 Fig. 4-66

- Use care when driving over the joints (2) between the trailer and the ramps.
- Swinging the upper structure may cause the machine to tip over and result in personal injury. Retract and lower the arm and swing the upper structure slowly to achieve the optimal balance.
- Never operate any control levers other than the travel levers when the machine is on a ramp.
- Clean the loading platform, ramps, and trailer floor before loading or unloading. Grease, mud, or ice on the Fig. 4-67 trailer, loading platform, or ramps can cause the machine to slide and tip over.



## **Loading the Machine**

Use a loading platform or ramps when loading or unloading the machine.



0002931 Fig. 4-68

When loading the excavator with work equipment installed, place the work equipment in the front and travel forward.

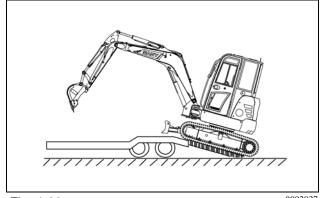


Fig. 4-69 0002937

When loading the excavator without equipment installed, travel in reverse up the ramps. Set the ramps at no more of an angle than  $15^{\circ}$  (1).

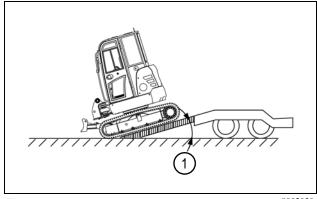


Fig. 4-70 0002939

Use the following procedures during loading:

- 1. Align the centerline of the machine with that of the trailer.
- 2. Slowly drive the machine up the ramps.
- 3. When the machine tilts toward the trailer side, lower the bucket close to the trailer floor. Drive slowly until the tracks are completely on the trailer.
- 4. Slightly raise the bucket. Retract the arm and keep it in a lower position. Slowly swing the upper structure 180°. Lower the dozer blade.
- 5. Fully curl the bucket and arm. Slowly lower the boom.

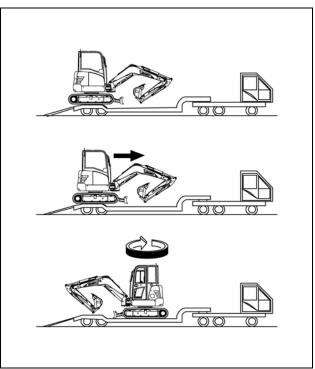


Fig. 4-71 0002941

**NOTE:** To prevent damage to the bucket cylinder, place a wood block (1) between the bucket cylinder and the trailer floor. Slowly lower the bucket cylinder onto the wood block.

- 6. Stop the engine, then turn the key to ON.
- 7. Operate the joysticks until the pressure inside the hydraulic cylinders is fully released.
- 8. Place the hydraulic lockout control lever in the locked (closed) position.

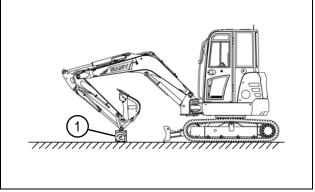


Fig. 4-72 0002943

9. Turn the key to OFF and remove from the key switch.

### NOTICE!

- Never turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF while the engine is running. This can damage the electrical system or cause the machine to operate improperly.
- After machine shutdown, wait at least 1 minute for the engine control module (ECM) to complete its shutdown before turning the battery disconnect switch to OFF.

Failure to follow this notice could cause damage to the machine or cause it to operate improperly.

- 10. Turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF.
- 11. Lock right access door and engine hood.
- 12. Cover the exhaust opening to prevent contamination.

### **Securing the Machine**

### NOTICE!

- Position the mirror inward towards the machine.
- · Secure any removed parts to the trailer.
- Put a wood block between the bucket cylinder and the trailer floor to help prevent damage to the bucket cylinder.
- Secure chains and wire ropes to the machine frame.
- Prevent chains and wire ropes from crossing or pressing against the hydraulic lines or hoses, which could result in damage and leaks.

When the machine has been loaded, follow these procedures to tie it down:

- 1. Prevent machine movement during transportation by placing chocks (1) at both ends of the tracks. Secure the machine with chains or wire ropes.
- 2. Make sure to secure the machine firmly in place to prevent it from sliding.

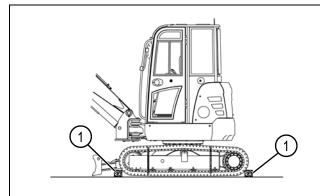


Fig. 4-73 0002945

### **Unloading the Machine**

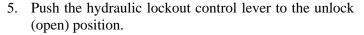
#### NOTICE!

Use extreme care when the machine drives over the joint area between the trailer and the ramps.

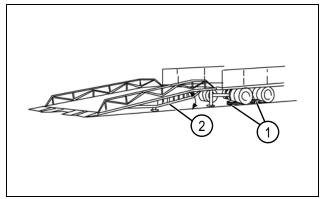
Prevent damage caused by unexpected movement of the work equipment. Maintain the boom-arm angle between 90° and 110°. Unloading the machine with the arm retracted may cause damage to the machine.

- 1. Always load/unload the machine on firm, level ground and keep a safe distance away from roads.
- 2. Brake the trailer properly and chock (1) the trailer wheels. Place the ramps between the trailer and the machine. Make sure the two ramps are on the same level and have an angle less than 15° (2). Adjust the distance between the ramps to match the distance between the tracks.
- 3. Remove chains or wire ropes that secure the machine.





- 6. Raise the work equipment and retract the arm toward the boom. Drive the machine slowly.
- 7. Stop the machine when it travels over the rear wheels of the trailer and toward the ramps.
- 8. Adjust the boom-arm to an angle of  $90^{\circ}$  to  $110^{\circ}$  (3) and lower the bucket so the flat surface is in contact with the ground. Drive the machine slowly onto the ramps.



0002935 Fig. 4-74

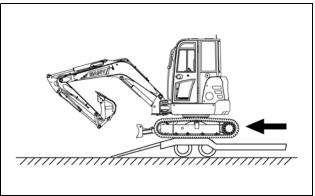


Fig. 4-75 0002947

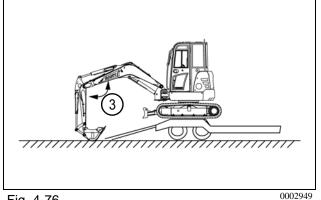


Fig. 4-76

9. Operate the boom and the arm slowly when the machine is on the ramps. Allow the machine to descend slowly until it comes in contact with the ground.

#### NOTICE!

Use extreme care when the machine drives over the joint area between the trailer and the ramps.

Avoid damage caused by unexpected movement of the work equipment. Maintain the boom-arm between an angle of 90° and 110°. Unloading the machine with the arm retracted may cause damage to the machine.

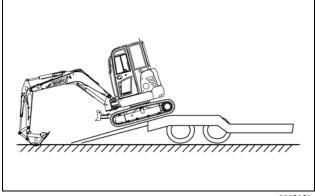


Fig. 4-77 0002951

10. Shut down the engine. See "Engine Shutdown" on page 4-20.

### Lifting the Machine



### WARNING!

- Never lift the machine with a person inside the canopy.
- Allow no one to stand close to or under a lifted machine.
- Make sure the wire ropes are rated to lift the machine.
- Always lift with the longitudinal centerlines of the upper structure and undercarriage parallel to each other.
- Keep the hydraulic lockout control lever in the locked (closed) position to prevent unexpected movement of the machine.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTE:** This lifting procedure applies to standard machines. Check the operating weight of the machine, See "Technical Specifications" on page 6-5.

- 1. Park the machine on firm, level ground, raise the dozer blade, and swing the upper structure to the rear of the machine.
- 2. Fully extend the arm cylinder and the bucket cylinder. Raise the boom.
- 3. Place the hydraulic lockout control lever in the locked (closed) position.
- 4. Turn the key to OFF and remove from the key switch.
- 5. Turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF.
- 6. Lock right access door and engine hood.
- 7. Cover the exhaust opening to prevent contamination.
- 8. Use wire ropes and a container spreader bar that have adequate length to keep the machine free from damage.
- 9. Lift the machine 10 in.—12 in. (25 cm—30 cm) and check its balance. If it is not balanced, lower the machine to the ground and adjust the boom or dozer blade positions.

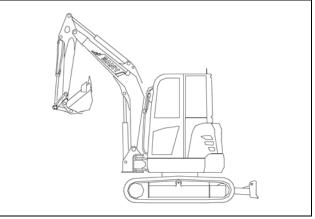


Fig. 4-78 0002953

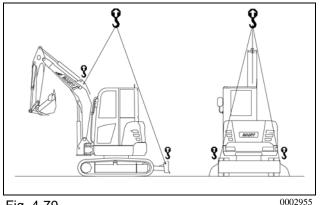


Fig. 4-79

**This Page Intentionally Left Blank** 

# **Maintenance**

Maintenance Information
Checks Before Maintenance or Repairs5-4
Checks After Maintenance or Repairs
Hour Meter Reading
Genuine SANY Parts
SANY-Approved Lubricants
Windshield Washer Fluid
Oil and Filter Inspection
Collect Oil Sample
Fuel Strainer
Preventing Contamination
Installation of Hydraulic Hoses
Securing Access Covers and Compartment Doors
Cleaning the Machine
Weld, Drill, Cut, or Grind on the Machine5-6
Inspection and Maintenance in Adverse Environments
Mud, Rain, or Snow Conditions
Near Ocean (Salt Air) Environments
Dusty Environments5-7
Cold Environments5-7
Other Weather Environments
Check the Maintenance Log5-7
Daily Inspection and Maintenance5-8
Recommended Lubricants, Fuels, and Coolant5-9
Fluid Capacities
Hydraulic Oil Description
Maintenance Schedule5-11
When Required
Daily or Every 8 Hours5-11
After the First 50 Hours
Weekly or Every 50 Hours
Every 100 Hours

	After the First 150 Hours	.5-12
	After the First 250 Hours	
	Every 250 Hours	
	Every 3 Months or 500 Hours	
	Every 6 Months or 1000 Hours	
	Annually or Every 2000 Hours	
	Hydraulic Breaker Maintenance Interval	
	Lubrication and Maintenance Charts	
Ma	intenance Procedures	
	Engine	
	Engine Inspection	
	Pre-Start Inspection	
	Check the Engine Oil Level	
	Change the Engine Oil and Filter	
	Collect Engine Oil Sample	
	Check and Adjust the Fan Belt Tension	
	Replace the Fan Belt	
	Check the Alternator	
	Check the Starter	
	Check and Replace the Air Filters	
	Check	
	Engine Cooling System	
	Check the Engine Coolant Level	
	Change the Engine Coolant	
	Inspect the Engine Coolant Pump	
	Inspect and Clean the Cooling Package	
	Fuel System	
	Bleed the Fuel System	
	Drain the Fuel Tank	
	Replace the Secondary Fuel Filter	
	Drain and Clean the Primary Fuel Filter/Water Separator	
	Battery	
	Check the Battery	
	Remove the Battery	
	Hydraulic System	
	Check the Accumulator Function	
	Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure	
	Check the Hydraulic Oil Level	
	Add Hydraulic Oil	
	Replace the Hydraulic Tank Breather Filter Element	.5-34
	Replace the Hydraulic Oil Pilot Filter	.5-35
	Replace the Hydraulic Oil Return Filter	.5-36
	Clean and Replace the Hydraulic Oil Suction Strainer	.5-37
	Change the Hydraulic Oil	.5-39
	Collect Hydraulic Oil Sample	.5-40
	Check the Hydraulic Hoses, Lines, and Connectors	
	Swing Drive	
	Check the Swing Drive Gearbox Mounting Fasteners	
	Track Assembly	
	Check the Track Tension	.5-41

Adjust the Track Tension	5-42
Increase the Track Tension	5-42
Decrease the Track Tension	5-43
Check and Add Final Drive Oil	5-44
Change the Final Drive Oil	5-45
Collect Final Drive Oil Sample	5-46
Check the Final Drive Motor Mounting Fasteners	5-46
Lubrication	
Lubrication Points	5-47
Arm Cylinder Rod End Pin	5-48
Boom-Arm Connecting Pin	5-48
Arm Cylinder Base End Pin	5-49
Boom Cylinder Rod End Pin	5-49
Boom Cylinder Base End Pin	5-49
Boom Pin	5-50
Swing Bearing	5-50
Swing Gear	5-50
Boom Swing Cylinder Base End Pin	5-50
Dozer Blade Cylinder End and Blade Linkage Pins	5-51
Bucket Linkage Pins	5-51
Bucket Cylinder Rod End Pin	5-51
Bucket Cylinder Base End Pin	5-52
Boom Swing Cylinder Rod End Pin	5-52
Boom Swing Pin	5-52
Bucket	
Replace the Bucket Teeth	5-53
Replace the Bucket	5-54

### MAINTENANCE INFORMATION

Do not perform any maintenance and/or repairs unless the procedures are covered in this manual. Always follow all safety precautions. Read and understand the Safety section of this manual before proceeding with any inspection or maintenance procedures. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

# **Checks Before Maintenance or Repairs**

Review the Maintenance Log and follow these points:

- Avoid working on the machine while the engine is running unless required to do so in the procedure. If the
  engine must remain running during a procedure, always have a person in the cab who can correctly operate
  the machine and who is in clear contact with you at all times.
- Contact a SANY dealer if you are unable to perform the procedures listed in this manual or if additional
  procedures are required.
- Always use the proper tools when performing any maintenance procedures.

# **Checks After Maintenance or Repairs**

Before starting the machine after maintenance or repairs, verify the following:

- If necessary, have a coworker inspect your work for correct and proper completion.
- Complete the maintenance log.
- Check for leaks in the system that had maintenance or repairs.
- Verify there are no abnormal sounds coming from the engine or hydraulic system.
- Check for any loose or abnormal movement in the system you have maintained.
- Check for any overheating in the system you have maintained.

After performing maintenance or repairs to the machine, always take time to inventory your tools, parts used, and fasteners to be sure none of these items were left on or inside the machine. Return the machine to its proper location.

# **Hour Meter Reading**

Record the hour meter reading daily. Confirm hour meter readings with the required maintenance intervals listed in this manual. When a maintenance service is due, an umbrella symbol will appear on the display.

### **Genuine SANY Parts**

Use genuine SANY replacement parts when repairing or replacing machine components. Failure to do so may result in premature system or part failure.

# **SANY-Approved Lubricants**

Always use SANY-approved lubricants and coolants. Never mix different lubricant brands or viscosities. The use of unapproved lubricants and coolants, or mixing different lubricant brands or viscosities, may result in shortened service life or system failure.

### Windshield Washer Fluid

Use clean automotive windshield washer fluid only. Do not mix concentrates into the windshield washer fluid.

# Oil and Filter Inspection

#### NOTICE!

Failure to inspect oils and filters for contamination may result in damage to the machine or cause improper operation.

After changing the engine or hydraulic oil or filters, inspect them for contamination. If contamination is found, send a sample of the oil for testing to help determine the cause. Consult with a SANY dealer before operating the machine.

# **Collect Oil Sample**

Collect and send an oil sample for testing in accordance with the maintenance schedule. Obtain and follow the instructions within an oil analysis sample kit from a SANY dealer.

### **Fuel Strainer**

The fuel tank strainer should always be installed when fueling the machine. The fuel tank strainer prevents larger dirt and other contaminates from entering the fuel system. The fuel tank strainer does not filter out very small or non-solid impurities.

# **Preventing Contamination**

Clean dirt, dust, and debris from the hydraulic tank filler cover or cover before opening. Make sure objects do not fall into the tank and contaminate fluids during servicing. If any object falls into any tank, remove it immediately. Failure to do so could result in component malfunction, damage to the machine, or improper machine operation.

# Installation of Hydraulic Hoses

When disassembling parts sealed by O-rings or gaskets, clean the surfaces before installing the new parts. Always install new O-rings and gaskets.

Never kink or twist a hydraulic hose during removal or installation. Hydraulic hoses that have been kinked or twisted can be damaged internally, which can considerably shorten the service life of the hose.

### **Securing Access Covers and Compartment Doors**

When servicing the machine with any access cover or compartment door open, use the lock latch or bar to secure the cover or compartment door in the open position. Covers and doors that are not locked open can shut unexpectedly and cause injury.

# **Cleaning the Machine**

Never clean the machine with caustic chemicals or steam cleaners. Instead, use mild soaps and a pressure washer to clean the machine. Always protect electrical parts when cleaning the machine. Never flood or pressure-wash the inside of the cab. Use only nonflammable cleaning solvents. Never use flammable liquids to clean parts or systems.

### Weld, Drill, Cut, or Grind on the Machine

#### NOTICE!

Contact a SANY dealer before beginning any welding repairs. Any welding repairs on the machine must be performed by personnel who are qualified and certified to perform repairs that require welding. Owners are responsible for the structural integrity of any completed repair.

- After turning off the ignition switch, wait 1 minute before disconnecting the battery. Remove the negative battery cable from the negative (-) post of the battery.
- The welding ground cable must be connected within 3.3 ft. (1 m) of the welding area. The welding cable must be connected directly to the part being welded. Do not ground through bearings, hydraulic cylinder pins, or work equipment pins.

Failure to disconnect the battery frame ground could result in damage to the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly.

# **Inspection and Maintenance in Adverse Environments**

If the machine will be operating under adverse conditions:

- Check and clean all electrical components to prevent any accumulated corrosion.
- Check and clean any areas where extreme heat is present, such as the exhaust system, manifold, and turbocharger.

For heavy-load operation, add grease to the pins of the work equipment prior to each operation. Cycle the operation of all working parts several times before filling with additional grease.

### Mud, Rain, or Snow Conditions

Before operating the machine, inspect each connector for looseness.

After operating the machine, clean the machine and inspect for missing or loose fasteners. Add oil and lubricating grease as needed.

### **Near Ocean (Salt Air) Environments**

Before operating the machine, inspect for any signs of corrosion. Apply grease where rust is found.

After operating the machine, thoroughly wash away the salt residue, apply grease where rust is found, and perform maintenance carefully on the electrical components to prevent corrosion.

### **Dusty Environments**

Clean the following components:

- Engine air filter: Clean the dust evacuator frequently. Immediately service the air filter and housing if an air filter restriction indicator is displayed. See Check and Replace the Air Filters (See page 5-22.).
- Radiator: Clean the radiator core frequently to prevent blockage.
- Fuel equipment: Drain sediment frequently.
- Fresh-air and recirculation filters: Clean the filters frequently.

#### **Cold Environments**

In cold environments with temperatures below  $32^{\circ}F$  ( $0^{\circ}C$ ) or below), lubricate only with the oils and fuel shown in "Recommended Lubricants, Fuels, and Coolant" on page 5-9. Prior to starting the engine, make sure the battery is fully charged and the battery case and the cables have not cracked.

#### Other Weather Environments

**NOTE:** If there is evidence of overheating of bearings or bushings, loose parts, or rust during regular inspection, increase the frequency of lubrication.

Based on experience and suggestions by lubricating oil suppliers, the lubricating intervals listed in the "Maintenance Schedule" on page 5-11 apply only to normal operating conditions. In harsh environments, including those with dusty and corrosive air, abnormal external temperature, extremely heavy overload, frequent operating times, longtime duty cycle, etc., lubricating intervals should be shortened. Always follow the "Maintenance Schedule" on page 5-11 until enough experience is obtained to establish a new schedule.

# **Check the Maintenance Log**

The maintenance log lists regularly scheduled maintenance that should be performed by the operator or service personnel. All maintenance performed on the machine must be recorded in the maintenance log.

# **Daily Inspection and Maintenance**

Do the following before operation with the engine off:

- Perform daily service as necessary.
- Inspect the machine for loose or missing components.
- Clean the cab.
- Check all controls for smooth operation and make sure they return to the neutral position.
- Make sure all safety decals are in place and are legible.
- Make sure safety equipment is in place and in operating condition.
- Check for fluid leaks.

Check the following during operation with the engine running:

- Monitor the control panel for normal machine operating parameters.
- Make sure that the machine operates normally.
- Check for fluid leaks.

Check the following after operation with the engine off and cool:

- Check service points for wear or damage.
- Clean the cab.
- Check for fluid leaks.
- Check for loose or missing fasteners and components.

# RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS, FUELS, AND COOLANT

### **NOTICE!**

Never mix lubricants of different types or viscosities (weights), and never overfill the system that is being serviced. Failure to follow these standards can damage the machine or may cause improper machine operation.

		Ambient Temperature									
Component or System	Oil Type	-22°F	-4°F	14°F	32°F	50°F	68°F	86°F	104°F	122°F	
Oystein		-30°C	-20°C	-10°C	0°C	10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C	50°C	
				SAE 30				30			
Engine	Engine oil			SAE 10W							
Liigiile				SAE 10W-30							
				SAE 15W-40							
Swing machinery, idler,	Gear oil				SAE 30						
final drive	Geal Oil				SAE 15W-40						
	Hydraulic oil			SAE 10W							
				SAE 10W-30							
Hydraulic system				SAE 15W-40							
Try drading by bloth				ISO VG32							
					ISO VG46						
							ISO VG				
	Diesel fuel			ASTM D 975 No.2							
Fuel tank				GB252 Super-20 diesel fuel							
				GB252 Super -35 diesel fuel							
Grease fitting	Grease	NLGI No.2									
Cooling system		See the engine manual or contact a SANY dealer for the recommended engine coolant.									

# **Fluid Capacities**

	Capacities							
Model	Fuel Tank	Hydraulic Tank	Engine Oil	Cooling System	Final Drive Lubricant			
SY26U	9 gal. (34 L)	7.9 gal. (30 L)	0.9 gal. (3.4 L)	1.1 gal. (4.1 L)	0.16 gal. (0.6 L)			

- When operating the machine in temperatures below 32°F (0°C), use SAE 10W, SAE 10W-30, or SAE 15W-40 engine oil.
- Sulfur oxide is a by-product of diesel fuel combustion. When sulfur oxide combines with water, sulphuric acid
  is created. Always use ultra-low sulfur diesel (ULSD) that contains less than 0.2% sulfur to avoid potential
  engine damage from sulfur oxide.
- If low-quality fuels are used, the oil change interval must be decreased due to shortened engine oil life.

# **Hydraulic Oil Description**

Hydraulic oil is an important part of the hydraulic system. Hydraulic oil lubricates hydraulic system components, carries heat away from components, and contains anti-corrosion additives and detergents.

Hydraulic system malfunctions are often caused by poor machine maintenance practices. Following the guidelines below will result in proper hydraulic system maintenance:

- Do not add any additives to the hydraulic oil.
- Replace hydraulic oil that has been subjected to overheating or damaged components.
- Change the hydraulic filter as recommended.
- Keep the tank full of hydraulic oil.
- Keep the oil cooler free of dust and debris.
- Cap and plug all openings after removing components for service or repair.

### MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

#### NOTICE!

Failure to perform the following procedures when and as directed can cause damage to the machine and cause the machine to operate improperly.

**NOTE:** The lubricating intervals listed in the following tables apply only to normal operating conditions. In harsh environments, including dusty or corrosive air, extreme temperatures, heavy loads, frequent operating times, and long duty cycles, lubricating intervals should be shortened.

# When Required

- Replace primary air filter according to the air filter restriction indicator. (See page 5-22.)
- Check the engine cooling system. (See page 5-26.)
- Check the track tension. (See page 5-41.)
- Inspect the bucket teeth. (See page 5-53.)
- Inspect/replace the bucket. (See page 5-54.)

# Daily or Every 8 Hours

- Lubricate the work equipment (See page 5-47.)
- Inspect the machine for loose or missing components.
- Clean the operator area.
- Check all controls for smooth operation and make sure they return to the neutral position.
- Make sure all safety decals are in place and are legible.
- Make sure safety equipment is in place and in operating condition.
- Check for fluid leaks.
- Check the fuel level. (See page 4-8.)
- Check the engine oil level. (See page 4-7.)
- Check the engine coolant level. (See page 4-6.)
- Check the hydraulic oil level. (See page 4-10.)
- Drain water from the fuel/water separator. (See page 4-9.)

- Check the air cleaner. (See page 5-22.)
- Check if the engine fan belt is loose or damaged. (See page 5-20.)

### **After the First 50 Hours**

• Initial change of the engine oil and filter. (See page 5-18.)

### **Weekly or Every 50 Hours**

- Check the battery. (See page 5-30.)
- Check the hydraulic hoses, lines, and connectors. (See page 5-40.)
- Check the final drive motor mounting fasteners. (See page 5-46.)
- Check and adjust the track tension. (See page 5-41.)

# **Every 100 Hours**

• Lubricate the machine. (See page 5-15.)

### After the First 150 Hours

• Initial replacement of the hydraulic oil return filter. (See page 5-36.)

### After the First 250 Hours

- Change the engine oil and filter. (See page 5-18.)
- Collect final drive oil sample (both). (See page 5-46.)
- Change final drive oil in both sides. (See page 5-45.)

# **Every 250 Hours**

- Change the engine oil and filter. (See page 5-18.)
- Check the track tension. (See page 5-41.)
- Inspect the engine coolant pump. (See page 5-25.)
- Check fan belt. (See page 5-20.)
- Check the doors and hood. (See page 3-32.)
- With breaker operating above 50%, replace the hydraulic oil return filter. (See page 5-36.) Otherwise, see "Hydraulic Breaker Maintenance Interval" on page 5-14.

# **Every 3 Months or 500 Hours**

- Clean and check the upper structure and undercarriage.
- Lubricate the swing gear and swing bearing. (See page 5-50.)
- Replace the secondary fuel filter. (See page 5-28.)
- Replace the primary fuel filter element. (See page 29.)
- Inspect and clean the cooling package. (See page 5-26.)
- Replace the secondary air filter. (See page 5-22.)
- Collect oil sample from each final drive. (See page 5-46.)
- Collect engine oil sample. (See page 5-19.)
- Collect hydraulic oil sample. (See page 5-40.)

# **Every 6 Months or 1000 Hours**

- Check the fuel tank strainer. (See page 5-5.)
- Check the fuel lines for leaks or damage. Replace as necessary.
- Check the accumulator function. (See page 5-32.)
- Replace the hydraulic oil return filter. (See page 5-36.)
- Replace the hydraulic oil pilot filter. (See page 5-35.)
- Replace the hydraulic tank breather filter element. (See page 5-34.)
- Check the swing drive fasteners. (See "Check the Swing Drive Gearbox Mounting Fasteners" on page 5-41.)

# **Annually or Every 2000 Hours**

- Pressure wash and clean the entire machine. Do a complete machine structural inspection.
- Inspect the alternator. (See page 5-21.)
- Inspect the starter. (See page 5-21.)
- Change the engine coolant. (See page 5-24.)
- Check the engine valve clearance. (Contact a SANY dealer for more information.)
- Change the hydraulic oil. (See page 5-39.)

- Clean the hydraulic oil suction strainer. (See page 5-37.)
- Change the final drive oil. (See page 5-45.)

**NOTE:** Record the completion of all maintenance tasks in the maintenance log. If authorized, remove all lockout/tagout warnings and machine-securing elements and fully activate the machine. Return the machine to operation.

# **Hydraulic Breaker Maintenance Interval**

Hydraulic oil breaks down faster on machines equipped with a hydraulic breaker than on machines equipped with a bucket. Follow the steps below to set the service intervals:

- 1. Initial replacement of the hydraulic filter must be carried out at 150 hours.
- 2. Hydraulic oil return filter must be replaced every 250 hours with a breaker operating rate above 50%.
- 3. Change the hydraulic oil according to the change interval shown in the chart.

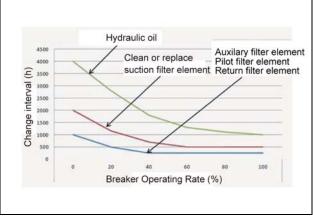


Fig. 5-1 0001636

# **Lubrication and Maintenance Charts**

Lubricants are used to minimize wear between moving parts. Insufficient lubrication will lead to excessive wear and damage to components. Engine oil is critical for engine operation. Never use lubricants that are not SANY-approved.

Clean grease fittings before applying grease. Use a grease gun to pump grease into the fitting and pump until old grease begins to escape. Clean off any grease that has been pushed out.

Shown below are the lubrication points that must be maintained according to the lubrication chart. See "Lubrication Points" on page 5-47.

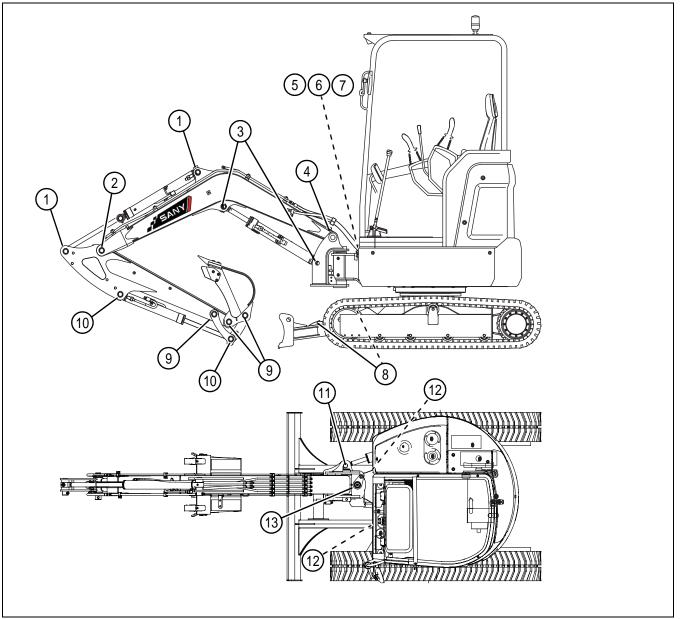


Fig. 5-2 0003217

	Lubrication Chart						
Item	Maintenance Items	Qty.		Lubricant			
iteiii			Daily	100 hr.	250 hr.	500 hr.	Lubricant
1	Arm cylinder pins	2		0			Grease
2	Boom-arm connecting pin	1		0			
3	Boom cylinder pins	2		0			
4	Boom pin	1		0			
5	Swing bearing	1		0		0	
6	Swing gear	1				0	
7	Boom swing cylinder base end pin	1		0			
8	Dozer blade cylinder pins	2		0			
9	Bucket linkage pins	3	0				
10	Bucket cylinder pin	4	0				
11	Boom swing cylinder rod end pin	1		0			
12	Dozer blade linkage pins	2		0			
13	Boom swing pin	2			0		

Replacement Item Intervals								
Replacement Items	When Required	8 hr.	50 hr.	100 hr.	250 hr.	500 hr.	1000 hr.	2000 hr.
Engine oil and filter		0	<b>A</b>		Δ			
Engine coolant		0						$\triangle$
Fuel/water separator element						Δ		
Secondary Fuel filter						$\triangle$		
Primary air filter	Δ							
Secondary air filter						$\triangle$		
Hydraulic pilot filter							$\triangleright$	
Hydraulic suction strainer	Δ							
Hydraulic tank breather filter							$\triangle$	
Hydraulic return filter				<b>A</b>			$\triangle$	
Hydraulic oil								$\triangle$
Final drive oil								$\triangle$

The charts indicate the service intervals for lubrication, maintenance, and replacement. The following symbols indicate the type of service:

- O Maintenance/Lubrication.
- $\triangle$  Replacement.
- **A** Initial replacement on new machine.
- Clean or drain as applicable.

## MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

# **Engine**



#### **WARNING!**

Maintenance and service must be performed with the engine off unless otherwise indicated.

- Shut off the engine before opening or removing the engine cover.
- Remove the key and turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.



## **CAUTION!**

Do not perform engine maintenance when the engine is hot. Hot engine oil or engine components may cause severe burns. Allow the engine to cool before performing engine maintenance. Failure to follow this caution could result in injury.

### **Engine Inspection**

Always turn off the engine and turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF (unless otherwise specified) before inspecting the engine or performing maintenance or service procedures.

Regular inspection of the engine and engine compartment helps identify potential problems and prevents defects that may lead to service interruption and costly repair.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Shut the engine off and open the engine compartment access door.
- 3. Inspect the engine and engine compartment for:
  - Oil, fuel, and engine coolant leaks.
  - Loose fasteners and connections.
  - Worn or loose belts.
  - Damaged hoses and wiring harnesses.

### **Prestart Inspection**

For more information, see "Daily Inspection and Maintenance" on page 5-8.

Prestart Check	Reference				
Check the engine coolant level and top off as necessary.	"Engine Coolant Level Check" on page 4-6				
Check the engine oil level.	"Engine Oil Level Check" on page 4-7				
Check the fuel level and add as necessary.	"Fuel Level Check" on page 4-8				
Drain water from the fuel.	"Check and Drain the Fuel/Water Separator" on page 4-9				
Check hydraulic oil level and add as necessary.	"Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10				
Check the electrical wires and connectors for damage.	"Electrical Components Check" on page 4-11				
Check the horn operation.	"Horn Function Check" on page 4-11				

### **Check the Engine Oil Level**

See "Engine Oil Level Check" on page 4-7.

### **Change the Engine Oil and Filter**

1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of used oil and filter in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

**NOTE:** For the engine oil capacity, see "Fluid Capacities" on page 5-10.

- 2. Place a suitable container under the drain plug (1).
- 3. Remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain.
- 4. Install the drain plug.

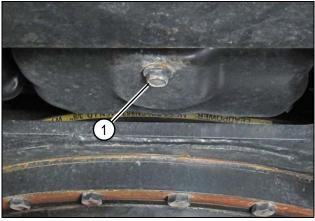


Fig. 5-3

SY26U Excavator OMM

- 5. Open the engine hood and remove the oil filter (2).
- 6. Clean the oil filter housing mating surface as necessary to remove O-ring residue and inspect the threads.
- 7. Apply a thin layer of engine oil to the new oil filter O-ring gasket.
- 8. Install the new oil filter by hand until the oil filter O-ring touches the oil filter housing.

Tighten the oil filter 3/4 to 1 full turn by hand to securely install the oil filter.

**NOTE:** Overtightening the filter may damage the O-ring, resulting in an oil leak.



Fig. 5-4

0003219

- 9. Add engine oil until the oil level is at the upper mark on the dipstick. See "Engine Oil Level Check" on page 4-7.
- 10. Start and run the engine at low idle for 5 minutes.
- 11. Stop the engine and check the engine oil level. Add engine oil as necessary.

### **Collect Engine Oil Sample**

- 1. Obtain an oil analysis sample kit from a SANY dealer.
- 2. Operate the machine until the engine oil is up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

### NOTICE!

It is critical that all material used to collect the sample is absolutely clean. Failure to adhere to this warning can cause equipment damage and contaminate the sample.

- 4. Clean the area around the engine oil dipstick and remove the dipstick.
- 5. Insert the oil sample tube into the dipstick tube and collect a sample of engine oil. Replace the dipstick.
- 6. Send the sample for testing in accordance with the instructions packaged with the sample kit.

# **Check and Adjust the Fan Belt Tension**

### NOTICE!

A loose fan belt may cause improper battery charging, engine overheating, or accelerated fan belt wear. An overtightened fan belt may cause damage to the belt, the bearings in the alternator, and the engine coolant pump.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Remove the four fasteners (1) securing the operator seat base plate. Remove the seat with base plate to access the engine compartment.



Fig. 5-5 0003237

3. Check the fan belt tension by pressing down on the fan belt between the fan pulley (2) and the alternator pulley (3). The fan belt must deflect (4) 0.35 in.–0.47 in. (9 mm–13 mm).

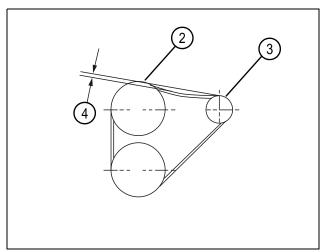
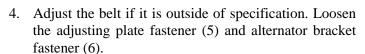


Fig. 5-6 0003092



- 5. Use a lever between the alternator and adjusting plate bracket to properly tension the belt. Hold the alternator in this position and tighten the adjusting plate fastener.
- 6. Tighten the alternator bracket fastener.
- 7. Check the fan belt tension to confirm adjustment.

### Replace the Fan Belt

Visually inspect the condition of the belt. Fan belts that have been exposed to oil or engine coolant, or show signs of damage or wear, must be replaced.



Fig. 5-7

- Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- Remove the operator seat. See "Check and Adjust the Fan Belt Tension" on page 5-20.
- 3. Loosen the adjusting plate fastener (5) and alternator bracket fastener (6). Move the alternator toward the engine until the belt can be removed.
- 4. Install a new fan belt in the reverse order of removal. Adjust the belt tension. See "Check and Adjust the Fan Belt Tension" on page 5-20.
- 5. Run the engine at low idle for 5 minutes and then shut down the machine. Check the belt tension and adjust as needed. Install operator seat.

#### Check the Alternator

Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

Check the alternator for abnormal noise and operation. If the alternator is malfunctioning, the brushes or bearings may have reached the end of their service life and may need to be replaced. Contact a SANY dealer for additional information.

#### Check the Starter

Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

Check the starter motor for abnormal noise and operation. If the starter is malfunctioning, contact a SANY dealer for additional information.

### **Check and Replace the Air Filters**

#### NOTICE!

If you check or replace air filter elements when the engine is running, dirt may enter the engine and cause damage. It is necessary to shut off the engine before conducting this procedure.

#### Check

The air cleaner assembly is equipped with an air filter restriction indicator (1). When the service indicator window is red, air flow through the filter is restricted and the primary air filter element must be replaced. Reset the air filter restriction indicator after servicing by pressing the end of the indicator body.

Replace the secondary air filter every 500 hours.

The dust valve (4) is at the bottom of the end cover (3). When the engine is off, the dust valve should be closed.

**NOTE:** If the dust valve is cracked, torn, remains open, or is missing, dust particles that are normally expelled can reenter the filter housing and deposit themselves on the filter, shortening the air filter service life.

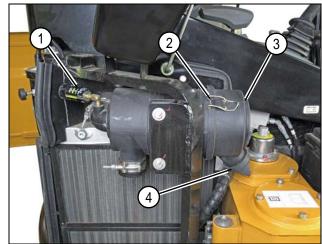


Fig. 5-8 0003221

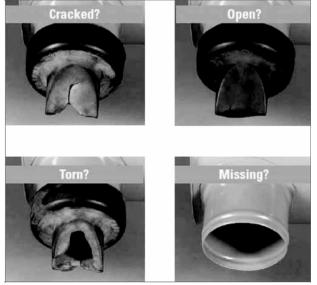


Fig. 5-9 0004113

### Replace

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the right access door.
- 3. Release the two latches (2) and remove the end cover (3).

NOTE: Clean the interior of the housing before removing the primary filter element.

- 4. Remove the primary filter element (6) and then the secondary filter element (5).
- 5. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

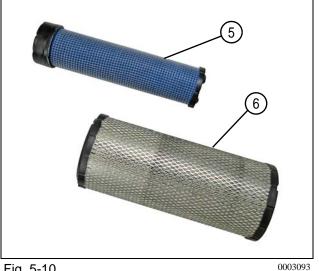


Fig. 5-10

# **Engine Cooling System**

## **Check the Engine Coolant Level**

See "Engine Coolant Level Check" on page 4-6.

## **Change the Engine Coolant**



### **WARNING!**

- Engine coolant is toxic. Avoid inhaling or ingesting engine coolant.
- Do not remove the radiator cap while the engine is hot. Engine coolant is under pressure
  when hot and could spray out. Always wait for the engine to cool before removing the
  radiator cap.

### Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Slowly loosen and remove the radiator cap (1).

**NOTE:** For the engine cooling system capacity, see See "Fluid Capacities" on page 5-10.



Fig. 5-11 000322

- 3. Trace the drain hose (3) from the drain valve (2) to where it exits the bottom of the machine. Place an appropriate container under the drain hose. Open the drain valve and allow the engine coolant to drain.
- 4. Close the drain valve. Add clean water to fill the radiator. Start the engine and run it at low speed until the temperature reaches 194°F (90°C). Run the engine for an additional 10 minutes.
- 5. Stop the engine. Allow the engine to cool and drain the water into an appropriately sized container.

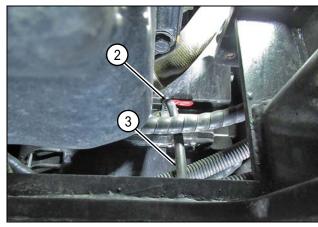
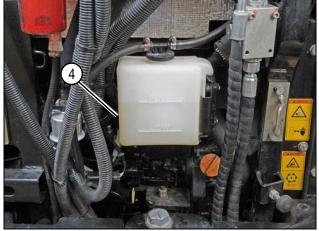


Fig. 5-12 0003223

### NOTICE!

Dispose of the engine coolant in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

- 6. Remove the over flow tank (4) from the machine. Drain the coolant into an appropriate container.
- 7. Close the drain valve. Add new engine coolant until the level reaches the radiator filler opening. With the radiator cap removed, run the engine at low idle for 5 minutes and then at high speed for 5 minutes to bleed air from the cooling system.
- 8. Top off the radiator and fill the over flow tank until the engine coolant is between the FULL and LOW marks.



# **Inspect the Engine Coolant Pump**

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Fig. 5-13 Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Inspect the engine coolant pump for any signs of engine coolant leaks.
- 3. If the fan pulley has any play, the bearings inside the engine coolant pump may be worn and the engine coolant pump may need to be replaced.

### Inspect and Clean the Cooling Package



#### **WARNING!**

- Do not allow compressed air, pressurized water, or steam to come into contact with skin.
   Always wear goggles, gloves, and other personal protective equipment.
- Engine coolant is toxic. Avoid inhaling or ingesting engine coolant.
- Do not remove the radiator cap while the engine is hot. Engine coolant is under pressure
  when hot and could spray out. Always wait for the engine to cool before removing the
  radiator cap.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

- Compressed air, high-pressure water, or steam can damage the cooling fins if the nozzle is too close to the fins. To prevent cooling fin damage, keep the nozzle at a safe distance while cleaning.
- Never direct compressed air, high-pressure water, or steam directly into the cooling fins.
   Damaged cooling fins may lead to leaks and overheating. In dusty environments, inspect the cooling fins daily regardless of the maintenance schedule.
- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the engine hood.

**NOTE:** Maintain a minimum distance of 12 in. (30 cm) from the cooling fins during cleaning.

3. Check the front and rear of the radiator (1) and hydraulic oil cooler (2) for dirt or debris. Use compressed air or pressurized water in the opposite direction of the airflow through the cooling package.

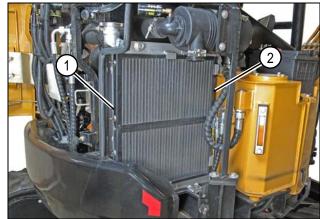


Fig. 5-14 0003

- 4. Check the fins for deformation, corrosion, and cracks after cleaning. Repair the component immediately if damaged cooling fins are found.
- 5. Check the hose clamps. Tighten as necessary.

# **Fuel System**

### **Bleed the Fuel System**

**NOTE:** Air trapped in the fuel system may cause engine starting failure or abnormal running.

After servicing the fuel system or running out of fuel, the key switch should be turned to ON for 2 to 3 minutes before attempting to start the engine. The lift pump will bleed air from the system.

### **Drain the Fuel Tank**



#### **WARNING!**

- Components and oil remain hot when the engine is stopped, which may cause severe burns. Wait until components and oil are cool before you proceed.
- Never service the fuel system near an open flame or while smoking.
- Fuel that comes into contact with hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire. Clean up any fuel spills immediately.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of contaminated fuel or water in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

**NOTE:** Use diesel fuel to clean the inside of the fuel tank. Never use trichloroethane to clean the fuel tank.

1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

**NOTE:** The capacity of the fuel tank is 9 gal. (34 L).

- 2. Locate the fuel drain valve (1) under the right side of the machine. Place a suitable container under the valve to collect the drained fuel.
- 3. Open the shutoff valve to drain water and sediment accumulated on the bottom of the tank. Do not allow the fuel to splash out of the container.
- 4. Close the valve when only clean fuel drains from the Fig. 5-15 fuel tank.



5. If the fuel tank is completely drained, the system must be bled after refilling. See "Bleed the Fuel System" on

SANY

page 5-27.

0003226

### Replace the Secondary Fuel Filter



#### **WARNING!**

- Components and oil remain hot when the engine is stopped, which may cause severe burns. Wait until components and oil are cool before you proceed.
- Never service the fuel system near an open flame or while smoking.
- Fuel that comes into contact with hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire.
   Clean up any fuel spills immediately.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

- Cleanliness is important when working with an open fuel system. Contaminated fuel can result in engine damage.
- Dispose of fuel and filter in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.
- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the engine hood. Place a container under the fuel filter (1) to collect spilled fuel.
- 3. Remove the fuel filter with a filter wrench.

**NOTE:** Always use SANY-approved fuel filters.

- 4. Clean the mounting base of the fuel filter and fill the new fuel filter with clean fuel. Apply a thin film of oil to the O-ring and install the new fuel filter onto the filter housing.
- 5. When the fuel filter O-ring touches the filter housing, turn the fuel filter an additional 1/2 turn. Overtightening the filter may damage the O-ring, resulting in a fuel leak.



Fig. 5-16 0003227

- 6. Bleed trapped air from the fuel system. See "Bleed the Fuel System" on page 5-27.
- 7. Start the engine and check the fuel filter for leaks.

# Drain and Clean the Primary Fuel Filter/Water Separator



#### WARNING!

Components and oil remain hot when the engine is stopped, which may cause severe burns. Wait until components and oil are cool before you proceed.

- Never service the fuel system near an open flame or while smoking.
- Fuel that comes into contact with hot surfaces or electrical components can cause a fire. Clean up any fuel spills immediately.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

- Cleanliness is important when working with an open fuel system. Contaminated fuel can result in engine damage.
- Dispose of fuel and filter in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations.

Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to the environment.

A fuel/water separator separates water and sediment from diesel fuel. Complete the following steps to drain water and sediment from the fuel/water separator:

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the engine hood.
- 3. Turn the fuel shutoff valve (1) 1/4 turn to the OFF position as indicated.
- 4. Route the drain hose (3) into a suitable container. Open the drain valve (2) and drain the water and sediment.

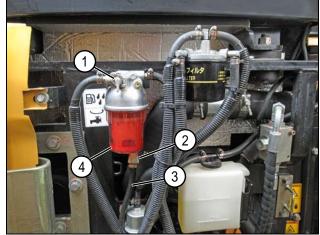


Fig. 5-17

- 5. Close and hand-tighten the drain valve.
- 6. Remove the filter housing (4) and paper filter from the filter housing.
- 7. Clean the filter housing with clean fuel.
- 8. Replace the paper filter and make sure it is securely seated within the filter housing and fill the filter housing with clean fuel.
- 9. Reinstall the filter housing and turn the fuel shutoff valve (1) 1/4 turn to the ON position as indicated.
- 10. Start the engine and check for leaks.

### **Battery**

### **Check the Battery**



#### **WARNING!**

Before proceeding with any battery maintenance procedure, follow and remember these points:

- Battery gases are explosive. Never smoke around batteries or expose them to sparks or open flames.
- Wear personal protective equipment when working with batteries.
- Work in a well-ventilated area.
- If battery acid contacts skin or eyes, flush the area immediately with fresh water and seek medical attention.

Failure to observe and follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

After machine shutdown, wait at least 1 minute for the engine control module (ECM) to complete its shutdown before disconnecting the battery. Failure to observe and follow this notice can damage the machine or cause it to operate improperly.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the right access door and turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF. See "Battery Disconnect Switch" on page 3-31.
- 3. Check the ground (1) and positive (2) terminals for corrosion or loose connections under the protective covers. Clean the area with a mixture of baking soda and warm water and tighten fasteners as needed.
- 4. Wipe down the battery and terminals with a clean cloth.
- 5. Use a corrosion preventing coating on the battery terminals.

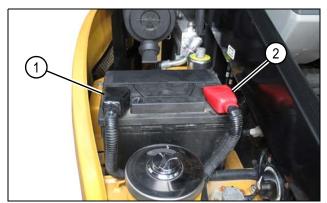


Fig. 5-18 0003233

# Remove the Battery



#### **WARNING!**

Before proceeding with any battery maintenance procedure, follow and remember these points:

- Battery gases are explosive. Never smoke around batteries or expose them to sparks or open flames.
- Wear personal protective equipment when working with batteries.
- · Work in a well-ventilated area.
- If battery acid contacts skin or eyes, flush the area immediately with fresh water and seek medical attention.

Failure to observe and follow this warning could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

After machine shutdown, wait at least 1 minute for the engine control module (ECM) to complete its shutdown before disconnecting the battery. Failure to observe and follow this notice can damage the machine or cause it to operate improperly.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the right access door and turn the battery disconnect switch to OFF. See "Battery Disconnect Switch" on page 3-31.
- 3. Disconnect the ground terminal (1) first, followed by the positive terminal (2).
- 4. Remove the battery clamp fastener (3) and battery clamp.
- 5. Check that all cables and parts are out of the way, then lift the battery out of the battery compartment.
- 6. Clean the battery tray.
- 7. Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Connect the positive terminal first, followed by the ground terminal.



Fig. 5-19

0003235

# **Hydraulic System**

#### **Check the Accumulator Function**

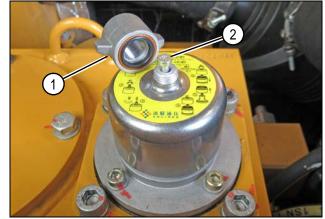
- 1. Lower the work equipment to 18 in.–24 in. (0.45 m–0.6 m) from the ground.
- Shut down the engine.
- Turn the key switch ON. 3.
- 4. Move the hydraulic lockout control lever to the locked (closed) position.
- 5. Fully cycle each pedal, joystick, and travel control lever two to three times within 15 seconds in order to release any pressure remaining in the hydraulic lines.

**NOTE:** If there is no movement, contact a SANY dealer.

### Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure

Relieve pressure before disconnecting or servicing hydraulic system components.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Turn the key switch to ON. Do not start the engine.
- 3. Move the hydraulic lockout control lever to the unlocked (open) position.
- 4. Move all control levers to full stroke in all directions to release internal pressure.
- 5. Turn the key switch to OFF.
- 6. Move the hydraulic lockout control lever to the locked Fig. 5-20 (closed) position.



- 7. Open the right access door.
- 8. Remove the wing nut cover (1) and press the relief valve button (2) to release pressure in the hydraulic tank.

# **Check the Hydraulic Oil Level**

See "Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10.

# **Add Hydraulic Oil**



### **WARNING!**

- Allow the hydraulic system to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The hydraulic tank may be under pressure, and hydraulic oil may be present at the filler cover. Relieve any pressure to prevent injury.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

Filling the hydraulic tank past the recommended maximum level may result in hydraulic system damage.

- 1. Position the work equipment as shown on the hydraulic tank decal. See "Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10.
- 2. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.
- 3. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 4. Remove the hydraulic oil return filter cover. See "Replace the Hydraulic Oil Return Filter" on page 5-36.
- 5. Slowly add hydraulic oil to the return chamber of the hydraulic tank. Monitor the oil level as it is added. See "Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10.
- 6. Reinstall the hydraulic oil return filter cover. See "Replace the Hydraulic Oil Return Filter" on page 5-36.

### Replace the Hydraulic Tank Breather Filter Element



### **WARNING!**

- Allow the hydraulic system to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The hydraulic tank may be under pressure, and hydraulic oil may be present at the filler cover. Relieve any pressure to prevent injury.

### Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Open the right access door.
- 3. Clean around the hydraulic tank breather assembly (4).
- 4. Remove the wing nut cover (1) and press the relief valve button (2) to release pressure in the hydraulic tank.

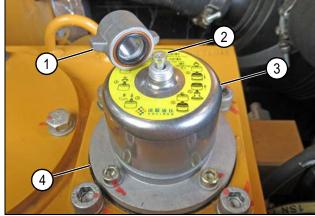


Fig. 5-21 0003126

- 5. Remove and clean the cover (3).
- 6. Inspect the filter element (5). Replace the filter element as needed.
- 7. Install the filter. Tighten the cover and wing nut cover securely.



Dispose of the used filter in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.



Fig. 5-22 0003127

### Replace the Hydraulic Oil Pilot Filter



#### WARNING!

- Allow the hydraulic system to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The hydraulic tank may be under pressure, and hydraulic oil may be present at the filler cover. Relieve any pressure to prevent injury.

### Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.
- 3. Remove the six fasteners (1) securing the left skirt (2) and remove the skirt.

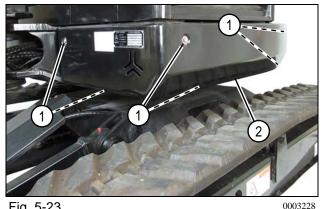


Fig. 5-23

- 4. Place a container under the pilot filter bowl (3) to catch any spilled oil.
- 5. Loosen and remove the pilot filter bowl.

### NOTICE!

Dispose of used oil and filter in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.



Fig. 5-24

- 6. Remove the filter element from the housing. Clean the interior of the housing and bowl.
- 7. Install a new filter element, gasket, and O-ring. Install the filter bowl and tighten securely.
- 8. To purge air from the system, start the engine and run it at low idle for 10 minutes. Check for leaks and then install the left skirt (2).
- 9. Check the hydraulic oil level and add hydraulic oil as needed. See "Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10.

0003231

### Replace the Hydraulic Oil Return Filter



#### **WARNING!**

- Allow the hydraulic system to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The hydraulic tank may be under pressure, and hydraulic oil may be present at the filler cover. Remove the filler cover slowly to relieve any pressure to prevent injury.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

Examine the return filter for metal chips and debris. An excessive amount of bronze and steel chips indicates that the hydraulic pump or a hydraulic motor has been damaged. Rubber debris indicates seal and/or gasket damage. Inspect these components before filling the hydraulic tank and returning the machine to service.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.
- 3. Clean the top of the hydraulic tank and the return filter cover (1).
- 4. Loosen the four fasteners (2) securing the return filter cover. Push the cover down against spring pressure while removing the fasteners. Remove the cover.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of used oil and filter in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

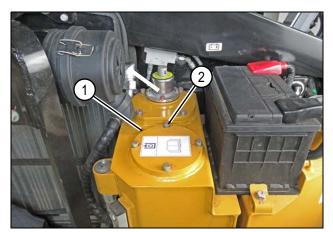


Fig. 5-25 0003233

5. Discard the used spring (3) and return filter (4). Install a new return filter and spring.

- 6. Install a new O-ring for the return filter cover. Tighten the fasteners securely.
- 7. To purge air from the system, start the engine and run it at low idle for 10 minutes.
- 8. Check the hydraulic oil level and add hydraulic oil as needed. See "Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10.

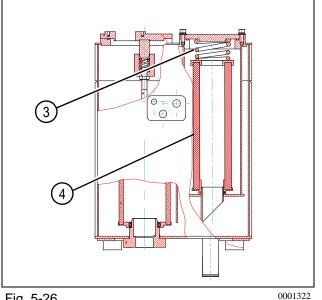


Fig. 5-26

### Clean and Replace the Hydraulic Oil Suction Strainer



#### **WARNING!**

SY26U Excavator OMM

- Allow the hydraulic system to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The hydraulic tank may be under pressure, and hydraulic oil may be present at the filler cover. Remove the filler cover slowly to relieve any pressure to prevent injury.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

### NOTICE!

Dispose of used oil and strainer in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.

- 3. Clean the top of the hydraulic tank and the suction strainer cover (1).
- 4. Loosen the four fasteners (2) securing the suction strainer cover. Push the cover down against spring pressure while removing the fasteners. Remove the cover.

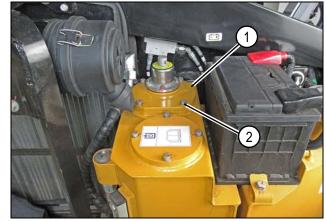


Fig. 5-27 0003233

- 5. Remove the spring (3), rod (4), and suction strainer (5).
- 6. Clean the suction strainer of any contaminants. Inspect and replace if damaged.
- 7. Install the suction strainer to the boss (6) of the hydraulic tank.

**NOTE:** Use the extrusion on the bottom of the cap to hold the spring in place.

- 8. Install a new O-ring for the suction strainer cover. Tighten the fasteners securely.
- 9. To purge air from the system, start the engine and run it at low idle for 10 minutes.
- 10. Check the hydraulic oil level and add hydraulic oil as needed. See "Hydraulic Oil Level Check" on page 4-10.

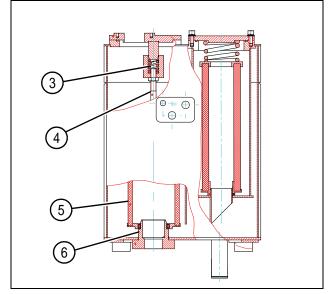


Fig. 5-28 0001322

# Change the Hydraulic Oil



#### **WARNING!**

- Allow the hydraulic system to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The hydraulic tank may be under pressure, and hydraulic oil may be present at the filler cover. Relieve any pressure to prevent injury.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

#### NOTICE!

- If the hydraulic oil is contaminated (discolored or containing debris), change the oil immediately. Find and correct the cause of the contamination before changing the hydraulic oil.
- Dispose of used hydraulic oil in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to follow these notices could result in damage to the environment.

#### NOTE:

- Always use the same type and grade of hydraulic oil.
- Hydraulic oil deteriorates faster on machines equipped with a hydraulic breaker than on machines equipped with a bucket. See "Hydraulic Breaker Maintenance Interval" on page 5-14 for additional information.
- 1. Swing the upper structure 90 degrees clockwise to position the hydraulic oil drain plug between the tracks.
- 2. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 3. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.
- 4. Remove the six fasteners (1) securing the right skirt (2) and remove the skirt.

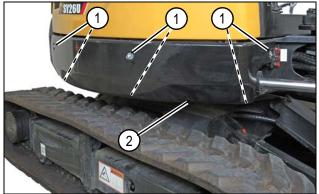


Fig. 5-29

0003229

5. Place a suitable container under the drain plug (3).

**NOTE:** For hydraulic tank capacity, see "Fluid Capacities" on page 5-10.

- 6. Remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain.
- 7. Clean the inside of the hydraulic tank.
- 8. Install and tighten the drain plug.
- 9. Fill the hydraulic tank to the specified level. See "Add Hydraulic Oil" on page 5-33.

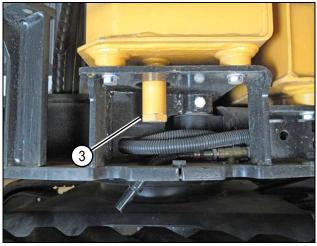


Fig. 5-30 0003238

# **Collect Hydraulic Oil Sample**

- 1. Obtain an oil analysis sample kit from a SANY dealer.
- 2. Operate the machine until the hydraulic oil is up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

#### NOTICE!

It is critical that all material used to collect the sample is absolutely clean. Failure to adhere to this warning can cause equipment damage and contaminate the sample.

- 4. Remove the hydraulic tank breather assembly. See "Add Hydraulic Oil" on page 5-33.
- 5. Insert the oil sample tube into the hydraulic tank and collect a sample of hydraulic oil. Reinstall the hydraulic tank breather assembly.
- 6. Send the sample for testing in accordance with the instructions packaged with the sample kit.

# **Check the Hydraulic Hoses, Lines, and Connectors**

Check all hoses and lines for leaks. Replace damaged or leaking hoses or lines immediately. Any hydraulic pump lines or connectors connected to the engine compartment must be replaced if damaged.

Make sure there is sufficient clearance between all hydraulic lines and hoses and the high-temperature engine components. Make sure there is no friction between them. Make sure all hydraulic lines and hoses do not come in contact with each other.

# **Swing Drive**

## **Check the Swing Drive Gearbox Mounting Fasteners**

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Check the swing drive gearbox for missing or broken mounting fasteners.

**NOTE:** If any fasteners are missing or broken, contact a SANY dealer for repair information.

3. Tighten any loose fasteners.

# **Track Assembly**

### **Check the Track Tension**

#### NOTICE!

Remove gravel or mud buildup between the sprocket and the track before checking track tension.

- 1. Use the bucket as a support to lift the track on one side.
- 2. Rotate the track one full revolution.
- 3. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

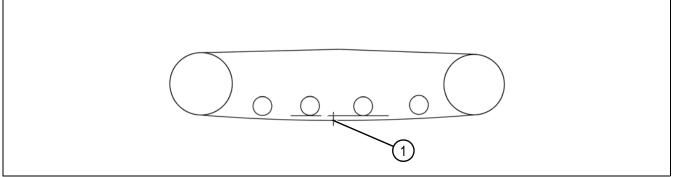


Fig. 5-31 0001642

- 4. Use a straightedge to measure track sag (1) between the tread of the track roller and the rail surface of the track.
- 5. Normal track sag is 0.4 in.–0.8 in. (10 mm–20 mm) for rubber tracks and 0.6 in.–1.0 in. (15 mm–25 mm) for steel tracks. If the track sag is outside of this range, the track tension must be adjusted.

### **Adjust the Track Tension**



#### WARNING!

- Do not loosen the grease fitting! The grease fitting is under extreme pressure and can exit the grease valve and cause serious injury.
- Do not stand directly in front of the grease valve when loosening the valve.

Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.



#### **CAUTION!**

If the track remains too tight after opening the grease valve, or if the track remains too loose after adding grease to the grease fitting, never attempt to remove the track or remove the track adjuster. Pressurized grease inside the track adjuster may cause serious injury if any component is disassembled before pressure is released. If this occurs, contact a SANY dealer for further instructions.

#### Increase the Track Tension

- 1. Use the bucket as a support to lift the track on one side.
- 2. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 3. Make sure that the grease valve (1) is closed tightly.
- 4. Using a grease gun, pump grease into the grease fitting (2) while observing idler movement.
- 5. Rotate the track one full revolution. Check the track tension to confirm adjustment.

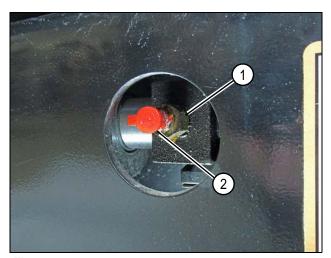


Fig. 5-32 0003239

0003239

**Decrease the Track Tension** 

#### NOTICE!

Remove gravel or mud buildup between the sprocket and the track before reducing track tension.

- 1. Use the bucket as a support to lift the track on one side.
- 2. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 3. Slowly open the grease valve (1) 1 to 1-1/2 turns while observing idler movement. Grease should come out from behind the grease valve.

**NOTE:** If grease does not come out, slowly rotate the track in both directions. When grease begins to flow, stop and continue the adjustment.

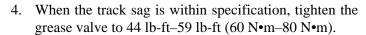




Fig. 5-33

5. Rotate the track one full revolution. Check the track tension to confirm adjustment.

### **Check and Add Final Drive Oil**



### **CAUTION!**

- Allow the final drive to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The final drive gear case may be under pressure. Remove the plugs slowly to prevent injury.

Failure to follow these precautions could result in injury.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of used oil and strainer in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Park the machine to position the drain plug (3) at the bottom of one of the final drives.
- 3. Wait 10 minutes for the gear oil to cool.
- 4. Slowly loosen the oil level plug (2) to relieve any internal pressure.
- 5. The oil should be at or near the lower edge of the oil level plug opening.
- 6. If necessary, remove the fill plug (1) and add oil.

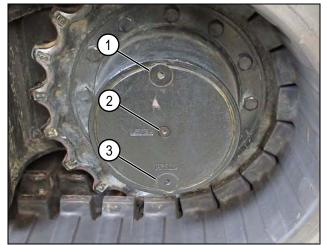


Fig. 5-34

0003128

- 7. Install the oil level and fill plugs and tighten to 12.5 lb-ft (17 N•m).
- 8. Repeat this procedure on the other final drive.

## **Change the Final Drive Oil**



### **CAUTION!**

- Allow the final drive to cool before servicing. Hot oil may cause burns or other serious injury.
- The final drive gear case may be under pressure. Remove the plugs slowly to prevent injury.

Failure to follow these precautions could result in injury.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of used oil and strainer in accordance with all applicable environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

**NOTE:** If the final drive oil is cold, it should be warmed prior to changing. Use the bucket as a support to lift the track on one side. Push the throttle control lever to MIN (low idle) and operate the raised track for 5 minutes. Lower the track.

- 1. Park the machine to position the drain plug (3) at the bottom of one of the final drives.
- 2. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 3. Wait 10 minutes for the gear oil to cool.
- 4. Collect a final drive oil sample. See "Collect Final Drive Oil Sample" on page 5-46.
- 5. Place a suitable container under the final drive.
- 6. Slowly loosen and remove the oil level (2) and fill (1) plugs to relieve any internal pressure.

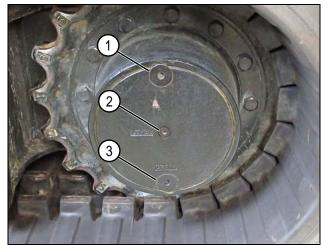


Fig. 5-35

0003128

**NOTE:** For final drive oil capacity, see "Fluid Capacities" on page 5-10.

- 7. Remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain.
- 8. Install the drain plug and tighten to 36 lb-ft (49 N•m).
- 9. Add new gear oil through the fill plug opening. Fill until the gear oil is at the lower edge of the level plug opening.
- 10. Install the oil level and fill plugs. Tighten the plugs to 12.5 lb-ft (17 N•m).
- 11. Repeat this procedure on the other final drive.

### **Collect Final Drive Oil Sample**

- 1. Obtain an oil analysis sample kit from a SANY dealer.
- 2. Operate the machine to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.

#### NOTICE!

It is critical that all material used to collect the sample is absolutely clean. Failure to follow this notice can cause equipment damage and contaminate the sample.

- 4. Remove the final drive check plug. See "Check and Add Final Drive Oil" on page 5-44.
- 5. Insert the oil sample tube into the final drive and collect a sample of final drive oil. Reinstall the final drive check plug.
- 6. Send the sample for testing in accordance with the instructions packaged with the sample kit.

### **Check the Final Drive Motor Mounting Fasteners**

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Remove the final drive cover.
- 3. Inspect all of the final drive mounting fasteners for rust, damage, or looseness.
- 4. Replace any damaged or defective fasteners and tighten any loose fasteners.

**NOTE:** Use thread lock compound when tightening loose fasteners or installing new fasteners.

# Lubrication

### **Lubrication Points**

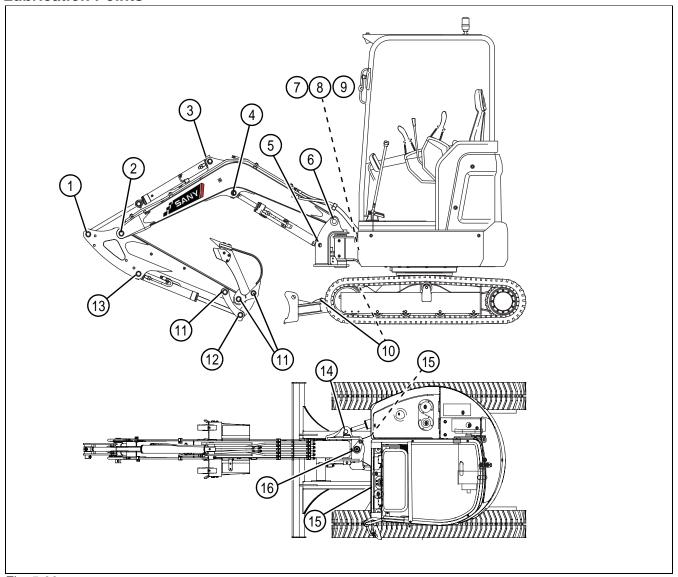


Fig. 5-36 0003217

- 1) Arm cylinder rod end pin (page 5-48)
- 2) Boom-arm connecting pin (page 5-48)
- 3) Arm cylinder base end pin (page 5-49)
- 4) Boom cylinder rod end pin (page 5-49)
- 5) Boom cylinder base end pin (page 5-49)
- 6) Boom pin (page 5-50)
- 7) Swing bearing (page 5-50)
- 8) Swing gear (page 5-50)

- 9) Boom swing cylinder base end pin (page 5-50)
- 10) Dozer blade cylinder end pins (page 5-51)
- 11) Bucket linkage pins (page 5-51)
- 12) Bucket cylinder rod end pin (page 5-51)
- 13) Bucket cylinder base end pin (page 5-52)
- 14) Boom swing cylinder rod end pin (page 5-52)
- 15) Dozer blade linkage pins (page 5-51)
- 16) Boom swing pin (page 5-52)

See "Lubrication and Maintenance Charts" on page 5-15.

A new machine must be greased every 8 hours within the initial 50 service hours.

If the lubricated location produces abnormal noise, additional lubrication is required besides regular maintenance.

More frequent lubrication is required when the machine is operated with heavy optional equipment (e.g., a hydraulic breaker).

After operating in water, grease the machine to expel any water from the lubrication points.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Using a grease gun, pump grease into the grease fittings.
- 3. Clean off all excess grease.

### **Arm Cylinder Rod End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the arm cylinder rod end pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the arm cylinder rod end pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap

Fig. 5-37 0003240

### **Boom-Arm Connecting Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the boom-arm connecting pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the boom-arm connecting pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

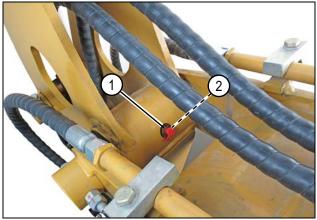


Fig. 5-38 0003241

### **Arm Cylinder Base End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the arm cylinder base end pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the arm cylinder base end pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

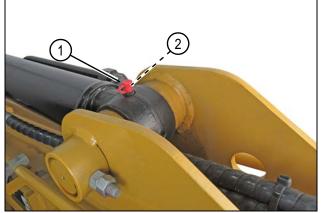


Fig. 5-39

## **Boom Cylinder Rod End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the boom cylinder rod end pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the boom cylinder rod end pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

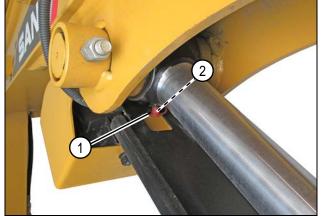


Fig. 5-40 0003243

### **Boom Cylinder Base End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the boom cylinder base end pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the boom cylinder base end pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

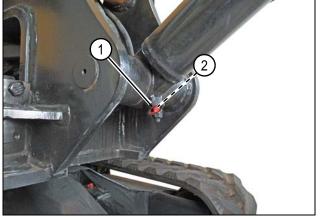


Fig. 5-41

0003244

#### **Boom Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the boom pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the boom pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

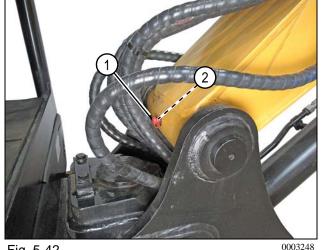


Fig. 5-42

### **Swing Bearing**

1. Remove the grease fitting caps (1) and grease the two fittings on the swing bearing (2).

**NOTE:** Only one fitting is shown. The fittings are 180° offset from each other.

- 2. Start the engine and raise the bucket 0.8 in.—1.2 in. (20 mm-30 mm) above the ground. Swing the upper structure 45 degrees (1/8 turn) in each direction.
- 3. Shut down the engine.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 until grease appears from the swing bearing seal.
- 5. Wipe excess grease from around the grease fittings.

0003246 Fig. 5-43

#### **Swing Gear**

Grease the swing gear (3).

#### **Boom Swing Cylinder Base End Pin**

Grease the boom swing cylinder base end pin (4).

# Dozer Blade Cylinder End and Blade Linkage Pins

**NOTE:** Only one dozer blade linkage pin grease fitting cap is shown.

- 1. Remove the grease fitting caps (1) from the dozer blade cylinder end pins (2) and the dozer blade linkage pins. (3)
- 2. Grease the dozer blade cylinder end pins and the dozer blade linkage pins grease fittings.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fittings.

3. Install the grease fitting caps.

**SY26U Excavator OMM** 

# **Bucket Linkage Pins**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting caps (2) from the bucket linkage pin grease fittings (1).
- 2. Grease the bucket linkage pin grease fittings.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fittings.

Install the grease fitting caps.

# **Bucket Cylinder Rod End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting caps (1) from the bucket cylinder rod end pin grease fittings (2).
- 2. Grease the bucket cylinder rod end pin grease fittings.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fittings.

3. Install the grease fitting caps.

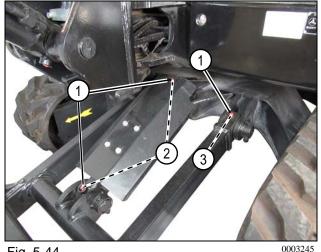


Fig. 5-44

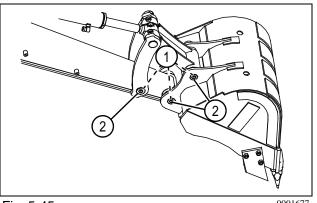


Fig. 5-45

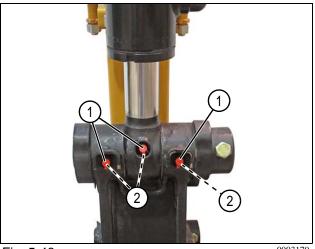


Fig. 5-46

# **Bucket Cylinder Base End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the bucket cylinder base end pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the bucket cylinder base end pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

# **Boom Swing Cylinder Rod End Pin**

- 1. Remove the grease fitting cap (1) from the boom swing cylinder rod end pin grease fitting (2).
- 2. Grease the boom swing cylinder rod end pin grease fitting.

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

3. Install the grease fitting cap.

# **Boom Swing Pin**

**NOTE:** Only one boom swing pin grease fitting cap is shown.

1. Grease the boom swing pin grease fittings (1).

**NOTE:** Wipe excess grease from around the grease fitting.

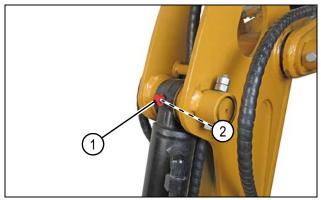


Fig. 5-47 0003253

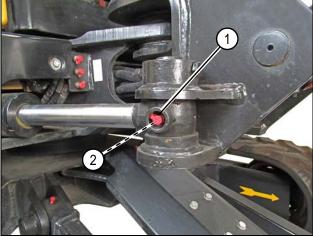


Fig. 5-48 0003247

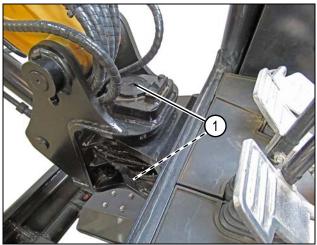


Fig. 5-49 0003254

# Bucket

# **Replace the Bucket Teeth**



# **WARNING!**

- Unexpected machine movement can be dangerous when replacing the bucket teeth. Place the bucket on a stable work surface. Shut down the engine and lock out the control levers.
- Roll pins may eject with extreme force when removed. Do not allow anyone to stand in front of the pins during pin removal.
- Metal fragments from roll pins and tools may break off during roll pin removal and installation. Wear safety goggles, gloves, and other personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent serious injury.

# Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTE:** Bucket teeth must be replaced before the bucket tooth adapter wears out.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Measure the length (2) of the bucket teeth (1). If the bucket teeth are worn more than the service limit dimension, replace the bucket teeth.
  - The dimension of new bucket teeth is 3.5 in. (90 mm).
  - The minimum service limit of bucket teeth is 1.6 in. (40 mm).

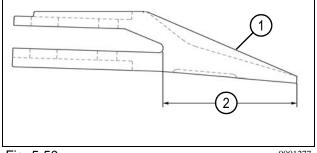


Fig. 5-50 0001277

- 3. Select a stable work surface. Move the hydraulic controls to the locked (closed) position. Keep the bottom of the bucket level on a wooden block (3).
- 4. Remove the roll pins and worn bucket teeth.
- 5. Install new bucket teeth and roll pins in the reverse order of removal.

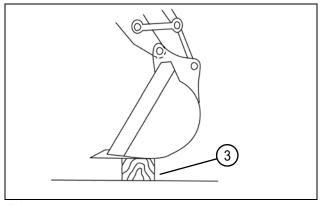


Fig. 5-51 0001284

# Replace the Bucket



### **CAUTION!**

- Keep fingers and other body parts away from pinch points to prevent crushing injuries while removing or installing the bucket. Never put your finger into the pin bore during alignment.
- · Secure buckets after removal and before servicing.
- Bucket pins may be ejected with extreme force when removed forcefully. Do not allow anyone to stand in front of the pins during removal.
- Never stand or place your feet or other body part under the bucket when removing bucket pins.

### Failure to follow these precautions could result in injury.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Support the bucket to prevent it from rolling over when the bucket pin is removed.
- 3. Remove the fasteners and bucket pins (1).
- 4. Remove the bucket from the arm. Clean the pins and pin bores.
- 5. Align the arm with a new bucket. Make sure the bucket is secured and will not move.
- 6. Install the bucket pins. Install the mounting fasteners and pins into the bucket pins.
- 7. Grease the bucket pins.
- 8. Start the engine and run it at low idle. Operate the bucket slowly in both directions to check for binding.

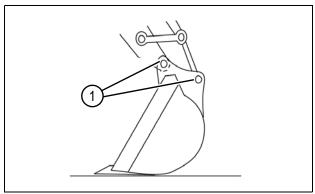


Fig. 5-52 0001650

# **Specifications**

Machine Dimensions	6-2
Working Range	6-3
Technical Specifications	6-5
Lift Chart: Blade Down	6-6
Lift Chart: Blade Up	6-7

# **MACHINE DIMENSIONS**

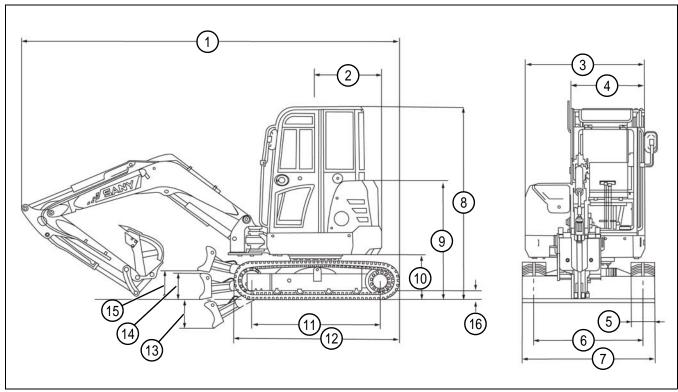


Fig. 6-1 0003761

Item	Description	Dimensions
1	Transport length	14 ft. 1 in. (4.28 m)
2	Tail swing radius	2 ft. 7 in. (775 mm)
3	Upper structure width	4 ft. 6 in. (1.37 m)
4	Canopy width	3 ft. 2 in. (950 mm)
5	Track width (standard shoe)	12 in. (300 mm)
6	Track gauge	4 ft. 1 in. (1.25 m)
7	Transport width	5 ft. 1 in. (1.55 m)
8	Transport height (travel alarm removed)	8 ft. (2.43 m)
9	Engine hood height	4 ft. 10 in. (1.46 m)
10	Swing ground clearance	1 ft. 10 in. (550 mm)
11	Track length on ground	5 ft. 1 in. (1.56 m)
12	Track length	6 ft. 5 in. (1.96 m)
13	Maximum lowering depth of dozer blade	1 ft. 1 in. (330 mm)
14	Dozer blade height	12 in. (300 mm)
15	Maximum ground clearance of dozer blade	1 ft. 2 in. (360 mm)
16	Minimum ground clearance	11 in. (290 mm)

# **WORKING RANGE**

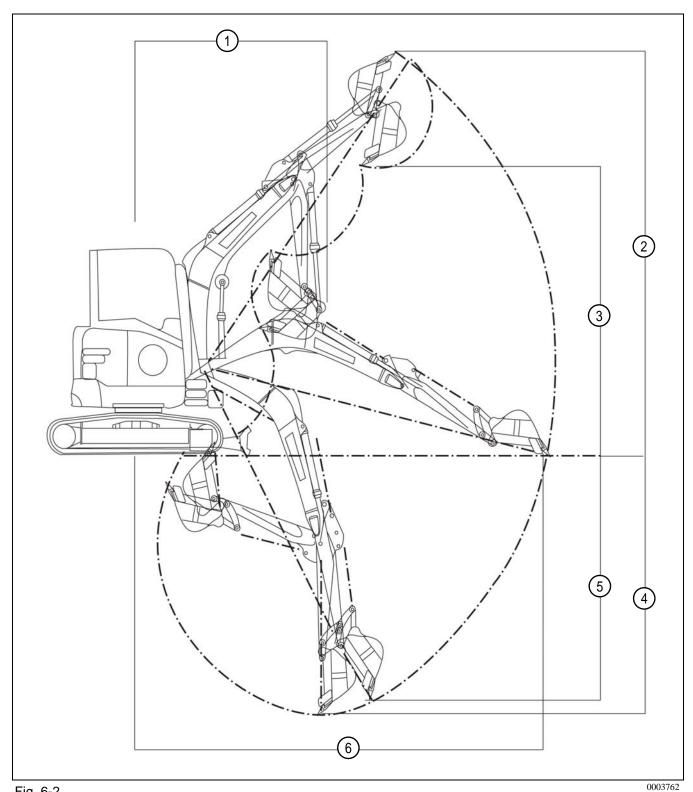


Fig. 6-2

Item	Description	Dimensions
1	Minimum swing radius	6 ft. 11 in. (2110 mm)
2	Maximum digging height	14 ft. 6 in. (4410 mm)
3	Maximum dumping height	10 ft. 2 in. (3100 mm)
4	Maximum digging depth	9 ft. 3 in. (2820 mm)
5	Maximum vertical wall digging depth	8 ft. 6 in. (2585 mm)
6	Maximum reach at ground level	15 ft. 11 in. (4850 mm)
*	Boom length	6 ft. 11 in. (2100 mm)
*	Arm length	4 ft. 3 in. (1300 mm)

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Description	Specifications
Operating weight	6085 lb. (2760 kg)
Ground pressure	3.7 psi (25.5 kPa)
Engine	Yanmar 3TNV80F
Displacement	62.6 in <sup>3</sup> (1.0 L)
Engine rated power	Before SN: SY0021BK01287 – 14.6 kW at 2400 rpm After SN: SY0021BK01288 – 15.2 kW at 2500 rpm
Hydraulics	Load Sensing with Pilot Control
Main hydraulic pump	Axial Piston – Variable Displacement
Operating flow (maximum)	19.0 gal/min (72.0 L/min)
Operating pressure (maximum)	3553 psi (24.5 MPa)
Travel motor	Axial Piston with Park Brake
Travel pressure (maximum)	3553 psi (24.5 MPa)
Travel speeds (maximum)	1.5 / 2.8 mph (2.4 / 4.5 km/hr)
Travel effort (maximum)	4496 lbf (20.0 kN)
Grade capability (maximum)	35°
Swing motor	Axial Piston with Swing Brake
Swing pressure (maximum)	2843 psi (19.6 MPa)
Swing speed	10 rpm
Undercarriage (standard)	Belted Rubber Track
Track shoe width (standard)	12 in. (300 mm)
Track rollers (per side)	3
Carrier Rollers (per side)	1
Bucket capacity	2.11 ft. <sup>3</sup> (0.06 m <sup>3</sup> )

# LIFT CHART: BLADE DOWN

Load Point Height ft. (m)	Rated Capacity lb. (kg)  Load Point Radius ft. (m)								
	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side	
		7	1	<b>→</b>		>-₽	7	>-₽	7
13.1 (4.0)							*1525 (*693)	1285 (584)	
9.8 (3.0)			*1373 (*623)	1043 (470)			*1188 (*540)	803 (365)	
6.6 (2.0)			*1558 (*707)	1010 (459)	*1102 (*501)	620 (282)	*1085 (*493)	620 (282)	
3.3 (1.0)			*2061 (*937)	926 (421)	*1577 (*717)	603 (274)	*1115 (*507)	563 (256)	
0.0 (0.0)	*3346 (*1521)	1573 (715)	*2409 (*1095)	876 (398)	*1610 (*732)	587 (267)	*1280 (*582)	579 (263)	
-3.3 (-1.0)	*3975 (*1807)	1588 (722)	*2226 (*1012)	869 (395)			*1606 (*730)	695 (316)	
-6.6 (-2.0)	*1943 (*883)	1729 (786)					*1340 (*609)	1267 (576)	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates load limited by hydraulic lifting capacity.

**NOTE:** Lift capacities shown are without power boost feature and do not exceed 75% of minimum tipping loads or 87% of hydraulic capacities. These capacities only apply to the machine as originally manufactured and normally equipped by SANY. Lift capacities do not include a bucket and are in compliance with ISO 10567:2007.

**NOTE:** Least stable position is over the side.

**NOTE:** The load point is the centerline of the bucket pivot mounting pin on the arm.

# LIFT CHART: BLADE UP

Load Point Height ft. (m)	Rated Capacity lb. (kg)  Load Point Radius ft. (m)								
	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side	
		<b>→</b>	7	>-₽	7	>-₽	4	>-₽	7
13.1 (4.0)							*1525 (*693)	1285 (584)	
9.8 (3.0)			1241 (564)	1034 (470)			963 (438)	803 (365)	
6.6 (2.0)			1208 (549)	1010 (459)	748 (340)	620 (282)	748 (340)	620 (282)	
3.3 (1.0)			1133 (515)	926 (421)	730 (332)	602 (274)	682 (310)	563 (256)	
0.0 (0.0)	2002 (910)	1573 (715)	1074 (488)	876 (398)	713 (324)	587 (267)	704 (320)	579 (263)	
-3.3 (-1.0)	2017 (917)	1588 (722)	1067 (485)	869 (395)			847 (385)	695 (316)	
-6.6 (-2.0)	*1943 (*883)	1729 (786)					*1340 (*609)	1267 (576)	

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates load limited by hydraulic lifting capacity.

**NOTE:** Lift capacities shown are without power boost feature and do not exceed 75% of minimum tipping loads or 87% of hydraulic capacities. These capacities only apply to the machine as originally manufactured and normally equipped by SANY. Lift capacities do not include a bucket and are in compliance with ISO 10567:2007.

**NOTE:** Least stable position is over the side.

**NOTE:** The load point is the centerline of the bucket pivot mounting pin on the arm.

**This Page Intentionally Left Blank** 

# SANY

# **Optional Equipment**

Optional Equipment Selection	.7-2
Read Equipment Instruction	.7-2
Removal and Installation Precautions	
Equipment Operation Precautions	.7-3
nstall Optional Equipment	.7-4
Remove Optional Equipment	.7-6

# OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT SELECTION

Consult a SANY dealer before installing any optional equipment to the machine. Depending on the type of optional equipment selected, protective structures (such as front guards or top guards) may need to be installed on the machine.

Only install SANY-approved optional equipment. SANY assumes no responsibility for accidents, loss, or failures caused by any optional equipment.

# READ EQUIPMENT INSTRUCTION

Read and understand the optional equipment manual before installing and operating any optional equipment. Do not exceed the manufacturer's specifications for maximum flow and pressure of optional equipment.

If the optional equipment manual is missing or damaged, contact the manufacturer of the optional equipment to obtain a replacement.

# **Removal and Installation Precautions**

#### NOTICE!

The following precautions must be strictly observed when selecting, installing, and operating optional equipment. Failure to observe and follow this notice can cause damage to the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly.

- Follow the instructions in this manual and in the optional equipment manual.
- Remove and install equipment only on a firm, level surface.
- Use an appropriate lifting device when handling heavy objects weighing more than 55 lb. (25 kg).
- Never stand under a suspended load.
- Make sure the machine is well-balanced and supported whenever installing or removing optional equipment.

For additional information about removal and installation of optional equipment, consult a SANY dealer.

# **Equipment Operation Precautions**

### NOTICE!

The following precautions must be strictly observed when selecting, installing, and operating optional equipment. Failure to observe and follow this notice can cause damage to the machine or cause the machine to operate improperly.

- Prior to the operation, move the machine to a safe area and test its operation.
- Be aware of how the machine will move with an optional piece of equipment since the machine's center of gravity and working range may change.
- Make sure the machine is well-balanced.
- Maintain a safe distance from all surrounding barriers during machine operations.
- In order to prevent the machine from tipping over, never swing, lower, or stop the machine suddenly.
- In order to prevent impact that may cause the machine to tip over, never raise or lower the boom suddenly.
- Install front guards on the machine as necessary per the nature of the optional equipment.

# **INSTALL OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT**



#### **WARNING!**

Do not release the equipment unless it is on the ground or on a solid, supportive surface. Block or support the equipment to prevent rolling or tipping. Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

Hydraulic systems operate under extremely high pressure. Escaping hydraulic oil under pressure is dangerous. Always relieve pressure before disconnecting hoses. Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.

#### NOTICE!

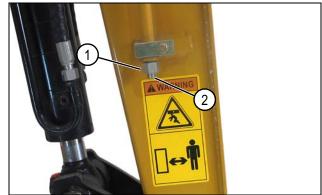
Dispose of hydraulic oil in accordance with local environmental regulations. Failure to do so could damage the environment.

- 3. Place a suitably sized container under the hydraulic connection to catch any residual hydraulic oil.
- 4. Remove the line nut (1) and plug (2) from the hydraulic line.

**NOTE:** Left side shown. Repeat for the right side line.

- 5. Connect the optional equipment to the machine in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Fig. 7-3

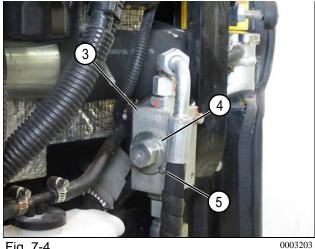
  6. Connect the optional equipment hydraulic lines and bleed the hydraulic system in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.



0004743

7. Adjust the return flow selector valve (3) according to the optional equipment being installed. It is located behind the right front access door. The return flow selector valve regulates the direction of hydraulic oil flow. There are one-way (4) or two-way (5) positions for operating optional equipment.

**NOTE:** A variety of optional one-way and two-way flow equipment is available for use on this machine. A hydraulic breaker is an example of one-way flow equipment; a bucket thumb or shear are examples of two-way flow equipment.



8. Select the correct operating mode from the monitor. See Fig. 7-4 "Operating Mode Screen" on page 3-14.

9. Check the hydraulic oil level. See "Check the Hydraulic Oil Level" on page 5-32.

# REMOVE OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT



#### **WARNING!**

Do not release the equipment unless it is on the ground or on a solid, supportive surface. Block or support the equipment to prevent rolling or tipping. Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

Hydraulic systems operate under extremely high pressure. Escaping hydraulic oil under pressure is dangerous. Always relieve pressure before disconnecting hoses. Failure to follow these warnings could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Prepare the machine for service. See "Maintenance Safety" on page 2-8.
- 2. Relieve system pressure. See "Relieve Hydraulic System Pressure" on page 5-32.

#### NOTICE!

Dispose of the hydraulic oil in accordance with local environmental regulations. Failure to do so could result in damage to the environment.

- 3. Place a suitably sized container under the hydraulic connection to catch any residual hydraulic oil.
- 4. Disconnect the optional equipment hydraulic lines in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 5. Install the line nut (1) and plug (2) to the hydraulic line.

**NOTE:** Left side shown. Repeat for the right-side line.

- 6. Disconnect the optional equipment from the machine in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 7. Adjust the return flow selector valve as necessary. See "Install Optional Equipment" on page 7-4.
- 8. Select the correct operating mode from the monitor. See "Operating Mode Screen" on page 3-14.



Fig. 7-5

0004743

9. Check the hydraulic oil level. See "Check the Hydraulic Oil Level" on page 5-32.





318 Cooper Circle

Peachtree City, Georgia 30269

Fax: 770 632 7820

Sales E-mail: sales@sanyamerica.com

Service E-mail: service@sanyamerica.com

Service Hotline: 470 552 SANY (7269)